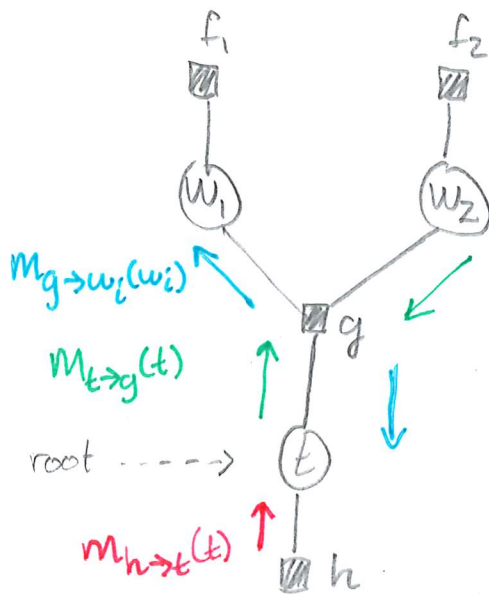


Message-passing in TrueSkill

(2)

Start with one game



$$m_{f_i \rightarrow w_i}(w_i) = f_i(w_i) = N(w_i | 0, \sigma_0^2)$$

$$m_{w_i \rightarrow g}(w_i) = m_{f_i \rightarrow w_i}(w_i) = N(w_i | 0, \sigma_0^2)$$

$$m_{g \rightarrow t}(t) = \int g(t, w_1, w_2) N(w_1 | 0, \sigma_0^2) N(w_2 | 0, \sigma_0^2) dw_1 dw_2$$

$$= N(t | w_1 - w_2, 1)$$

$$= N(t | 0, 1 + 2\sigma_0^2)$$

After the downward pass we have computed the marginal distribution of t , $p(t) = m_{g \rightarrow t}(t)$!

Posterior marginal (belief) at node t ,

$$\pi(t) \propto \mathbb{1}(y_t \geq 0) m_{g \rightarrow t}(t)$$

This is a truncated Gaussian

[Pres \rightarrow first problem]

[Draw messages in figure when continuing]

(3)

Using the Gaussian approximation, we can compute

$$m_{t \rightarrow g}(t) = \frac{q(t)}{m_{g \rightarrow t}(t)} = \frac{N(t | \tilde{\mu}, \tilde{\sigma}^2)}{N(t | 0, 1 + 2\sigma_o^2)}$$

Dividing by a PDF can be thought of as subtracting information. It is convenient to work with information form.

$$\Rightarrow m_{t \rightarrow g}(t) \propto N_I(t | \nu_{t \rightarrow g}, \lambda_{t \rightarrow g})$$

$$\begin{cases} \lambda_{t \rightarrow g} = \frac{1}{\tilde{\sigma}^2} - \frac{1}{1 + 2\sigma_o^2} \\ \nu_{t \rightarrow g} = \frac{\tilde{\mu}}{\tilde{\sigma}^2} - 0 \end{cases}$$

← derived from here

For game \rightarrow skill messages we get

$$m_{g \rightarrow w_1}(w_1) = \int g(t, w_1, w_2) m_{t \rightarrow g}(t) m_{w_2 \rightarrow g}(w_2) dt dw_2$$

Note that $g(t, w_1, w_2) = N(t | w_1 - w_2, 1)$
 $\propto N(w_1 | t + w_2, 1)$

$$\Rightarrow m_{g \rightarrow w_1}(w_1) \propto N(w_1 | \mu_{t \rightarrow g} + 0, 1 + \sigma_{t \rightarrow g}^2 + \sigma_o^2)$$

and similarly for w_2 (but note the sign difference) 4

Finally, we can compute the skill marginals

$$\pi(w_i) \approx q(w_i) \propto f_i(w_i) m_{g \rightarrow w_i}(w_i)$$

$$\propto N_I(w_i | \nu_{g \rightarrow w_i}, \lambda_{g \rightarrow w_i} + \frac{1}{\sigma_0^2})$$

Pres \rightarrow rest