



- 3. Reduce the number by dividing it by 10.
- 4. Repeat the above steps until the number is reduced to zero.

















Problems



Quiz

Dry-run of above algorithm: Consider an example, N = 58964. Initialize a variable **digitsCount** to zero which will store the count of digits. Keep incrementing *digitsCount* until N is not zero, and reduce it by dividing by 10 at each step.

```
Iteration 1: N not equals to 0
Increment digitsCount, digitsCount = digitsCount + 1.
digitsCount = 0 + 1 = 1.
N = N/10 = 58964/10 = 5896.
Iteration 2: N not equals to 0
Increment digitsCount, digitsCount = digitsCount + 1.
digitsCount = 1 + 1 = 2.
N = N/10 = 5896/10 = 589.
Iteration 3: N not equals to 0
Increment digitsCount, digitsCount = digitsCount + 1.
digitsCount = 2 + 1 = 3.
N = N/10 = 589/10 = 58.
Iteration 4: N not equals to 0
Increment digitsCount, digitsCount = digitsCount + 1.
digitsCount = 3 + 1 = 4.
N = N/10 = 58/10 = 5.
Iteration 5: N not equals to 0
Increment digitsCount, digitsCount = digitsCount + 1.
digitsCount = 4 + 1 = 5.
N = N/10 = 5/10 = 0.
Iteration 6: N becomes equal to 0.
Terminate any further operation.
Return value of digitsCount.
Therefore, number of digits = 5.
```

Analysis of above algorithm: You can clearly see that the number of operations performed in the above solution is equal to the count of digits present in the number. So, the time complexity of the solution is θ (digitsCount).













Problems



Solution 2

Better Solution: A better solution is to use mathematics to solve this problem. The number of digits in a number say N can be easily obtained by using the formula:

number of digits in N =
$$log_{10}(N) + 1$$
.

Derivation: Suppose the number of digits in the number **N** is **K**.

Therefore, we can say that:

$$10^{K-1} <= N < 10^{K}$$

Applying base-10 logarithm to both sides in the above equation, we get:

Therefore,

$$K = floor(log_{10}(N) + 1)$$

Analysis of above algorithm: Since the above algorithm works in a single operation by using two mathematical operations i.e., finding logarithmic and floor value. Therefore, the time complexity of the solution is O(1).



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