

# CS3103 Assignment Technical Report

## 1. Design Choice

- **gameNetAPI:** reliable UDP with Selective Repeat; unreliable UDP
- **packet design:** see below
- **ack:** SACK (Selective Acknowledgment)
- **synchronization:** concurrent access is synchronized to prevent race conditions
- **skipping rule:** default set to 200 ms; configurable

## 2. GameNetAPI

### Class: ReliableUDP\_API

#### Constructor

```
ReliableUDP_API(local_port: int, remote_host: str | None = None, remote_port: int | None = None)
```

#### Description

Creates a new Reliable UDP endpoint.

If `remote_host` and `remote_port` are specified, the instance can send messages; otherwise, it acts as a **receiver-only** endpoint.

#### Parameters

Name	Type	Description
<code>local_port</code>	<code>int</code>	Local UDP port to bind for listening.
<code>remote_host</code>	<code>str</code> , optional	Remote peer IP or hostname.
<code>remote_port</code>	<code>int</code> , optional	Remote peer UDP port.

#### Example

```
receiver = ReliableUDP_API(local_port=8000)

sender = ReliableUDP_API(local_port=9000, remote_host="127.0.0.1",
remote_port=8000)
```

#### Method: send

```
send(data: bytes, reliable: bool = True) -> None
```

## Description

Sends a message to the remote peer.

- When `reliable=True` (default): uses **reliable channel** with acknowledgments, retransmissions, and ordered delivery.
- When `reliable=False`: uses **unreliable channel**, which sends the packet once without guarantees.

## Parameters

Name	Type	Default	Description
<code>data</code>	<code>bytes</code>	—	Payload to send.
<code>reliable</code>	<code>bool</code>	<code>True</code>	Whether to send via reliable channel.

## Raises

- `RuntimeError`: if called on a receiver-only endpoint (no remote address).

## Example

```
# Reliable message (default)
sender.send(b"Hello, reliable world!")

# Unreliable message
sender.send(b"Quick update", reliable=False)
```

## Method: `receive`

```
receive() -> tuple[int | None, int, bytes] | None
```

## Description

Retrieves the next available message from the internal delivery queue.

This method is **non-blocking** — it returns immediately if no data is available.

## Returns

Type	Description
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Type	Description
(seq, ts_ms, payload)	For reliable packets — includes sequence number and timestamp.
(None, ts_ms, payload)	For unreliable packets — sequence number is None.
None	If no packets are available.

## Example

```
msg = receiver.receive()
if msg is not None:
    seq, ts, data = msg
    print(f"Received: {data} (seq={seq}, ts={ts})")
```

## Method: close

```
close() -> None
```

## Description

Closes the ReliableUDP\_API instance, stops background threads, cancels timers, and closes the underlying UDP socket.

## Example

```
sender.close()
receiver.close()
```

## 3. Test Setup

The testing environment is automated using a Bash script (`test.sh`) that simulates real network behavior and verifies both reliable and unreliable transmission over UDP.

### Overview

The script launches:

1. A **receiver** process running `ReliableUDP_API` in background.
2. Optionally applies `tc netem` on the loopback interface to emulate network conditions such as loss, delay, jitter, and packet reordering.
3. A **sender** process that transmits both reliable and unreliable packets interleaved at a specified rate.

### Configuration Parameters

All parameters can be customized via environment variables before running the script.

Variable	Default	Description
RPORT	6000	Receiver port.
SPORT	6001	Sender local port.
REMOTE_HOST	127.0.0.1	Target host address.
REMOTE_PORT	\$RPORT	Destination port for sender.
USE_NETEM	1	Enable (1) or disable (0) <code>tc netem</code> .
LOSS	10	Packet loss percentage.
DELAY_MS	200	Mean network delay (ms).
JITTER_MS	50	Jitter (ms).
REORDER	20	Packet reorder percentage.
NREL	50	Number of reliable packets to send.
NUNREL	20	Number of unreliable packets to send.
PPS	10	Packets per second.
DURATION	20	Receiver runtime in seconds.

## Test Cases

To validate the functionality and robustness of the Reliable UDP stack, several test cases were designed and executed using the `test.sh` framework.

### 1 Functional Correctness

**Objective:** Verify correct operation of reliable and unreliable channels under normal conditions.

**Setup:**

- No packet loss or delay (`USE_NETEM=0`).
- Sender transmits 20 reliable and 10 unreliable packets.

**Expected Outcome:**

- All reliable packets are received in order.
- Unreliable packets are received immediately but may be interleaved.
- No retransmissions or missing packets are observed.

### 2 Packet Loss Simulation

**Objective:** Test retransmission and Selective Repeat (SR) reliability.

**Setup:**

- Enable `LOSS=10`.
- 50 reliable and 20 unreliable packets.

**Expected Outcome:**

- Lost reliable packets are retransmitted until acknowledged.
- Receiver eventually delivers all reliable packets in order.
- Some unreliable packets are permanently lost.

### 3 Delay and Jitter

**Objective:** Assess timing tolerance and in-order buffering under variable latency.

**Setup:**

- Apply `DELAY_MS=200, JITTER_MS=50, LOSS=0`.
- 40 reliable and 20 unreliable packets at 10 pps.

**Expected Outcome:**

- Receiver handles delayed packets with reordering buffer.
- Delivery latency increases, but sequence integrity is preserved.
- Unreliable packets arrive with non-deterministic delay.

### 4 Packet Reordering

**Objective:** Verify the receiver's buffering and skip-deadline mechanism.

**Setup:**

- Apply `REORDER=20` with default delay.
- Skip deadline set to 200 ms.

**Expected Outcome:**

- Receiver buffers out-of-order packets and delivers them after missing ones or after timeout.
- Logs show skip events when gaps persist beyond deadline.

### 5 High-Load Stress Test

**Objective:** Evaluate stability under high packet rates.

**Setup:**

- `NREL=80, NUNREL=20, PPS=80`.
- Network emulation disabled (`USE_NETEM=0`).

**Expected Outcome:**

- All reliable packets delivered correctly without congestion collapse.
- Receiver prints a continuous sequence of mixed reliable/unreliable packets.

Test result

### 1 Partial sample output

```
[STEP] starting receiver on 0.0.0.0:6000 ...
API (Receiver) listening on ('0.0.0.0', 6000)
[Receiver] up on :6000
[STEP] applying netem on lo: loss=10% delay=200ms ±50ms reorder=20%
[STEP] starting sender from :6001 -> 127.0.0.1:6000
API (Receiver) listening on ('0.0.0.0', 6001)
API (Sender) bound to ('0.0.0.0', 6001), sending to ('127.0.0.1', 6000)
```

```
[Sender] up, sending reliable + unreliable
API (Sender) RETRANSMIT: Seq 0 timed out. Resending.
[Receiver] U seq=- len=3 payload=b'U-0'
API (Sender) RETRANSMIT: Seq 1 timed out. Resending.
API (Sender) RETRANSMIT: Seq 0 timed out. Resending.
...
...
[Receiver] R seq=49 len=4 payload=b'R-49'
API (Sender) RETRANSMIT: Seq 49 timed out. Resending.
API (Sender) RETRANSMIT: Seq 48 timed out. Resending.
API (Sender) RETRANSMIT: Seq 49 timed out. Resending.
API (Sender) RETRANSMIT: Seq 48 timed out. Resending.
API (Sender) Received ACK for 49
API (Sender) RETRANSMIT: Seq 48 timed out. Resending.
API (Sender) RETRANSMIT: Seq 48 timed out. Resending.
API (Sender) Received ACK for 48
Closing API... stopping threads...
API closed.
[Sender] finished: reliable=50, unreliable=20
      Closing API... stopping threads...
API closed.
[Receiver] closed
[ALL DONE] test finished.
[CLEANUP] killing receiver (pid=47692) ...
[CLEANUP] removing tc qdisc from lo ...
[CLEANUP] done.
```

## 2 result for each case

- Functional Correctness: passed
- Packet Loss Simulation: passed
- 3 Delay and Jitter: passed
- 4 Packet Reordering: passed
- 5 High-Load Stress Test: passed

## 4. Packet Header Format

+-----+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
1 byte	2 bytes	4 bytes	
+-----+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+
chan	seq	ts_ms	
+-----+-----+	+-----+	+-----+	+-----+

## 5. Protocol Flowchart

[Sender]

- S0 [Application calls send(data, reliable)]
- S1 {channel type?}

- Reliable
  - S2 [Build packet: DATA\_CHANNEL seq=rsn, ts=now]
  - S3 [Send pkt(DATA)]
  - S4 [Start timer T\_rsn]
  - S5 [Store send\_buffer [rsn]=pkt]
  - S6 [Increment rsn and inflight counter]
- Unreliable
  - SU2 [Build packet: UNREL\_CHANNEL useq, ts=now]
  - SU3 [Send pkt(UNREL)]
  - SU4 [Increment useq]
- Receive ack
  - S7 {{Receive ACK(ack\_num)}}
  - S8 [Cancel timer T\_ack\_num]
  - S9 [Remove ack\_num from send\_buffer]
  - S10 [Free window slot → send from pending queue]
  - S11 {{Timer T\_x expired?}}
  - S12 [Retransmit]
  - S13 [Restart timer for x]
  - end

### [Receiver]

- R0{{Incoming packet?}}
  - R1 {Channel type?}
  - R2 [Unpack header: (chan, seq/-, ts, payload)]
- Reliable Channel
  - R3 [Send ACK(seq)]
  - R4 {seq < next\_expected?}
  - R5 [Ignore duplicate packet]
  - R6 [Cache receive\_buffer[seq]=payload,ts]
  - R7 {{Continuous seq from next\_expected?}}
  - R8 [Deliver to app queue: (seq, ts, payload)]
  - R9 [Increment next\_expected]
  - R10 [If progressed → clear skip\_deadline]
  - R11 {Any gap remaining?}
  - R12 [If not set → set skip\_deadline = now + SKIP\_TIMEOUT]

- Unreliable Channel

RU1 [Deliver directly:(None, ts, payload)]

- Skipping

```
RIdle {{Socket timeout (on_idle)}}
RSk {{Skip deadline reached and gap still missing?}}
RJmp [Skip missing seq: next_expected++]
RClr [Clear skip_deadline]
RTry [Try to deliver continuous packets again]
Reset(If new gap remains)
end
```

## 6. Latency/Jitter/Throughput

run the test in windows 1.37.0.0, with receiver and sender attached to local host, port 6000 6001

Latency:

- Reliable Channel Latency:

Average: 0.20 ms

Min: 0.00 ms

Max: 1.00 ms

- Unreliable Channel Latency:

Average: 0.19 ms

Min: 0.00 ms

Max: 1.00 ms

Jitter:

- Unreliable Channel Jitter (StdDev): 0.39 ms

- Reliable Channel Jitter (StdDev): 0.40 ms

Throughput:

- Total Bytes Received: 3895119

Total Test Duration: 35.01 s

Average Throughput: 890.00 kbps