Operations on Arrays

<https://csci-1301.github.io/about#authors>

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# Operations on numeric arrays

Start by creating a new C# solution.

After creating the solution, declare and initialize an int array called numbers. Initialize the array so that it holds the following values, in the same order:

4, 2, 6, 1, 7, 5, 3, 4, 2, 2, 8, 6, 3, 11, 7, 2, 9, 3, 1, 9, 7

## Displaying values

After declaring and initializing numbers array, write statements to:

1. Display every value left to right
2. Display every value at even indices (skip odd indices)
3. Display all values that are greater than 5

## Counting values

Next, write statements that provide answers to following questions:

1. Count the sum of all numbers then display the result. (The expected answer is 102)
2. Count how many times 7 occurs in numbers, then display that count. Check that your program outputs the correct answer, which you can determine by visually observing the array values.

## Finding values

Now implement statements to answer following questions:

1. Find the *index* of first 7, then display that index. If the value does not exist, display -1 to indicate it was not found. Check that your solution is correct by comparing what you obtain from the program with what you know by visually observing the array.
2. Find the maximum value in numbers. Check that the solution you implement obtains the expected value.

## Evaluate your solution

After implementing these methods, and assuming your program obtained the expected answers, *ideally* the solution still works even if the values in numbers array change, or even if the array length changes.

To test your program, go back to the beginning where you declared numbers array, then change the initialization so that the new array values are:

55, 92, 12, 90, 37, 18, 6, 20, 80, 18, 46, 19, 65, 68, 18

Then re-run the program.

Check that you obtain expected values:

* the sum should now be 644
* since 7 does not occur in the array anymore,
  + count should be 0
  + first index of 7 should be -1
* maximum value is now 92

# Working with two arrays

For this part of lab, create two char arrays, with following values:

char[] chars1 = {'K', 's', 'Q', 'U', 'i', 'N', 'K', 'N', 'h', 't', 'u'};  
char[] chars2 = {'?', 'E', 'U', 'a', 'j', 'X', 'L', 'G', '@', 'L', 'l', 'C', 'w', 'J', 'U' };

Next, write statements that answer the these two questions:

1. Does value 'w' occur in both arrays (true/false)?
2. What is the first value that occurs in both arrays (searching left to right)? If these is no match, display no match.

After completing these two problems, make sure the program answers these questions correctly. The expected results are:

* Does 'w' occur in both arrays -> false
* first value that occurs in both arrays -> U

Again, evaluate your work by changing the array initialization to:

char[] chars1 = {'s', 'p', 'd', 'P', 'y', 'D', 'w', '?'};  
char[] chars2 = {'V', 'D', 'l', 'P', 'w', 'O', 'y', 'k', 'D', 'Z' };

Then run the program again.

Ideally the program should not crash and should still produce correct results:

* Does 'w' occur in both arrays -> true
* first value that occurs in both arrays -> P

If the program does not produce these expected answers after changing the array values, review your program and try to determine how to write a solution that works for \*any\* array values.

# Pushing Further (Optional)

Start with two integer arrays with the following values:

int[] left = { 101, 76, 74, 94, 94 };  
int[] right = { 73, 74, 67, 107, 111, 108, 66 };

Implement statements to merge these two arrays, such that the resulting array contains the following values, in this order:

101, 76, 74, 94, 94, 73, 74, 67, 107, 111, 108, 66

Do not use built-in array methods.