

# Clustering with Monadic Memory

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This notebook demonstrates how to use Monadic Memory for clustering/pooling a large number of SDRs.

## Monadic Memory Algorithm

```
MonadicMemory[f_Symbol, {n_Integer, p_Integer}] :=  
  Module[{overlap, D1, D2, items = 0},  
  
    DyadicMemory[D1, {n, p}];  
    DyadicMemory[D2, {n, p}];  
  
    overlap[a_SparseArray, b_SparseArray] := Total[BitAnd[a, b]];  
  
    (* random SDR *)  
    f[] := SparseArray[ RandomSample[ Range[n], p] → Table[1, p], {n}];  
  
    (* store and recall x *)  
    f[x_SparseArray] := Module[{r, hidden},  
  
      r = D2[D1[D2[D1[x]]]];  
  
      If[HammingDistance[x, r] < p, Return[r]];  
  
      items++;  
      hidden = f[];  
      D1[x → hidden]; D2[hidden → x];  
  
      x  
    ];  
  
    f["Items"] := items;  
  ]
```

## Noise

## Visualization

## Configuration

```
Get[ $UserBaseDirectory <> "/TriadicMemory/dyadicmemoryC.m"]
```

```

n = 1000;
p = 20;

MonadicMemory[ M, {n, p}];

```

## Generate Test Data

Generate k=100 random SDRs ("classes")

```

k = 100;

classes = Table[ M[], k];

```

For each class, make 1000 variations with 4 random bits changed

```

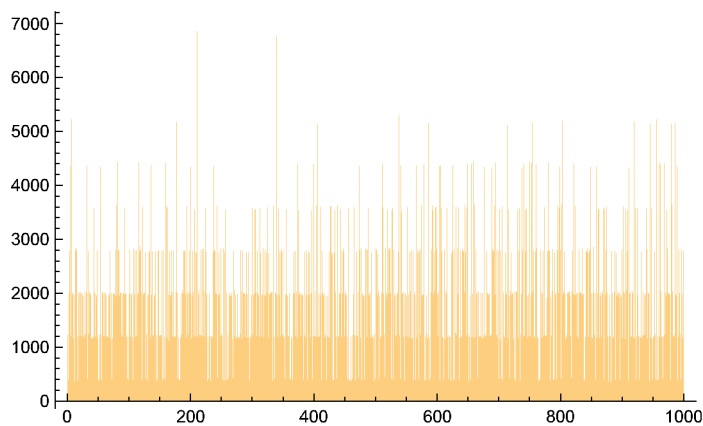
data = RandomSample[
  Flatten[ Table[ SDRNoise[ SDRNoise[#, -4], 4], 1000] & /@ classes, 1]];

pos[x_SparseArray] := Sort[Flatten[x["NonzeroPositions"]]];

Export["data.tsv", pos /@ data];

```

Visualize the distribution of SDR bits in the dataset:



## Write data set to a Monadic Memory

```

M /@ data; // AbsoluteTiming
{155.345, Null}

```

Number of hidden vectors created in the Monadic Memory (slightly more than the number of classes)

```

M["Items"]
105

```

## Write dataset again

```

out = M /@ data; // AbsoluteTiming
{144.324, Null}

```

The number of stored items has slightly increased (the algorithm keeps learning during recall)

```
M["Items"]
```

```
106
```

Number of recalled items (same as length of dataset)

```
Length[out]
```

```
100 000
```

Number of **different** items in output -- this is the number of clusters found. Each SDR from the original dataset has been mapped to a representative SDR from one of the clusters found.

```
Union[pos /@ out] // Length
```

```
111
```