

Memoria realización ejercicio 2 Técnicas de Programación Avanzada

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Repo GitHub: https://github.com/ArtySaurio/Actv2TPAE

EJERCICIO A

```
16 v def mediana(n):
    vr1 = np.random.randint(1, 30, n)
    vr2 = np.random.randint(1, 30, n)
    vr1.sort()
20    vr2.sort()
21
    print("\nVector aleatorio 1:")
23    print(vr1)
24    print("\nVector aleatorio 2:")
25    print(vr2)
26
27    #Ordenamos y concatenamos con .concatenate el array
28    v = np.concatenate([vr1, vr2])
29    v.sort()
30    print(v)
31    i = int(len(v) / 2)
32    mediana = ((v[i - 1] + v[i]) / 2)
33    print("Mediana:", mediana)
```

EJERCICIO B

EJERCICIO C

EJERCICIO D

```
def cramovacray(n):
    arrayaleat = np.random.randint(20, size-n)
    numesarray = []
    for i in range(n):
        if (i = 0):
            numb = nmor(arrayaleat[i], None, arrayaleat[i + 1], i)
        elif (i = (n - 1)):
            numb = nmor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], None, i)
        else:
            numb = nmor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i + 1], i)
        numb = nmor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i + 1], i)
        numb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i + 1], i)
        numb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i + 1], i)
        numb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i + 1], i)
        numb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i + 1], i)
        numb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i + 1], i)
        numb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i + 1], i)
        numb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i - 1], i)
        inumb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i - 1], i)
        inumb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], arrayaleat[i - 1], i)
        inumb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], nume, i)

        inumb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], nume, i)

        inumb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], nume, i)

        inumb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], nume, i)

        inumb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], nume, i)

        inumb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i - 1], nume, i)

        inumb = numor(arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i], nume, i)

        inumb = nume, arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i], nume, i)

        inumb = nume, arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i], nume, i)

        inumb = nume, arrayaleat[i], arrayaleat[i],
```

```
def split_array(a):
            half = len(a) // 2
            res = [a[:half], a[half:]]
            return res
204
        def peakvalleydc(a):
             if (len(a) == 1):
    numb = a[0]
                 if (numb.prev == None or numb.next == None):
207
                 elif (numb.prev < numb.data > numb.next):
                 numb.tipo = 'pico'
elif (numb.prev > numb.data < numb.next):</pre>
210
211
                      numb.tipo = 'valle'
212
213
214
                 res = split_array(a)
215
                 peakvalleydc(res[0])
                 peakvalleydc(res[1])
```

```
def find_distdc(arr, full_arr):
            if (len(arr) == 1):
222 ▼
                 num = arr[0]
                 if (num.tipo == 'pico'):
224 ▼
                      l = find_point(num, 1, full_arr, 'valle')
                     r = find_point(num, -1, full_arr, 'valle')
                 elif (num.tipo == 'valle'):
227 ▼
                     l = find_point(num, 1, full_arr, 'pico')
r = find_point(num, -1, full_arr, 'pico')
                 res = split_array(arr)
                 l = find_distdc(res[0], full_arr)
r = find_distdc(res[1], full_arr)
             if (1 > r):
242 ▼
        def find_point(num, orientation, full_arr, tipo):
243 ▼
            if (orientation == -1):
                 for i in range(1, num.indice):
244 ▼
                      if (full_arr[num.indice - i].tipo == tipo):
247 ▼
                 for i in range(1, len(full_arr) - num.indice):
248 ▼
                      if (full_arr[num.indice + i].tipo == tipo):
```

```
254 ▼ def draw_data(a):
    x = []
    for i in range(len(a)):
        x.append(i)
    y = []
    for j in a:
        y.append(j.data)
    fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    plt.plot(x, y, color='red', linestyle='-', linewidth=3, marker='o', markerfacecolor='blue', markersize=8)

263
    plt.ylim(0, 21)
    plt.xlim(-1, len(a))

265
    for k in range(len(a)):
        label = "data:{} ({{}})".format(a[k].data, a[k].tipo)
        plt.annotate(label, (k, a[k].data), textcoords="offset points", xytext=(0, 10), ha='center')

270
    plt.xlabel('Indice')
    plt.ylabel('Dato')

271
    plt.title('Distancia maxima entre picos y valles')
    ax = plt.axes()
    ax.set_facecolor("white")
    plt.show(block=False)
```

EJERCICIO E

```
def genMatrix(n):
    newMarix = []

for i in range(0, n):
    dataline = []
    for j in range(0, n):
    dataline.append(randint(0,10))

for j in range(0, n):
    vals = tist(map(float, dataline))

return newMarix.append(Vals)

return newMarix

def split(matrix):

row, col = matrix.shape
 row2, col2 = row1/2, col1/2
 return matrix[:row2, col2], matrix[row2, col2], matrix[row2:, col2]

def strassen(x,y):

if len(x) == 1:
    return x * y

def strassen(x,y):

a, b, c, d = split(x)
    e, f, g, h = split(y)

p1 = strassen(a + b, h)
 p2 = strassen(a + b, h)
 p3 = strassen(a + d, e + h)
 p6 = strassen(b + d, g + h)
 p7 = strassen(a - d, e + h)
 p6 = strassen(a - d, e + h)
 p7 = strassen(a - d, e + h)
 p8 = color approximately
    col
```