

Austin Therapy Clinic Database in MySQL

Project Documentation

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CSCI E-59 Designing and Developing Relational and NoSQL Databases

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Project Description: The Austin Therapy Clinic database recreates the functionality of a hypothetical a speech - language pathology clinic set in Austin, Texas. The motivation for this project comes from my background working in speech pathology before learning to program and enrolling in the extension school to pursue my ALM in Software Engineering. This database was created in MySQL hosted in an EC2 instance using Amazon Web Services. The database has 9 tables with 14,000+ data entries that breakdown into 5 clinic locations, 35 therapists, 150 clients, 7180 sessions and 7180 generated billing records for each session.

Video Reference: Repository

Entities: The main entities of this project are:

- Clinics – The location where treatment/services are performed.
- Therapists – The clinician and information related to their credentials, specialty and language.
- Clients – The clients that receive treatment in this clinic.
- Sessions – A therapy session and its related information.
- Billing Records – A record that maps to a therapy session used by the clinic to bill for services.
- Languages – The languages of both the therapists and clients.
- Diagnosis – The diagnosis of the client who this clinic services. Maps to the specialty of a therapist.
- Billing Codes – The codes that represents the service this clinic offers.
- Billing Status – The status of a billing record that describes if a service has been paid for, is pending or was canceled and refunded back to the client.

Relationships: Some of the primary relationships between entities:

- Therapists and Clients – from the database design we can see that the therapists and clients both share a relationship to the languages and diagnosis tables. The therapist has a specialty and can deliver treatment in a language that can be mapped to a client's needs. Queries against the data were implemented to reflect this relationship.
- Sessions and Billing records – In the design we can all see that the sessions relationship to the billing records the clinic uses to bill for services.
- Sessions, Locations, Therapists, Clients – We also see a relationship from the sessions table to the clinic where the service occurred, the treating therapist and the client that was treated. Queries were made to reflect this relationship.

Scalability

Pros

The design of this schema allows for the database to scale with data entries in the following ways:

1. New locations could be added to the clinics table if the clinic would like to expand.
2. Therapists and clients could be added easily.
3. New languages and billing codes could be added easily.

Cons

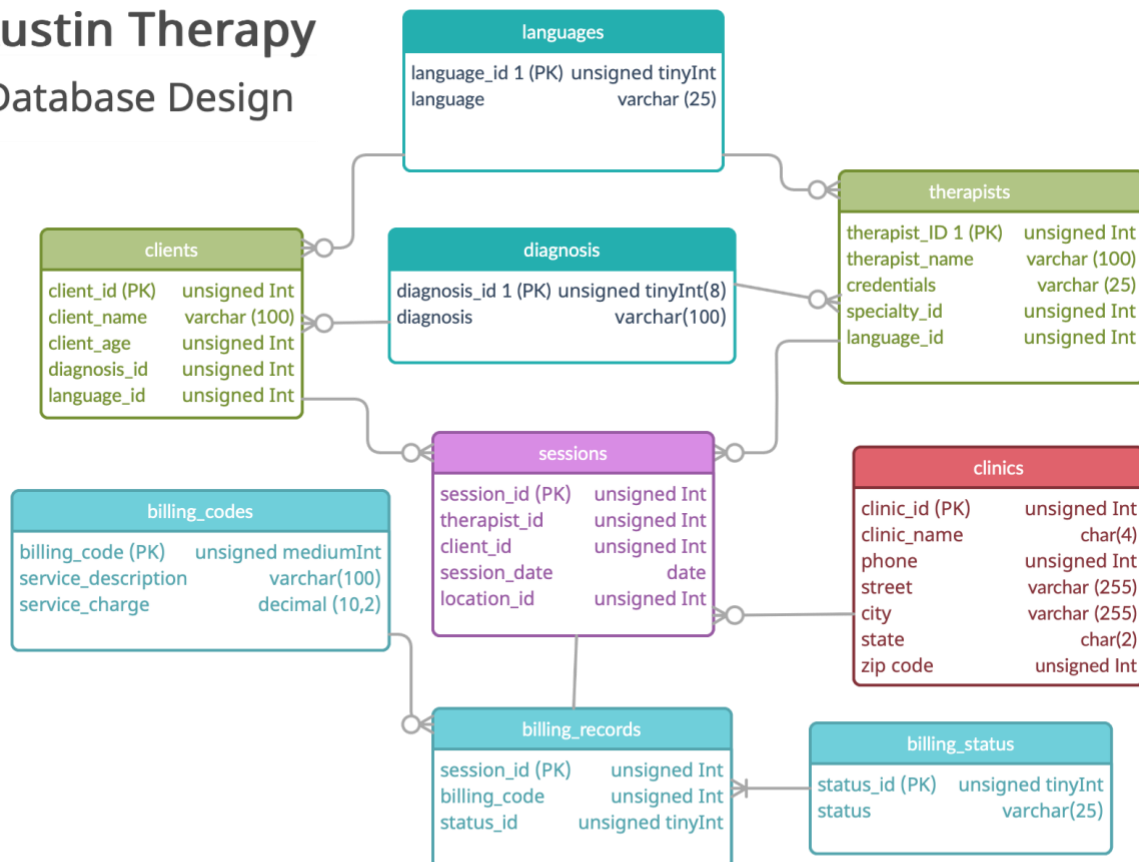
The downside of using a relational database is the rigid structure. One issue found with this database is that it will not provide the flexibility needed to insert more dynamic entries into the sessions table. For example, the clinic would likely want to track more data like therapists' observations, comments, client goals and performance in therapy sessions. This type of data would be much more dynamic as there would be wide variance between each client and session. Entries if this type would vary between 10-20 words to 200-500 words per session. If this clinic treats 150 and each client receives 2 sessions per week, that generates over 40,000 records in one year. Meaning the scale of data would increase exponentially as the clinic expands and perhaps putting strain on the database as this scale occurs.

Procedures and Development Process

Schema Design

Creating a schema design was done in multiple iterations. First, defining the entities and relationships listed above, created a baseline of data to track. The site <https://creatly.com> was used to turn the definitions into a schema with more definition. The following page shows the results this design.

Austin Therapy Database Design



Design by : Arturo Arriaga
Harvard University - Extension School
CSCI E-59, Designing and Developing Relational and NoSQL Databases
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Database Creation within MySQL

Creating the database within MySQL used a combination of MySQL Workspace and EC2 from Amazon Webservices. MySQL was used to formulate the create statements and then they were copied/pasted directly into an EC2 instance running MySQL.

Below are screenshots of the statements used to create the tables.

```
3 #creating table statements
4 • CREATE TABLE `clinics` (
5     `clinic_id` mediumint(8) unsigned NOT NULL auto_increment,
6     `clinic_name` varchar(10) UNIQUE KEY default NULL,
7     `phone` varchar(100) default NULL,
8     `street` varchar(255) default NULL,
9     `city` varchar(255) default NULL,
10    `state` char(2) default NULL,
11    `postalZip` varchar(10) default NULL,
12    PRIMARY KEY (`id`)
13 ) AUTO_INCREMENT=1;
14
15 • CREATE TABLE `clients` (
16     `client_id` mediumint(8) unsigned NOT NULL auto_increment,
17     `client_name` varchar(255) default NULL,
18     `client_age` tinyint unsigned NOT NULL,
19     `diagnosis_id` tinyint unsigned default NULL,
20     `language_id` tinyint unsigned default NULL,
21     PRIMARY KEY (`client_id`)
22 ) AUTO_INCREMENT=1;
23
24 • CREATE TABLE `sessions` (
25     `session_id` mediumint(8) unsigned NOT NULL auto_increment,
26     `client_id` mediumint unsigned NOT NULL,
27     `therapist_id` mediumint unsigned NOT NULL,
28     `session_date` date NOT NULL,
29     `activity_id` mediumint default NULL,
30     PRIMARY KEY (`id`)
31 ) AUTO_INCREMENT=1;
--
```

This screenshot shows the tables after they were created in MySQL.

```
+-----+
| Tables_in_austin_therapy |
+-----+
| billing_codes             |
| billing_records           |
| billing_status            |
| clients                   |
| clinics                   |
| diagnosis                 |
| languages                 |
| sessions                  |
| therapists                |
+-----+
9 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

The following screenshots show a description of each table within MySQL. Note that each description matches the schema design.

```
mysql> desc sessions;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field      | Type                | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| session_id | mediumint unsigned | NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |
| therapist_id | mediumint          | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
| client_id   | mediumint          | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
| session_date | date               | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
| location_id | mediumint          | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> desc billing_records;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field      | Type                | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| session_id | int unsigned        | NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |
| billing_code | int unsigned        | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
| billing_status | int unsigned        | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> desc therapists;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field      | Type                | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| therapist_id | mediumint unsigned | NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |
| clinic_id   | tinyint            | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
| therapist_name | varchar(255)       | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
| credentials | varchar(25)        | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
| specialty_id | tinyint            | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
| language_id | tinyint            | YES  |     | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc languages;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field      | Type                | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| language_id | mediumint unsigned | NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |
| language    | varchar(50)         | NO   | UNI | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> desc diagnosis;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field      | Type                | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| diagnosis_id | mediumint unsigned | NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |
| diagnosis    | varchar(50)         | NO   |     | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> desc billing_status;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field      | Type                | Null | Key | Default | Extra          |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| status_id | mediumint unsigned | NO   | PRI | NULL    | auto_increment |
| status    | varchar(50)         | NO   | UNI | NULL    |                |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> desc clients;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
client_id | mediumint unsigned | NO | PRI | NULL | auto_increment |
client_name | varchar(255) | YES | | NULL | |
client_age | tinyint unsigned | NO | | NULL | |
diagnosis_id | tinyint unsigned | YES | | NULL | |
language_id | tinyint unsigned | YES | | NULL | |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> desc clinics;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
clinic_id | mediumint unsigned | NO | PRI | NULL | auto_increment |
clinic_name | varchar(10) | YES | UNI | NULL | |
phone | varchar(100) | YES | | NULL | |
street | varchar(255) | YES | | NULL | |
city | varchar(255) | YES | | NULL | |
state | char(2) | YES | | NULL | |
postalZip | varchar(10) | YES | | NULL | |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> desc billing_codes;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
billing_code | mediumint unsigned | NO | PRI | NULL | auto_increment |
service_description | varchar(100) | NO | UNI | NULL | |
service_charge | decimal(10,2) | YES | | NULL | |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Data Generation

The data for this project was generated using the following website: generatedata.com. The site allows users to create tables and data types and then uses random generation to populate the rows. The results were downloaded as a .sql file and then copy/pasted into MySQL directly. The site offers free functionality and unlimited data generation for a small fee.

A screenshot of the data generation process.

The screenshot shows the 'Generator' tab of the generatedata.com website. The table being generated is named 'clinics_f'. The interface displays three rows of column definitions:

#	Data Type	Column Name	Examples	Options
1	Auto-increment	session_id	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6...	Start at: 701, Increment: 1
2	Number Range	billing_code	No examples available.	Between 1 and 5
3	Number Range	billing_status	No examples available.	Between 1 and 3

At the bottom, there is an 'Add' button with a value of '1' and a 'ROW' button.

Data Insertion

With data generation complete, MySQL Workbench was used to organize the insert statements and clean up the data. The data was then manually entered into MySQL via AWS/EC2.

Some of the insert statements are shown below.

```
1  #sessions inserts
2  • INSERT INTO `sessions` (`session_id`,`client_id`,`therapist_id`,`session_date`,`activity_id`)
3  VALUES
4      (31,60,17,"2022-04-22 07:17:16",5),
5      (32,60,17,"2022-01-19 18:33:05",9),
6      (33,60,17,"2022-03-29 21:14:30",7),
7      (34,60,17,"2022-03-18 22:29:27",7),
8      (35,60,17,"2022-03-25 11:03:56",8),
9      (36,60,17,"2022-01-30 10:58:08",4),
10     (37,60,17,"2022-03-18 09:25:05",1),
11     (38,60,17,"2022-02-03 19:15:56",9),
12     (39,60,17,"2022-02-17 01:48:16",8),
13     (40,60,17,"2022-04-23 00:24:25",5);
14     ,---,---,
22  • INSERT INTO `billing_records` (`session_id`,`billing_code`,`billing_status`)
23  VALUES
24      (631,1,2),
25      (634,1,2),
26      (637,1,2),
27      (640,1,1),
28      (643,1,1),
29      (646,1,2),
30      (649,1,2),
31      (652,1,2),
32      (655,1,2),
33      (658,1,2);
```


Data Presentation

After data was inserted into MySQL, SELECT statements were used against each table view the results.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM clients ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 20;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| client_id | client_name | client_age | diagnosis_id | language_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 82 | Portia Richmond | 8 | 1 | 1 |
| 40 | Wanda Cabrera | 10 | 3 | 1 |
| 41 | Xyla Baird | 10 | 3 | 1 |
| 30 | Theodore Sharpe | 8 | 5 | 3 |
| 42 | Dominic Bates | 9 | 2 | 3 |
| 76 | Stewart Woodard | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | Cruz Tanner | 13 | 5 | 1 |
| 144 | Lee Daniel | 70 | 10 | 3 |
| 106 | Omar Hatfield | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | Fleur Bond | 9 | 2 | 1 |
| 108 | Arthur Horne | 62 | 10 | 3 |
| 61 | Castor Boone | 6 | 2 | 1 |
| 145 | Shea Henderson | 9 | 3 | 1 |
| 173 | Noah Sellers | 34 | 6 | 1 |
| 136 | Holmes Rodgers | 8 | 2 | 1 |
| 33 | Chantale Carney | 7 | 3 | 2 |
| 119 | Gary Hodge | 11 | 4 | 2 |
| 43 | Maryam Gentry | 9 | 3 | 1 |
| 52 | Azalia Dickson | 7 | 3 | 1 |
| 179 | Daryl Shaw | 16 | 6 | 2 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
20 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM clinics;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| clinic_id | clinic_name | phone | street | city | state | postalZip |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | AUS1 | (737) 667-8720 | 7096 Arcu Street | Austin | TX | 78751 |
| 2 | AUS2 | (737) 338-7742 | 1649 Sollicitudin Road | Austin | TX | 78701 |
| 3 | AUS3 | (737) 230-3637 | 535-6291 Semper Avenue | Austin | TX | 78754 |
| 4 | AUS4 | (737) 941-5888 | Ap #919-1299 Vivamus Ave | Austin | TX | 78732 |
| 5 | AUS5 | (737) 846-7211 | Ap #958-4565 Accumsan St. | Austin | TX | 78701 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM languages;
+-----+-----+
| language_id | language |
+-----+-----+
| 3 | American Sign Language |
| 1 | English |
| 4 | French |
| 2 | Spanish |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM diagnosis;
+-----+-----+
| diagnosis_id | diagnosis |
+-----+-----+
| 1 | Language |
| 2 | Articulation |
| 3 | Phonology |
| 4 | Fluency |
| 5 | Feeding/Swallowing |
| 6 | TBI/Rehab |
| 7 | Autism |
| 8 | Early-Intervention |
| 9 | Accent-Reduction |
| 10 | Geriatric |
+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM billing_records ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 20;
```

session_id	billing_code	billing_status
542	2	2
622	1	2
30	3	2
512	3	3
544	2	1
294	1	3
656	5	2
393	4	1
677	4	2
328	2	1
411	1	3
93	4	1
501	2	2
642	2	1
528	2	1
112	2	1
152	2	3
127	2	1
336	2	2
25	2	1

```
20 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM billing_codes;
```

billing_code	service_description	service_charge
1	Evaluation	350.00
2	Visit	100.00
3	Re-Evaluation	200.00
4	Progress Report	100.00
5	Discharge Evaluation	250.00

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM sessions ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 20;
```

session_id	therapist_id	client_id	session_date	location_id
2	15	67	2021-05-24	2
182	17	69	2021-11-06	2
600	21	116	2022-04-11	5
433	25	59	2022-04-11	4
287	8	15	2022-04-14	1
616	2	1	2022-05-02	1
603	1	12	2022-05-18	1
636	9	8	2022-05-18	1
637	1	9	2022-05-06	1
290	6	24	2022-04-12	1
261	14	33	2022-04-08	2
482	23	85	2022-04-14	4
310	17	49	2022-04-14	2
638	3	8	2022-05-10	1
5	23	148	2021-12-01	4
662	6	35	2022-05-19	1
279	15	36	2022-04-05	2
296	3	15	2022-04-11	1
476	27	97	2022-04-14	3
394	19	33	2022-04-11	2

```
20 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from therapists where credentials = "CCC-SLP"
-> ;
```

therapist_id	clinic_id	therapist_name	credentials	specialty_id	language_id
1	1	Kalia Prince	CCC-SLP	1	1
3	1	Christian Hickman	CCC-SLP	1	1
4	1	Claudia Alvarado	CCC-SLP	1	1
5	1	Abraham Bentley	CCC-SLP	1	1
6	1	Rajah Monroe	CCC-SLP	3	1
12	2	Nell Carey	CCC-SLP	3	1
14	2	Armando Key	CCC-SLP	3	1
16	2	Kaseem Sexton	CCC-SLP	3	2
17	2	Megan Vinson	CCC-SLP	8	2
22	3	Ariana Brewer	CCC-SLP	7	2
24	3	Basia Wong	CCC-SLP	10	2
26	3	Virginia Gray	CCC-SLP	8	2
33	4	Baker Phelps	CCC-SLP	2	2
35	5	Cade Duncan	CCC-SLP	1	1

```
14 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM billing_status;
```

status_id	status
2	COMPLETED
1	PENDING
3	REFUNDED

```
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Max Count of Records

```
mysql> select count(*) from sessions;
```

count(*)
7180

```
1 row in set (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> select count(*) from billing_records;
```

count(*)
7180

```
1 row in set (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> █
```

Data Queries

Queries against my data will model common operations performed at a speech therapist clinic. This includes the following operations:

Query 1 – Searching for a client's sessions.

This query shows the amount of session a client has received.

```
# A query to find a client by client_id
select * from sessions where client_id = 10;
```

Output

session_id	therapist_id	client_id	session_date	location_id
11	6	10	2021-07-17	1
6959	10	10	2021-12-24	1
6967	3	10	2022-03-10	1
6991	10	10	2021-08-21	1
6993	4	10	2022-03-15	1
7029	7	10	2021-11-27	1
7039	10	10	2022-02-02	1
7043	2	10	2022-01-14	1
7063	3	10	2021-07-22	1
7085	8	10	2022-02-28	1
7181	20	10	2022-05-10	4
7183	9	10	2022-05-11	3

169 rows in set (0.00 sec)

A stored procedure was then created to reuse this query and generalize it to all clients.

```
#A stored procedure that generalizes finds all sessions by client_id.
DELIMITER //
• create procedure findSessionsByClientID(IN ID mediumint)
  BEGIN
    SELECT * from sessions where client_id = ID;
  END //
DELIMITER ;

• CALL findSessionsByClientID(10);
• CALL findSessionsByClientID(11);
• CALL findSessionsByClientID(12);
```

Output

```
mysql>
mysql> CALL findSessionsByClientID(120);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| session_id | therapist_id | client_id | session_date | location_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 455 | 28 | 120 | 2022-04-13 | 5 |
| 573 | 30 | 120 | 2022-04-11 | 5 |
| 1664 | 27 | 120 | 2021-07-14 | 4 |
| 2278 | 12 | 120 | 2021-12-30 | 4 |
| 2364 | 13 | 120 | 2021-07-11 | 3 |
| 2624 | 20 | 120 | 2021-10-06 | 3 |
| 2930 | 32 | 120 | 2021-11-02 | 3 |
| 2934 | 19 | 120 | 2021-12-17 | 4 |
| 3246 | 31 | 120 | 2022-02-26 | 3 |
| 3366 | 17 | 120 | 2021-08-21 | 4 |
| 3440 | 28 | 120 | 2022-02-05 | 3 |
| 3504 | 23 | 120 | 2021-05-25 | 4 |
| 3952 | 11 | 120 | 2021-10-12 | 5 |
| 4172 | 26 | 120 | 2021-08-01 | 2 |
| 4230 | 35 | 120 | 2021-08-29 | 4 |
| 4246 | 34 | 120 | 2021-08-30 | 4 |
| 4726 | 18 | 120 | 2022-03-15 | 4 |
| 4814 | 28 | 120 | 2021-10-12 | 2 |
| 5056 | 26 | 120 | 2021-07-16 | 4 |
| 5560 | 20 | 120 | 2021-11-06 | 3 |
| 5718 | 28 | 120 | 2022-03-29 | 5 |
| 6176 | 18 | 120 | 2021-08-25 | 3 |
| 6248 | 34 | 120 | 2021-11-23 | 4 |
| 6576 | 15 | 120 | 2022-02-22 | 2 |
| 7030 | 29 | 120 | 2021-11-14 | 3 |
| 7180 | 20 | 120 | 2021-12-31 | 4 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
26 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

Query 2 – Searching for the sessions performed by a therapist over a date range.

This set of queries returns all sessions a therapist performed over a given range. A variation of this query could be used to determine the clinic's payroll.

A direct simple query against data to the sessions performed by a therapist.

- `select * from sessions where therapist_id = 1 AND session_date BETWEEN '2021-05-03' AND '2022-05-08';`

Output

```
mysql>
mysql> select * from sessions where therapist_id = 1 AND session_date BETWEEN '2021-05-03' AND '2022-05-08' limit 10;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| session_id | therapist_id | client_id | session_date | location_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 6 | 1 | 6 | 2022-02-19 | 1 |
| 56 | 1 | 6 | 2021-11-28 | 1 |
| 61 | 1 | 9 | 2021-09-02 | 1 |
| 98 | 1 | 13 | 2022-01-08 | 1 |
| 101 | 1 | 11 | 2022-03-03 | 1 |
| 166 | 1 | 27 | 2021-07-11 | 1 |
| 613 | 1 | 9 | 2022-05-03 | 1 |
| 634 | 1 | 4 | 2022-05-02 | 1 |
| 637 | 1 | 9 | 2022-05-06 | 1 |
| 643 | 1 | 10 | 2022-05-05 | 1 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Reformatting the data for readability.

```
64  /* A direct complex query with better formatting against the data to find the sessions performed by a therapist
65  over a date range */
66  •  SELECT
67    s.session_id as `Session`,
68    CONCAT(t.therapist_name, '', t.credentials) as `Therapist`,
69    s.client_id as `Client ID`,
70    s.session_date as `Date of Service`,
71    s.location_id `Clinic`
72
73    from sessions as s JOIN therapists as t ON s.therapist_id = t.therapist_id
74    where s.therapist_id = 1 AND s.session_date BETWEEN '2021-05-03' AND '2021-05-08';
```

Output

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Session | Therapist | Client ID | Date of Service | Clinic |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 759 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 13 | 2021-05-04 | 1 |
| 769 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 2 | 2021-05-03 | 1 |
| 859 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 11 | 2021-05-07 | 1 |
| 870 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 5 | 2021-05-08 | 1 |
| 883 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 12 | 2021-05-08 | 1 |
| 934 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 15 | 2021-05-07 | 1 |
| 1050 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 14 | 2021-05-04 | 1 |
| 1053 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 14 | 2021-05-04 | 1 |
| 1080 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 13 | 2021-05-03 | 1 |
| 1090 | Kalia PrinceCCC-SLP | 10 | 2021-05-06 | 1 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Generalizing the query for reuse.

```
76  /* The query generalized into a stored procedure */
77  DELIMITER //
78  • create procedure sessionsByTherapistOverDateRange(IN therapistID mediumint, IN startDate date, IN endDate date)
79  BEGIN
80  SELECT
81  s.session_id as `Session`,
82  CONCAT(t.therapist_name, '', t.credentials) as `Therapist`,
83  s.client_id as `Client ID`,
84  s.session_date as `Date of Service`,
85  s.location_id `Clinic`
86
87  from sessions as s JOIN therapists as t ON s.therapist_id = t.therapist_id
88  where s.therapist_id = therapistID AND s.session_date BETWEEN startDate AND endDate;
89  END //
90  DELIMITER ;
91
92  • #tests
93  CALL sessionsByTherapistOverDateRange(1, '2022-05-01', '2022-05-30');
94  • CALL sessionsByTherapistOverDateRange(10, '2022-02-01', '2022-02-20');
95  • CALL sessionsByTherapistOverDateRange(12, '2022-01-01', '2022-01-24');
```

Output

```
mysql> CALL sessionsByTherapistOverDateRange(12, '2022-01-01', '2022-01-24');
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Session | Therapist          | Client ID | Date of Service | Clinic |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 57      | Nell CareyCCC-SLP | 65        | 2022-01-02      | 2      |
| 87      | Nell CareyCCC-SLP | 60        | 2022-01-13      | 2      |
| 1338    | Nell CareyCCC-SLP | 29        | 2022-01-13      | 5      |
| 1538    | Nell CareyCCC-SLP | 62        | 2022-01-09      | 4      |
| 2498    | Nell CareyCCC-SLP | 94        | 2022-01-24      | 5      |
| 3214    | Nell CareyCCC-SLP | 80        | 2022-01-18      | 5      |
| 3216    | Nell CareyCCC-SLP | 125       | 2022-01-17      | 5      |
| 4012    | Nell CareyCCC-SLP | 118       | 2022-01-08      | 3      |
| 6224    | Nell CareyCCC-SLP | 77        | 2022-01-12      | 4      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Query 3 – Matching a Therapist and Client by Language

These queries attempt to match a therapist and client by language. This would be useful to the clinic to ensure clients receive work with a therapist that can properly address their needs. A variation of this query could be used to match clients and therapists by diagnosis/specialty.

```
99      # Finding a random Therapist By Language
100 •   select * from therapists where language_id = 2 ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 1;
101      # Finding a random Client By Language
102 •   select * from clients where language_id = 2 ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 1;
103
```

Output

```
mysql>
mysql> select * from therapists where language_id = 2 ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 1;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| therapist_id | clinic_id | therapist_name | credentials | specialty_id | language_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|          16 |         2 | Kaseem Sexton | CCC-SLP    |             3 |           2 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from clients where language_id = 2 ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 1;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| client_id | client_name | client_age | diagnosis_id | language_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|        184 | Dorian Sandoval |         29 |           9 |           2 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```


The query generalized into a stored procedure for reuse.

```
9 DELIMITER //
10 • create procedure createSessionWithLanguageMatch( IN clientID mediumint, OUT sessionID mediumint)
11 BEGIN
12 DECLARE nextSessionID mediumint;
13 DECLARE therapistID mediumint;
14 DECLARE clientLanguage mediumint;
15 DECLARE locationID mediumint;
16
17 SET nextSessionID = (SELECT max(session_ID)+1 from sessions);
18 SET clientLanguage = (SELECT language_id from clients where client_id = clientID);
19 SET therapistID = (SELECT therapist_id from therapists where language_id = clientLanguage ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 1);
20 SET locationID = (SELECT clinic_id from clinics ORDER BY RAND() LIMIT 1);
21
22 INSERT INTO sessions (session_id, therapist_id, client_id, session_date, location_id)
23 VALUES(nextSessionID, therapistID, clientID, CURDATE(), locationID);
24
25 SET sessionID = nextSessionID;
26 END //
27 DELIMITER ;
28
```

```
mysql> CALL createSessionWithLanguageMatch(9, @session);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql>
mysql> SELECT * FROM sessions where session_id = @session;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| session_id | therapist_id | client_id | session_date | location_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 7189 | 30 | 9 | 2022-05-11 | 3 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

To test this procedure another stored procedure was created to confirm the match.

```
--
42 • # Test Procedure
43 CALL createSessionWithLanguageMatch(9, @session);
44 # verify language match with this query.
45 • SELECT * FROM sessions where session_id = @session;
46
47 # Use this procedure to confirm the language match.
48 DELIMITER //
49 • CREATE PROCEDURE confirmLanguageMatch(IN therapistID mediumint, IN clientID mediumint)
50 BEGIN
51 SELECT
52 CONCAT(t.therapist_name, ' ', t.credentials) as `Therapist Name`,
53 l.language
54 FROM therapists AS t
55 JOIN languages as l ON t.language_id = l.language_id
56 WHERE t.therapist_id = therapistID;
57
58 SELECT c.client_name, l.language
59 FROM clients AS c
60 JOIN languages as l ON c.language_id = l.language_id
61 WHERE c.client_id = clientID;
62 END //
63 DELIMITER ;
64
65 • # Test
66 CALL confirmLanguageMatch(17,9);
```

Confirming a language match

```
mysql>
mysql> CALL confirmLanguageMatch(30,9);
+-----+-----+
| Therapist Name      | language |
+-----+-----+
| Ira McGowan SLP-A  | Spanish |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

+-----+-----+
| client_name         | language |
+-----+-----+
| Josephine Dickson  | Spanish |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Query 4 – Reformatting Data

This query reformats the therapist table to make the data readable. This could be useful to the clinic to address staffing concerns. From this query the clinic might determine hiring needs address a lack of specialty in their staff.

```
1 # Queries Against the Therapists Table.
2
3 /* The following queries make the therapists table more readable */
4
5 # First lets select the therapists and sort them by their credentials.
6 • SELECT * FROM therapists ORDER BY credentials;
```

We can see from the output that this data could be better formatted for readability.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM therapists ORDER BY credentials;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| therapist_id | clinic_id | therapist_name | credentials | specialty_id | language_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 35 | 5 | Cade Duncan | CCC-SLP | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 1 | Christian Hickman | CCC-SLP | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 1 | Claudia Alvarado | CCC-SLP | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | 1 | Abraham Bentley | CCC-SLP | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | 1 | Rajah Monroe | CCC-SLP | 3 | 1 |
| 26 | 3 | Virginia Gray | CCC-SLP | 8 | 2 |
| 24 | 3 | Basia Wong | CCC-SLP | 10 | 2 |
| 33 | 4 | Baker Phelps | CCC-SLP | 2 | 2 |
| 22 | 3 | Ariana Brewer | CCC-SLP | 7 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | Kalia Prince | CCC-SLP | 1 | 1 |
| 12 | 2 | Nell Carey | CCC-SLP | 3 | 1 |
| 17 | 2 | Megan Vinson | CCC-SLP | 8 | 2 |
| 14 | 2 | Armando Key | CCC-SLP | 3 | 1 |
| 16 | 2 | Kaseem Sexton | CCC-SLP | 3 | 2 |
| 28 | 3 | Lucy Ellison | CCC-SLP/Phd | 5 | 1 |
| 32 | 4 | Phelan Mayo | CCC-SLP/Phd | 2 | 2 |
| 13 | 2 | Tara Whitehead | SLP-A | 2 | 1 |
| 11 | 2 | Joy Briggs | SLP-A | 5 | 1 |
| 19 | 2 | Nomlanga Torres | SLP-A | 9 | 1 |
| 20 | 2 | Duncan Beck | SLP-A | 2 | 1 |
| 10 | 1 | Breanna Bartlett | SLP-A | 4 | 1 |
| 30 | 5 | Ira McGowan | SLP-A | 2 | 2 |
| 8 | 1 | Mira McKay | SLP-A | 1 | 1 |
| 25 | 3 | Kato Rosales | SLP-A | 4 | 1 |
| 34 | 4 | Benjamin Buckley | SLP-A | 4 | 1 |
| 27 | 3 | Shea Avery | SLP-A | 1 | 2 |
| 31 | 4 | Adara Whitehead | SLP-CF | 3 | 1 |
| 18 | 2 | Branden Burns | SLP-CF | 7 | 1 |
| 29 | 5 | Camille Bowen | SLP-CF | 7 | 1 |
| 23 | 3 | Ashton Lott | SLP-CF | 1 | 1 |
| 21 | 3 | Kamal Reynolds | SLP-CF | 3 | 1 |
| 15 | 2 | Kyle Douglas | SLP-CF | 2 | 1 |
| 9 | 1 | Vance O'connor | SLP-CF | 4 | 1 |
| 7 | 1 | Sydnee Weiss | SLP-CF | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | John Carpenter | SLP-CF | 1 | 1 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
35 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
8 # Lets add the Clinics, Languages, and Diagnosis tables to get a better view of our therapists.
9 • SELECT
10 t.therapist_id as `ID`,
11 c.clinic_name as `Clinic`,
12 CONCAT(t.therapist_name, ' ', t.credentials) as `Therapist Name`,
13 l.language as `Language`,
14 d.diagnosis as `Specialty`
15 FROM therapists as t
16 JOIN languages as l ON t.language_id = l.language_id
17 JOIN diagnosis as d ON t.specialty_id = d.diagnosis_id
18 JOIN clinics as c ON t.clinic_id = c.clinic_id
19 ORDER BY `Specialty`;
20
```

After reformatting, the data is easier to read, and management now has a better view of their therapists.

ID	Clinic	Therapist Name	Language	Specialty
19	AUS2	Nomlanga Torres SLP-A	English	Accent-Reduction
20	AUS2	Duncan Beck SLP-A	English	Articulation
33	AUS4	Baker Phelps CCC-SLP	Spanish	Articulation
32	AUS4	Phelan Mayo CCC-SLP/Phd	Spanish	Articulation
30	AUS5	Ira McGowan SLP-A	Spanish	Articulation
15	AUS2	Kyle Douglas SLP-CF	English	Articulation
13	AUS2	Tara Whitehead SLP-A	English	Articulation
22	AUS3	Ariana Brewer CCC-SLP	Spanish	Autism
18	AUS2	Branden Burns SLP-CF	English	Autism
29	AUS5	Camille Bowen SLP-CF	English	Autism
26	AUS3	Virginia Gray CCC-SLP	Spanish	Early-Intervention
17	AUS2	Megan Vinson CCC-SLP	Spanish	Early-Intervention
11	AUS2	Joy Briggs SLP-A	English	Feeding/Swallowing
28	AUS3	Lucy Ellison CCC-SLP/Phd	English	Feeding/Swallowing
10	AUS1	Breanna Bartlett SLP-A	English	Fluency
9	AUS1	Vance O'connor SLP-CF	English	Fluency
25	AUS3	Kato Rosales SLP-A	English	Fluency
34	AUS4	Benjamin Buckley SLP-A	English	Fluency
24	AUS3	Basia Wong CCC-SLP	Spanish	Geriatric
27	AUS3	Shea Avery SLP-A	Spanish	Language
35	AUS5	Cade Duncan CCC-SLP	English	Language
1	AUS1	Kalia Prince CCC-SLP	English	Language
23	AUS3	Ashton Lott SLP-CF	English	Language
8	AUS1	Mira McKay SLP-A	English	Language
7	AUS1	Sydnee Weiss SLP-CF	English	Language
5	AUS1	Abraham Bentley CCC-SLP	English	Language
4	AUS1	Claudia Alvarado CCC-SLP	English	Language
3	AUS1	Christian Hickman CCC-SLP	English	Language
2	AUS1	John Carpenter SLP-CF	English	Language
21	AUS3	Kamal Reynolds SLP-CF	English	Phonology
16	AUS2	Kaseem Sexton CCC-SLP	Spanish	Phonology
14	AUS2	Armando Key CCC-SLP	English	Phonology
12	AUS2	Nell Carey CCC-SLP	English	Phonology
6	AUS1	Rajah Monroe CCC-SLP	English	Phonology
31	AUS4	Adara Whitehead SLP-CF	English	Phonology

35 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Query 5 – Searching for Pending Records.

This set of queries searches the billing records table to find sessions with a billing status of “pending.” Such a case is useful to the clinic in order to follow up with pending records and ensure services are reimbursed promptly.

```
1  /* Queries Against Billing_Records
2
3      The following queries find billing_records that are listed as 'pending.'
4
5  */
6
7      # A direct query against the billing records to find records with a billing_status of 1.
8  •  SELECT * FROM billing_records WHERE billing_status_id = 1;
```

Output

We can see there are a large number of outstanding records

session_id	billing_code	billing_status_id
7138	3	1
7143	3	1
7144	2	1
7145	2	1
7148	1	1
7155	1	1
7160	1	1
7171	2	1
7175	1	1
7177	2	1

1948 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Let's improve readability .

```
10  /* Instead of showing the billing_status_id, we can join with the billing_status table
11  for a more readable result. */
12  • SELECT record.billing_code, st.status
13  FROM billing_records as record
14  JOIN billing_status as st ON record.billing_status_id = st.status_id
15  WHERE record.billing_status_id = 1;
16
```

billing_code	status
2	PENDING
2	PENDING
2	PENDING
3	PENDING
2	PENDING
2	PENDING

We can reformat the query to map the records to their dates.

```
17  /* Now lets join the sessions table into this query to see the session_date
18  that this pending sessions relate to. */
19  • SELECT record.billing_code, st.status, s.session_date
20  FROM billing_records as record
21  JOIN billing_status as st ON record.billing_status_id = st.status_id
22  JOIN sessions as s ON record.session_id = s.session_id
23  WHERE (record.billing_status_id = 1);
```

Output

billing_code	status	session_date
2	PENDING	2022-03-17
2	PENDING	2021-09-09
3	PENDING	2021-05-29
4	PENDING	2021-05-30
2	PENDING	2022-03-14
3	PENDING	2021-09-28
3	PENDING	2021-07-07
2	PENDING	2021-06-05
2	PENDING	2021-05-12
1	PENDING	2021-11-15
1	PENDING	2022-03-01
1	PENDING	2021-06-12
2	PENDING	2021-12-07
1	PENDING	2021-09-22
2	PENDING	2021-06-02

1948 rows in set (0.00 sec)

A stored procedure to generalize this query and let the user search by status_id.

```
25  /* Finally, let's generalize this query into a stored procedure and let the user
26     search for a date range. */
27
28     DELIMITER //
29 • CREATE PROCEDURE searchRecordsByStatusAndDateRange (IN statusID mediumint, IN startDate date, IN endDate date)
30 BEGIN
31     SELECT record.billing_code, st.status, s.session_date
32     FROM billing_records as record
33     JOIN billing_status as st ON record.billing_status_id = st.status_id
34     JOIN sessions as s ON record.session_id = s.session_id
35     WHERE (records.billing_status_id = statusID)
36     AND (s.session_date BETWEEN startDate AND endDate);
37 END //
38 DELIMITER ;

40 • # Test
41 CALL searchRecordsByStatusAndDateRange(1, '2022-01-01', '2022-02-01');
42 • CALL searchRecordsByStatusAndDateRange(1, '2022-02-01', '2022-03-01');
```

Output

```
5 | PENDING | 2022-01-21 |
3 | PENDING | 2022-01-20 |
2 | PENDING | 2022-01-19 |
1 | PENDING | 2022-01-29 |
3 | PENDING | 2022-01-25 |
3 | PENDING | 2022-01-26 |
1 | PENDING | 2022-01-03 |
2 | PENDING | 2022-01-18 |
1 | PENDING | 2022-01-15 |
3 | PENDING | 2022-01-07 |
1 | PENDING | 2022-01-31 |
3 | PENDING | 2022-01-26 |
3 | PENDING | 2022-01-25 |
+-----+
163 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> CALL searchRecordsByStatusAndDateRange(3, '2022-02-01', '2022-03-01');
+-----+-----+-----+
| billing_code | status | session_date |
+-----+-----+-----+
4 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-17 |
3 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-17 |
1 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-16 |
3 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-13 |
1 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-03 |
3 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-06 |
3 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-18 |
4 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-01 |
2 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-15 |
3 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-09 |
4 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-08 |
3 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-01 |
3 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-02 |
2 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-19 |
3 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-12 |
2 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-20 |
1 | REFUNDED | 2022-02-28 |
+-----+-----+-----+
17 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Conclusion

Ultimately, this project was a success. The goal of designing, developing, and populating the database matched my expectations – both, challenging and fun. The most challenging part was coming up with a design to meet my expectations but following the resources provided by the course and the previous assignments eased that process. I found data generation to be the most fun part of the assignment and the queries a sharpening of the previous work done in the class.

Thank you for reviewing this work and feedback is appreciated.