## Segment 說明

```
1
     def segment():
2
             global original_img, original_img_arr
             img\_arr = np.array(original\_img.convert("HSV"))# 0~255
3
4
             purple_lower_bound = np.array([177, 40, 40])
5
             purple_upper_bound = np.array([212, 255, 255])
             mask = cv2.inRange(img_arr, purple_lower_bound, purple_upper_bound)# the \nu
 7
             purple = np.zeros_like(original_img_arr, np.uint8)
8
             purple[mask > 0] = original_img_arr[mask == 255]
             plt.imshow(purple), plt.title("Segment")
10
             plt.show()
```

## 列數

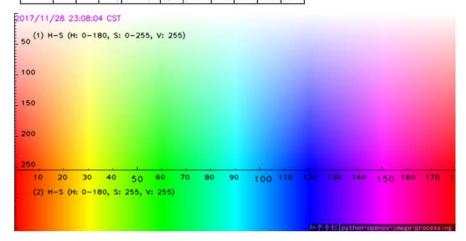
- 1. ...
- 2. ...
- 3. 將讀進的PIL image轉為HSV color space再輸出成numpy array

由於羽毛幾乎為圖中唯一的「紫色」物品·於是建立「紫色」的範圍遮罩·根據色表·Hue範圍在0~180中為(125, 155)·轉為0~255範圍即(177, 212)

- 4. 建立紫色範圍遮罩的lower bound
- 5. 建立紫色範圍遮罩的upper bound
- 6. 建立紫色範圍遮罩,範圍內的值調為255,範圍外為0
- 7. 建立一個與原圖解析相同之零矩陣purple
- 8. 若原圖在紫色範圍遮罩內值為255( > 0) · 就複製到purple上
- 9. ...
- 10. ...

## 色表:

	0	灰 0	自 0	έI		橙	黄	绿	青	蓝	紫
hmin				0	156	11	26	35	78	100	125
hmax	180	180	180	10	180	25	34 ;	77	99	124	155
smin	0	0	0	43		43	43	43	43	43	43
smax	255	43	30	255		255	255	255	255	255	255
vmin	0	46	221	46		46	46	46	46	46	46
vmax	46	220	255	255		255	255	255	255	255	255



## 參考網址:

 $\frac{https://stackoverflow.com/questions/47483951/how-to-define-a-threshold-value-to-detect-only-green-colour-objects-in-an-image (https://stackoverflow.com/questions/47483951/how-to-define-a-threshold-value-to-detect-only-green-colour-objects-in-an-image)}{}$ 

 $\underline{https://www.itread01.com/content/1542732610.html} \ (\underline{https://www.itread01.com/content/1542732610.html}) \ (\underline{https://www.itread01.com/co$