

```

1#include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
3using namespace std;
4
5
6
7int main()
8
9{
10    char binario[100000];
11    register int i,j;
12    int n,teste,result;
13    scanf("%s",binario);
14    int tamanho = strlen(binario);
15    multiset<int> res;
16
17    scanf("%d",&n);
18
19    for(j=0;j<n;j++)
20    {
21        scanf("%d",&teste);
22        result =0;
23        for (i = 0; i < tamanho; i++)
24            result = (result*2 + (int)binario[i] - '0') %teste;
25        if(result==0){
26            res.insert(teste);
27        }
28    }
29
30    int s = res.size();
31    if(s==0)
32        printf("Nenhum\n");
33    else {
34        i=0;
35        for (auto k : res){
36            printf("%d%c", k, i == s-1 ? '\n' : ' ');
37            i++;
38        }
39    }
40    return 0;
41}

```

```

1#include <iostream>
2
3using namespace std;
4
5struct v{
6    int bff[1001];
7    int qtdBff=0;
8};
9
10bool visitas[1001];
11
12v alunos[1001];
13int qtdALunos;
14int num;
15int grupos=0;
16bool alone=false;
17
18void rec(int now)
19{
20    visitas[now]=true;
21    for(int i=0;i<alunos[now].qtdBff;i++)
22    {
23        if(!visitas[alunos[now].bff[i]])
24            rec(alunos[now].bff[i]);
25    }
26}
27
28int main()
29{
30    int I,J;
31    cin >> qtdALunos;
32    cin >> num;
33
34    for(int i=1;i<=num;i++)
35    {
36        cin >> I;
37        cin >> J;
38        alunos[I].bff[alunos[I].qtdBff++] = J;
39        alunos[J].bff[alunos[J].qtdBff++] = I;
40    }
41    for(int i=1;i<=qtdALunos;i++)
42    {
43        if(alunos[i].qtdBff==0){
44            grupos++;
45        }
46        else if(!visitas[i])
47        {
48            grupos++;
49            rec(i);
50        }
51    }
52    cout << grupos<<endl;
53
54    return 0;
55}

```

```

1#include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
3using namespace std;
4
5int amod(string num, int a)
6{
7    int res = 0;
8
9    for (int i = 0; i < num.length(); i++)
10        res = (res*2 + (int)num[i] - '0') %a;
11
12    return res;
13}
14
15int main()
16{
17    string binario;
18    int n,i,j,teste,result;
19    cin >> binario;
20
21    multiset<int> res;
22
23    scanf("%d",&n);
24
25    for(j=0;j<n;j++)
26    {
27        scanf("%d",&teste);
28        result = amod(binario,teste);
29        if(result==0){
30            res.insert(teste);
31        }
32    }
33
34    int s = res.size();
35    if(s==0)
36        printf("Nenhum\n");
37    else {
38        i=0;
39        for (auto j : res){
40            printf("%d%c", j, i == s-1 ? '\n' : ' ');
41            i++;
42        }
43    }
44    return 0;
45}
46}

```

```

1#include <iostream>
2
3using namespace std;
4
5struct v
6{
7    int bff[1001];
8    int qtdBff=0;
9};
10
11bool visitas[1001];
12
13v alunos[1001];
14int qtdALunos;
15int num;
16int total;
17int me;
18
19bool alone=false;
20
21void rec(int now)
22{
23    visitas[now]=true;
24    total++;
25    for(int i=0; i<alunos[now].qtdBff; i++)
26    {
27        if(!visitas[alunos[now].bff[i]])
28            rec(alunos[now].bff[i]);
29    }
30}
31
32int main()
33{
34    int I,J;
35
36    while(scanf("%d",&qtdALunos)==1)
37    {
38
39        cin >> num;
40        total=0;
41
42        for (int i=1;i<=qtdALunos ;i++ )
43        {
44            alunos[i].qtdBff=0;
45            visitas[i]=false;
46        }
47
48
49        for(int i=1; i<=num; i++)
50        {
51            cin >> I;
52            cin >> J;
53            alunos[I].bff[alunos[I].qtdBff++] = J;
54            alunos[J].bff[alunos[J].qtdBff++] = I;
55        }
56        cin >> me;
57        rec(me);
58
59        cout << total<<endl;
60    }
61    return 0;
62}

```

```

1#include <iostream>
2#include <cstdlib>
3#include <cstdio>
4using namespace std;
5
6int main()
7{
8    int qtdS,qtdK;
9    bool flag=false;
10   char str[100001];
11   char strK[1001];
12   scanf("%d",&qtdS);
13   getchar();
14
15   for (int i=0;i<qtdS ;i++ )
16   {
17       gets(str);
18       scanf("%d",&qtdK);
19       getchar();
20
21
22       for (int j=0;j<qtdK ;j++ )
23       {
24           gets(strK);
25           for (int k=0;k<100001 ;k++ )
26           {
27               if(str[k]=='\0')
28               {
29                   cout << "n" << endl;
30                   break;
31               }
32               if(str[k]==strK[0])
33               {
34                   flag=true;
35                   for (int l=1;l<1000 ;l++ )
36                   {
37                       if(strK[l]=='\0')
38                           break;
39                       if(str[k+l]!=strK[l])
40                       {
41                           k=k+l-1;
42                           flag=false;
43                           break;
44                       }
45                   }
46                   if(flag)
47                   {
48                       cout << "y" << endl;
49                       break;
50                   }
51               }
52           }
53       }
54   }
55   }
56   }
57   return 0;
58}

```

```
1 entrada = str(input())
2 num = int(str(entrada), 2)
3 qtd = int(input())
4 lista = []
5 for i in range(qtd):
6     divisor = int(input())
7     if(num%divisor==0):
8         lista.append(divisor)
9
10 if(len(lista)==0):
11     print("Nenhum")
12 else:
13     lista.sort()
14     print (' '.join(map(str, lista)))
```

```

1#include <iostream>
2#include<bits/stdc++.h>
3
4using namespace std;
5
6long long int getSum(int BITree[], int index)
7{
8    long long int sum = 0; // Initialize result
9
10   // Traverse ancestors of BITree[index]
11   while (index > 0)
12   {
13       // Add current element of BITree to sum
14       sum += BITree[index];
15
16       // Move index to parent node in getSum View
17       index -= index & (-index);
18   }
19   return sum;
20}
21
22// Updates a node in Binary Index Tree (BITree) at given index
23// in BITree. The given value 'val' is added to BITree[i] and
24// all of its ancestors in tree.
25void updateBIT(int BITree[], int n, int index, int val)
26{
27    // Traverse all ancestors and add 'val'
28    while (index <= n)
29    {
30        // Add 'val' to current node of BI Tree
31        BITree[index] += val;
32
33        // Update index to that of parent in update View
34        index += index & (-index);
35    }
36}
37
38// Returns inversion count arr[0..n-1]
39long long int getCount(int arr[], int n)
40{
41    long long int invcount = 0; // Initialize result
42
43    // Find maximum element in arr[]
44    int maxElement = 0;
45    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
46        if (maxElement < arr[i])
47            maxElement = arr[i];
48
49    // Create a BIT with size equal to maxElement+1 (Extra
50    // one is used so that elements can be directly be
51    // used as index)
52    int BIT[maxElement+1];
53    for (int i=1; i<=maxElement; i++)
54        BIT[i] = 0;
55
56    // Traverse all elements from right.
57    for (int i=0; i<=n-1; i++)
58    {
59        // Get count of elements smaller than arr[i]
60        invcount += getSum(BIT, arr[i]-1);
61
62        // Add current element to BIT
63        updateBIT(BIT, maxElement, arr[i], 1);
64    }
65
66    return invcount;
67}
68
69int main()
70{
71
72    int n;
73    int arr[100000];
74    while(scanf("%d",&n)==1)
75    {
76        for (int i=0; i<n ; i++ )
77        {
78            scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
79        }
80        printf("%lld\n",getCount(arr,n));
81    }

```

```
82     return 0;  
83 }
```



```

1#include <iostream>
2#include <algorithm>
3#include <math.h>
4#include <stack>
5#include <vector>
6#define PI 3.141592653
7
8using namespace std;
9
10typedef struct ponto
11{
12    double x,y;
13    float angulo;
14} ponto;
15
16    vector<ponto> p;
17    vector<ponto> hull;
18
19ponto nP(int x, int y) {
20    ponto p;
21    p.x = x;
22    p.y = y;
23    return p;
24}
25
26double dist(ponto A,ponto B)
27{
28    return sqrt(pow(A.x-B.x,2)+pow(A.y-B.y,2));
29}
30
31bool operator<(const ponto& a, const ponto& b)
32{
33    return a.angulo < b.angulo;
34}
35
36float ccw(ponto p1,ponto p2,ponto p3)
37{
38    return (p2.x - p1.x)*(p3.y - p1.y) - (p2.y - p1.y)*(p3.x - p1.x);
39}
40
41float anglePa(int x1,int y1,int x2,int y2)
42{
43    return abs((atan2( y2-y1,x2-x1 ))* 180 /PI);
44}
45
46float angulo(ponto A,ponto B)
47{
48    return anglePa(A.x,A.y,B.x,B.y);
49}
50
51ponto next_to_top(stack<ponto> pontos)
52{
53    ponto aux = pontos.top();
54    pontos.pop();
55    ponto next = pontos.top();
56    pontos.push(aux);
57    return next;
58}
59
60int main()
61{
62    int qtd,tY,tX,iM;
63    int menorY;
64    double mais=0.0,menos=0.0;
65    double area;
66    stack<ponto> pontos;
67
68    //ponto p[100001];
69
70
71    scanf("%d",&qtd);
72    p.clear();hull.clear();
73    hull.reserve(qtd);
74    p.reserve(qtd);
75    pontos=stack<ponto>();
76    mais=0.0;menos=0.0;
77    menorY=10001;
78    iM=0;
79    for (int i=0; i<qtd ; i++)
80    {
81        cin >> tX >> tY;

```

```

82
83     if(tY<menorY)
84     {
85         menorY=tY;
86         iM=i;
87     }
88     p.push_back(nP(tX,tY));
89 }
90 swap(p[iM],p[0]);
91 p[0].angulo=0;
92 for (int i=1; i<qtd ; i++ )
93 {
94     p[i].angulo = angulo(p[0],p[i]);
95 }
96
97 //sort(p+1,p+qtd,[](ponto pA,ponto pB){return pA.angulo > pB.angulo;});
98 sort(p.begin()+1,p.end());
99
100
101 for (int i=1; i<p.size()-1 ; i++ )
102 {
103     if(p[i].angulo==p[i+1].angulo){
104         if(dist(p[i],p[0])>dist(p[i+1],p[0]))
105         {
106             p.erase(p.begin()+i+1);
107         }
108         else
109         {
110             p.erase(p.begin()+i);
111         }
112         if(p[i].angulo==p[i+1].angulo)
113             i--;
114     }
115 }
116 }
117
118 /* for (int i=0; i<p.size() ; i++ )
119 {
120     cout << p[i].x<<" , "<<p[i].y <<endl;
121 }*/
122
123
124
125 pontos = stack<ponto>();
126
127 pontos.push(p[0]);
128 pontos.push(p[1]);
129 pontos.push(p[2]);
130 for (int i=3; i<p.size() ; i++)
131 {
132     while(ccw(next_to_top(pontos),pontos.top(),p[i])<=0)
133         pontos.pop();
134     pontos.push(p[i]);
135 }
136
137
138
139 while(pontos.size())
140 {
141     //cout << pontos.top().x<<" , "<<pontos.top().y<<endl;
142     hull.push_back(pontos.top());
143     pontos.pop();
144 }
145
146 mais += hull[hull.size()-1].x*hull[0].y;
147 menos += hull[0].x*hull[hull.size()-1].y;
148
149 for (int i=0;i<hull.size()-1 ;i++ )
150 {
151     mais += hull[i].x*hull[i+1].y;
152     menos += hull[i+1].x*hull[i].y;
153 }
154
155 area = abs(mais-menos)/2.0;
156 printf("%.2f\n",area);
157
158 return 0;
159}

```

```

1#include <iostream>
2#include <math.h>
3using namespace std;
4
5int main()
6{
7    int n;
8    int v;
9    while(true)
10    {
11        cin >> n;
12        if(n==0)
13            break;
14        else
15        {
16            cout << 1 ;
17            for(int i=2; ; i++)
18            {
19                v = i*i;
20                if(v<=n)
21                    cout << " "<<v;
22                else
23                    break;
24            }
25            cout << endl;
26        }
27    }
28
29
30    }
31
32    return 0;
33}

```

```

1#include <stdio.h>
2
3int main(int argc, char *argv[])
4{
5    long long int N, B;
6
7    scanf("%lld %lld", &N, &B);
8
9    long long int ini = 0, fim = N / 2, meio, X = 0;
10
11    while (ini <= fim)
12    {
13        meio = (ini + fim) / 2;
14        if (4 * meio * (N - meio) < B)
15        {
16            X = meio;
17            ini = meio + 1;
18        }
19        else
20            fim = meio - 1;
21    }
22
23    long long int resto_feijoes = B - 4 * X * (N - X);
24    long long int casca = X + 1;
25    long long int lim = N + (casca - 1) * (-2);
26    long long int coordX = casca, coordY = casca;
27    long long int resto;
28
29
30    if(resto_feijoes >= lim)
31    {
32        resto_feijoes -= lim;
33        coordY += (lim - 1);
34    }
35    else
36    {
37        resto = resto_feijoes % lim;
38        coordY += (resto - 1);
39        resto_feijoes -= resto;
40    }
41
42    if(resto_feijoes > 0)
43    {
44        if(resto_feijoes >= lim - 1)
45        {
46            resto_feijoes -= (lim - 1);
47            coordX += (lim - 1);
48        }
49        else
50        {
51            resto = resto_feijoes % (lim - 1);
52            coordX += resto;
53            resto_feijoes -= resto;
54        }
55
56        if(resto_feijoes > 0)
57        {
58            if(resto_feijoes >= lim - 1)
59            {
60                resto_feijoes -= (lim - 1);
61                coordY -= (lim - 1);
62            }
63            else
64            {
65                resto = resto_feijoes % (lim - 1);
66                coordY -= resto;
67                resto_feijoes -= resto;
68            }
69
70            if(resto_feijoes > 0)
71                coordX -= resto_feijoes;
72        }
73    }
74
75    printf("%lld %lld\n", coordX, coordY);
76
77    return 0;
78}

```

```

1#include <iostream>
2#include <vector>
3using namespace std;
4int qtdF;
5int maxC;
6
7struct caso
8{
9    int nC,nD;
10};
11
12int m[50][50];
13
14vector<caso> frase;
15
16
17int rec(int f, int sD,int sC)
18{
19    int temp=0;
20    int record=0;
21    if(frase[f].nC+sC<=maxC)
22    {
23        sD+=frase[f].nD;
24        sC+=frase[f].nC;
25        if(f==qtdF-1)
26            return sD;
27        for(int i=f+1; i<qtdF; i++)
28        {
29            temp = rec(i,sD,sC);
30            if(temp>record)
31                record = temp;
32        }
33        return record;
34    }
35    else
36    {
37        return sD;
38    }
39 }
40
41}
42
43int main()
44{
45    frase.reserve(50);
46    int record=0,temp,cont=1,tC,tD;
47    while(true)
48    {
49        record =0;
50        cin >> maxC;
51        cin >> qtdF;
52
53        if(maxC==0)
54            break;
55
56        for(int i=0; i<qtdF; i++)
57        {
58            cin >> tC;
59            cin >> tD;
60            if(tC<=maxC)
61            {
62                frase[i].nC = tC;
63                frase[i].nD = tD;
64            }
65            else
66            {
67                qtdF--;
68            }
69        }
70        for(int i=0; i<qtdF; i++)
71        {
72            temp = rec(i,0,0);
73            if(temp>record)
74                record = temp;
75        }
76        cout << "Teste " << cont++<<endl;
77        cout << record << endl<<endl;
78
79    }
80
81

```

```
82     return 0;  
83 }
```