# **UML Class Diagram**

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**Unified Modeling Language** (UML) is a tool for visually representing programs. UML can represent many different types of diagrams. In this lab you will practice interpreting and creating one of them: a *class diagram*.

## 1 Interpreting a UML class diagram

#### 1.1 Reading the diagram

Study the following diagram, then answer follow up questions:

Account
- balance : decimal
+ GetBalance():decimal
+ DisplayBalance():void
+ AddFunds(amount:decimal):void
+ Withdraw(amount:decimal):void
=========

- 1. What is the name of this class?
- 2. How many attributes does this class have?
- 3. What is the data type of balance?
- 4. How many methods does this class have?
- 5. What is the significance of + and in the diagram?
- 6. You will notice that there are two similar methods: GetBalance and DisplayBalance
  - based on the name can you interpret the behavior of these methods?
  - can you think of why we might need two such similar methods?

#### 1.2 Implementing the class

Class diagram provides a concise way to represent attributes and methods, but it does not explain the implementation of the methods.

Knowing that:

- 1. GetBalance returns the current value of balance,
- 2. DisplayBalance displays the current balance at the screen formatted as currency,

for example:

Your current balance is \$1,000,000.00 dollars!

- 3. AddFunds increments the current balance value by specified amount, and
- 4. Withdraw reduces balance by specified amount.

implement your version of this class in C#. For completeness, after you are done you should instantiate an object of the class and ensure it works as described.

### 2 Creating your own class diagram

In this next exercise you will practice drawing your own diagram, on paper.

- 1. Draw the UML class diagram of a PreciseRectangle class.
- 2. It should have two attributes: width and length of type double
- 3. It should have eight methods:
  - two setters, two getters (i.e., one for each attribute)
  - ComputeArea method to compute the area of a precise rectangle
  - ComputePerimeter method to compute the perimeter of a precise rectangle
  - Swap method to swap the length and the width of a precise rectangle
  - Multiply method to multiply the length and width of a precise rectangle by an ratio given in argument as an integer (int)

## 3 Pushing Further (Optional)

The following is an independent task, to widen your understanding of UML modelling concepts:

- 1. Class diagrams are just a special case of UML diagram. Have a look at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unified\_Modeling\_Language#Diagrams. In which category are class diagrams: behavior, or structure diagram?
- 2. Besides modelling attributes and methods, class diagrams can also represent relationships between classes. Have a look at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Class\_diagram for more examples of class diagrams and its uses.
- 3. Activity Diagram is another type of UML diagram for representing program actions. You will occasionally see activity diagrams in the lecture notes. Have a look at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Activity \_diagram and try to understand the example: "Activity diagram for a guided brainstorming process".