BUAN 6337 Homework 5_Multinomial brand choice model_Group 12

This Homework has 3 multiple part questions which are related to each other. You are required to use SAS for answering the questions. Your submission on eLearning must include a pdf/word report which has followed the sample report instructions. You should also upload your SAS code.

The dataset used in this HW is crackers_HW5. This dataset contains store sales data of crackers at a supermarket that carries four brands of crackers. Each observation corresponds to one purchase occasion and provides data on the price, display and feature of each brand as well as which brand was chosen.

- 1. **OBS**: = Observation number
- 2. **Private, Keebler, Sunshine, Nabisco**: Indicator variables for which brand was chosen. Value of 1 indicates the brand that was chosen. Other 3 brands will be 0 in that observation.
- 3. PricePrivate, PriceNabisco, PriceKeebler and PriceSunshine: Prices that were offered by
- 4. each brand for that purchase occasion.
- 5. **DisplPrivate**: = 1 if **Private** had a store display, =0 if **Private** did not have a store display
- 6. **DisplKeebler**: = 1 if **Keebler** had a store display, =0 if **Keebler** did not have a store display
- 7. DisplSunshin:= 1 if Sunshin had a store display, =0 if Sunshin did not have a store display
- 8. DisplNabisco:= 1 if Nabisco had a store display, =0 if Nabisco did not have a store display
- 9. FeatPrivate: = 1 if Private had a store feature, =0 if Private did not have a store feature
- 10. **FeatKeebler**: = 1 if **Keebler** had a store feature, =0 if **Keebler** did not have a store feature
- 11. FeatSunshin: = 1 if Sunshin had a store feature, =0 if Sunshin did not have a store feature
- 12. FeatNabisco: = 1 if Nabisco had a store feature, =0 if Nabisco did not have a store feature

Question 1

Apply the following steps and provide a screenshot of the output in your report.

a) Use PROC SURVEYSELECT to sample the original data into training and testing data sets. Use 80% for training and 20% for testing. Use the seed= option to set random seed to a value of 100.

PROC SURVEYSELECT Results:

	The S/	٩S	System							
The SURVEYSELECT Procedure										
Selection Method Simple Random Sampling										
lı	nput Data Set		CRACKERS							
F	Random Number See	d	100							
S	Sampling Rate		0.8							
5	Sample Size		2634							
5	Selection Probability		0.800122							
5	Sampling Weight		0							
C	Output Data Set	CRACKERS_SAMPLED								

- b) The store manager would like to predict the choice probabilities for each brand of crackers depending on the price, display and promotion for all brands. What type of multinomial logit model would you estimate a model with alternative-specific characteristics or with individual-specific characteristics? Write the general utility model to estimate this logit model.
 - a. We need to use a model with alternative-specific characters to take into account the effects of price, display, and promotion (promotion indicated as "Feat" in the data) on a customer's choice for each brand.
 - b. Private brand is taken as reference brand and hence $\alpha_{0, Private = 0}$

$$\begin{split} &Vj = \text{ßPricej} + \alpha_{1, \text{ Private}} \text{Disp}_{\text{Private}} * \text{I}_{\text{Private}} + \alpha_{2, \text{ Private}} \text{Feat}_{\text{Private}} * \text{I}_{\text{Private}} + \\ &\alpha_{0, \text{ Keebler}} \text{I}_{\text{Keebler}} + \alpha_{1, \text{ Keebler}} \text{Disp}_{\text{ Keebler}} * \text{I}_{\text{Keebler}} + \alpha_{2, \text{ Keebler}} \text{Feat}_{\text{Keebler}} * \text{I}_{\text{Keebler}} + \\ &\alpha_{0, \text{ Nabisco}} \text{I}_{\text{Nabisco}} + \alpha_{1, \text{ Nabisco}} \text{Disp}_{\text{Nabisco}} * \text{I}_{\text{Nabisco}} + \alpha_{2, \text{ Nabisco}} \text{Feat}_{\text{Nabisco}} * \text{I}_{\text{Nabisco}} + \\ &\alpha_{0, \text{ Sunshine}} \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} \text{Pisp}_{\text{Sunshine}} * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} \text{Feat}_{\text{Sunshine}} * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} + \alpha_{2, \text{ Sunshine}} * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} * * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} * * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshine}} * * \text{I}_{\text{Sunshin$$

- c) Is the data formatted as needed to estimate the above multinomial logit model using PROC LOGISTIC? If not, how should the data be formatted? Reformat the data as necessary.
 - a. No, the data is not formatted correctly to estimate the above multinomial logit model with alternative-specific characteristics. Each purchase occasion needs to capture the alternative brand choices even if the brand was not selected (e.g. Observation 1 will be shown in 4 rows, one row for each brand choice available). Additionally, the brand name, feature use. and display use needs to be formatted to appear with each brand choice alternative for each of the purchase occasions.

Reformatted Data for PROC LOGISTICS Table:

□ VIEWT	ABLE: Work.Crackers_formatted						
	OBS	Selection Indicator	Choice	Crackers	Price	Feat	Disp
1	1	1	C) Keebler	0.879999995	0	(
2	1	1	() Private	0.709999979	0	
3	1	1	0	Sunshine	0.980000019	0	
4	1	1	1	Nabisco	1.199999928	0	
5	2	1) Keebler	1.089999914	0	
6	2	1	0) Private	0.709999979	0	
7	2	1	() Sunshine	0.99000001	0	
8	2	1	1	Nabisco	0.99000001	0	
9	3	1	0) Keebler	1.089999914	0	
10	3	1	() Nabisco	1.089999914	0	
- 11	3	1	0) Private	0.779999912	0	
12	3	1		Sunshine	0.49000001	0	
13	4	1	() Keebler	1.089999914	0	
14	4	1	0) Private	0.779999912	0	
15	4	1	() Sunshine	1.029999971	0	
16	4	1	1	Nabisco	0.889999986	0	
17	5	0	0) Keebler	1.089999914	0	
18	5	0	() Private	0.639999986	0	
19	5	0) Sunshine	1.089999914		
20	5	0	1	Nabisco Nabisco	1.190000057	0	
21	6	1) Keebler	1.089999914	0	
22	6	1	0) Private	0.839999914	0	
23	6	1) Sunshine	0.889999986	0	
24	6	1		Nabisco	1.190000057	0	
25	7	1	() Keebler	1.089999914	0	
26	7	1		Nabisco	1.289999962	0	
27	7	1		Private	0.779999912	0	

Question 2

a) Estimate the logit model on the training sample using PROC LOGISTIC and report the estimation results (model parameters, significance).

Logit Model PROC LOGISTIC Results:

Type 3 Analysis of Effects										
Effect	DF	Wald Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq							
Crackers	3	943.1545	<.0001							
Price	1	163.8112	<.0001							
Disp*Crackers	4	12.8714	0.0119							
Feat*Crackers	4	31.0850	<.0001							

Ana	Analysis of Conditional Maximum Likelihood Estimates											
Parameter		DF	Estimate	Standard Error	Wald Chi-Square	Pr > ChiSq						
Crackers	Keebler	1	-0.3358	0.1394	5.8063	0.0160						
Crackers	Nabisco	1	1.7053	0.1154	218.4802	<.0001						
Crackers	Sunshine	1	-0.8046	0.1158	48.3031	<.0001						
Crackers	Private	0	0									
Price		1	-3.0106	0.2352	163.8112	<.0001						
Disp*Crackers	Keebler	1	0.2959	0.2325	1.6201	0.2031						
Disp*Crackers	Nabisco	1	0.0974	0.0865	1.2671	0.2603						
Disp*Crackers	Sunshine	1	0.5275	0.1814	8.4549	0.0036						
Disp*Crackers	Private	1	-0.2172	0.1717	1.6000	0.2059						
Feat*Crackers	Keebler	1	0.7262	0.2838	6.5467	0.0105						
Feat*Crackers	Nabisco	1	0.6672	0.1600	17.3967	<.0001						
Feat*Crackers	Sunshine	1	0.7339	0.2612	7.8940	0.0050						
Feat*Crackers	Private	1	-0.0200	0.2357	0.0072	0.9324						

Odds Ratio Estimates										
Effect Point Estimate Confidence Li										
Price	0.049	0.031	0.078							

Logit Model PROC MDC Results:

The SAS System

The MDC Procedure

Conditional Logit Estimates

	Parameter Estimates												
Parameter	DF	Estimate	Standard Error	t Value	Approx Pr > t	Parameter Label							
CRACKERSKeebler	1	-0.3358	0.1394	-2.41	0.0160								
CRACKERSPrivate	0	0	0										
CRACKERSSunshine	1	-0.8046	0.1158	-6.95	<.0001								
CRACKERSNabisco	1	1.7053	0.1154	14.78	<.0001								
Price	1	-3.0106	0.2352	-12.80	<.0001								
CRACKERSKeeblerDISP	1	0.2959	0.2325	1.27	0.2031								
CRACKERSPrivateDISP	1	-0.2172	0.1717	-1.26	0.2059								
CRACKERSSunshineDISP	1	0.5275	0.1814	2.91	0.0036								
CRACKERSNabiscoDISP	1	0.0974	0.0865	1.13	0.2603								
CRACKERSKeeblerFEAT	1	0.7262	0.2838	2.56	0.0105								
CRACKERSPrivateFEAT	1	-0.0200	0.2357	-0.08	0.9324								
CRACKERSSunshineFEAT	1	0.7339	0.2612	2.81	0.0050								
CRACKERSNabiscoFEAT	1	0.6672	0.1600	4.17	<.0001								
Restrict1	1	-8.02E-11	12.4614	-0.00	1.0000*	Linear EC [1]							

^{*} Probability computed using beta distribution.

Linearly Independent Active Linear Constraints										
1 0 = 0 + 1.0000 * CRACKERSPrivate										

c) Use PROC MDC to predict the choice probabilities for the test sample using the estimated model.

PROC MDC Predicted Probabilities Table:

Here, crackers_pred column corresponds to choice probabilities for both training and test based upon model estimated using training samples. Test samples are indicated by . aka missing in Choice_training column.

VIEW1	VIEWTABLE: Work.Crackers_pred_data Grackers_pred																		
	crackers_pred	OBS	Selection Indicator	Choice	Crackers	Price	Feat	Disp	choice_training	CRACKERS = Keebler	CRACKERS = Private	CRACKERS = Sunshine	CRACKERS = Nabisco	CRACKERS = Keebler * DISP	CRACKERS = Private * DISP	CRACKERS = Sunshine * DISP	CRACKERS = Nabisco * DISP	CRACKERS = Keebler * FEAT	CRACKER ^
- 1	0.1484803567	1	1		0 Keebler	0.879999995	0	(0	1	() () (0	0	0	0		0 0
2	0.3465575508	1	1		0 Private	0.709999979	0	0) (0	1) (0	0	0	0		0 0
3	0.0687552954	1	1		0 Sunshine	0.980000019	0	0	0	0	() 1	(0	0	0	0		0 0
4	0.4362067971	1	1		1 Nabisco	1.199999928	0	0) 1	0	() () 1	0	0	0	0		0 0
5	0.0600930878	2	1		0 Keebler	1.089999914	0	0) (1	() () (0	0	0	0		0 0
6	0.2639379266	2	1		0 Private	0.709999979	0	0	0	0	1) (0	0	0	0		0 0
7	0.0508110054	2	1		0 Sunshine	0.99000001	0	0	0	0	() 1	1 (0	0	0	0		0 0
8	0.6251579802	2	1		1 Nabisco	0.99000001	0	0) 1	0	() () 1	0	0	0	0		0 0
9	0.0534415064	3	1		0 Keebler	1.089999914	0	0	0	1	() () (0	0	0	0		0 0
10	0.4114300136	3	1		0 Nabisco	1.089999914	0	0) (0	() () 1	0	0	0	0		0 0
- 11	0.1901220049	3	1		0 Private	0.779999912	0	0) (0	1) (0	0	0	0		0 0
12	0.345006475	3	1		1 Sunshine	0.49000001	0	1	1 1	0	() 1	(0	0	1	0		0 0
13	0.0516399521	4	1		0 Keebler	1.089999914	0	0) (1	() () (0	0	0	0		0 0
14	0.1837128458	4	1		0 Private	0.779999912	0	C) (0	1) (0	0	0	0		0 0
15	0.0387097091	4	1		0 Sunshine	1.029999971	0	0	0	0	() 1	1 (0	0	0	0		0 0
16	0.7259374931	4	1		1 Nabisco	0.889999986	0	0) 1	0	() () 1	0	0	0	0		0 0
17	0.0784587962	5	0		0 Keebler	1.089999914	0	0) .	. 1	() () (0	0	0	0		0 0
18	0.425444179	5	0		0 Private	0.639999986	0	0) .	. 0	1) (0	0	0	0		0 0
19	0.0490938315	5	0		0 Sunshine	1.089999914	0	0) .	. 0	() 1	1 (0	0	0	0		0 0
20	0.4470031933	5	0		1 Nabisco	1.190000057	0	(. 0	() () 1	0	0	0	0		0 0
21	0.0925111149	6	1		0 Keebler	1.089999914	0	0	0	1	() () (0	0	0	0		0 0
22	0.2747253544	6	1		0 Private	0.839999914	0				1) (0	0	0	0		0

Question 3

Use the probabilities you predicted in Q2-c, to predict which brand is most likely to be chosen (brand with highest predicted choice probability). Create a 4x4 classification table for actual brand chosen and predicted brand chosen.

Predicted vs Actuals Cross-Tabulation Results:

Frequency	Table of a	actual_bra	na by pre	edicted_bra	ina				
Percent Row Pct		predicted_brand							
Col Pct	actual_brand	Nabisco	Private	Sunshine	Total				
	Keebler	186	39	1	226				
		5.65	1.18	0.03	6.87				
		82.30	17.26	0.44					
		6.70	8.06	3.33					
	Nabisco	1618	166	8	1792				
		49.15	5.04	0.24	54.43				
		90.29	9.26	0.45					
		58.24	34.30	26.67					
	Private	777	249	9	1035				
	1	23.60	7.56	0.27	31.44				
		75.07	24.06	0.87					
		27.97	51.45	30.00					
	Sunshine	197	30	12	239				
		5.98	0.91	0.36	7.26				
		82.43	12.55	5.02					
		7.09	6.20	40.00					
	Total	2778	484	30	3292				
	-111111	84.39	14.70	0.91	100.00				

Actual Brands Chosen Classification Table:

The SAS System										
The FREQ Procedure										
actual_brand Frequency Percent Cumulative Frequency Percent										
Keebler	226	6.87	226	6.87						
Nabisco	1792	54.43	2018	61.30						
Private	1035	31.44	3053	92.74						
Sunshine	239	7.26	3292	100.00						

Predicted Brands Chosen Classification Table:

The SAS System

The FREQ Procedure

predicted_brand	Frequency	Percent	Cumulative Frequency	Cumulative Percent
Nabisco	2778	84.39	2778	84.39
Private	484	14.70	3262	99.09
Sunshine	30	0.91	3292	100.00