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Lab : 6

1 Predictive Analytics for Hospitals

Step : 1

In [1]: 1 `import pandas as pd`

In [2]: 1 `data = pd.read_csv('diabetes.csv')`

In [3]: 1 `data.head(10)`

Out[3]:

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1
5	5	116	74	0	0	25.6	0.201	30	0
6	3	78	50	32	88	31.0	0.248	26	1
7	10	115	0	0	0	35.3	0.134	29	0
8	2	197	70	45	543	30.5	0.158	53	1
9	8	125	96	0	0	0.0	0.232	54	1

In [4]: 1 `data.shape`

Out[4]: (768, 9)

In [5]: 1 `data.columns`

Out[5]: Index(['Pregnancies', 'Glucose', 'BloodPressure', 'SkinThickness', 'Insulin', 'BMI', 'DiabetesPedigreeFunction', 'Age', 'Outcome'], dtype='object')

In [6]: 1 `data.dtypes`

Out[6]:

Pregnancies	int64
Glucose	int64
BloodPressure	int64
SkinThickness	int64
Insulin	int64
BMI	float64
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	float64
Age	int64
Outcome	int64
dtype:	object

In [7]: 1 `data.DiabetesPedigreeFunction.value_counts`

Out[7]: <bound method IndexOpsMixin.value_counts of 0 0.627

1	0.351
2	0.672
3	0.167
4	2.288
...	
763	0.171
764	0.340
765	0.245
766	0.349
767	0.315

Name: DiabetesPedigreeFunction, Length: 768, dtype: float64>

In [8]:

1 data.describe()

Out[8]:

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
count	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000	768.000000
mean	3.845052	120.894531	69.105469	20.536458	79.799479	31.992578	0.471876	33.240885	0.348958
std	3.369578	31.972618	19.355807	15.952218	115.244002	7.884160	0.331329	11.760232	0.476951
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.078000	21.000000	0.000000
25%	1.000000	99.000000	62.000000	0.000000	0.000000	27.300000	0.243750	24.000000	0.000000
50%	3.000000	117.000000	72.000000	23.000000	30.500000	32.000000	0.372500	29.000000	0.000000
75%	6.000000	140.250000	80.000000	32.000000	127.250000	36.600000	0.626250	41.000000	1.000000
max	17.000000	199.000000	122.000000	99.000000	846.000000	67.100000	2.420000	81.000000	1.000000

step : 2

In [9]:

1 import numpy as np
2 import seaborn as sns
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [10]:

1 data.drop_duplicates()
2

Out[10]:

	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1
...
763	10	101	76	48	180	32.9	0.171	63	0
764	2	122	70	27	0	36.8	0.340	27	0
765	5	121	72	23	112	26.2	0.245	30	0
766	1	126	60	0	0	30.1	0.349	47	1
767	1	93	70	31	0	30.4	0.315	23	0

768 rows × 9 columns

```
In [54]: 1 import seaborn as sns
          2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          3 plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
          4 sns.heatmap(data.head(10), cmap='BuPu', annot=True, linewidth=.10)
```

Out[54]: <AxesSubplot:>



step : 3

```
In [12]: 1 X=data["Age"]
          2 y=data['Outcome']
```

```
In [13]: 1 X = np.array(X).reshape(-1, 1)
```

```
In [14]: 1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
          2 from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
```

```
In [15]: 1 X_train,x_test,Y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=.25,random_state=11)
```

```
In [16]: 1 logr = LogisticRegression()
          2 logr.fit(X_train,Y_train)
```

Out[16]: LogisticRegression()

```
In [17]: 1 logr.predict(x_test)
```

```
Out[17]: array([[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,
                0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0,
                0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
                1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
                1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
                0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0])
```

```
In [18]: 1 print("Coef :",logr.coef_)
2 print("Intercept :",logr.intercept_)
```

```
Coef : [[0.04278121]]
Intercept : [-2.06807344]
```

```
In [19]: 1 logr.predict([[60]])
```

```
Out[19]: array([1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [20]: 1 lrf = logr.coef_*60 + logr.intercept_
```

```
In [21]: 1 from scipy.special import expit
```

```
In [22]: 1 output=expit(lrf)
```

```
In [23]: 1 output
```

```
Out[23]: array([[0.62217709]])
```

```
In [24]: 1 if output > 0.5 :
2     print(" YES he will become diabetic")
3 else :
4     print(" NO he will not be diabetic")
```

```
YES he will become diabetic
```

step : 4

```
In [25]: 1 X=data[['Glucose','BMI','Age']]
2 y=data['Outcome']
```

```
In [26]: 1 X_train,x_test,Y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=.25,random_state=11)
```

```
In [27]: 1 logr = LogisticRegression()
2 logr.fit(X_train,Y_train)
```

```
Out[27]: LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [28]: 1 logr.predict(x_test)
```

```
Out[28]: array([[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0,
1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [29]: 1 print("Coef :",logr.coef_)
2 print("Intercept :",logr.intercept_)
```

```
Coef : [[0.03358049 0.07889299 0.02722911]]
Intercept : [-8.37441801]
```

```
In [30]: 1 logr.predict([[150,30,40]])
```

```
C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:450: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but LogisticRegression was fitted with feature names
warnings.warn(
```

```
Out[30]: array([1], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [31]: 1 lrf = logr.coef_*150*30*40 + logr.intercept_
```

```
In [32]: 1 output=expit(lrf)
```

```
In [33]: 1 output
```

```
Out[33]: array([[1., 1., 1.]])
```

```
In [34]: 1 output1=logr.predict_proba([[150,30,40]])
```

C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:450: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, but LogisticRegression was fitted with feature names
warnings.warn(

```
In [35]: 1 output1[0] > 0.5
```

```
Out[35]: array([False,  True])
```

```
In [36]: 1 output1
```

```
Out[36]: array([[0.47038229, 0.52961771]])
```

Step : 5

```
In [37]: 1 X1=data.drop(['Outcome'],axis=1)
```

```
In [38]: 1 X_train,x_test,Y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size=.25,random_state=11)
```

```
In [39]: 1 LOR=LogisticRegression()
2 LOR.fit(X_train,Y_train)
```

```
Out[39]: LogisticRegression()
```

```
In [40]: 1 LOR.predict(x_test)
```

```
Out[40]: array([[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0,
1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [41]: 1 y_pred=logr.predict(x_test)
2 y_pred
```

```
Out[41]: array([[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0,
1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1,
0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0,
1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0], dtype=int64)
```

```
In [42]: 1 from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
2 lor_auc=roc_auc_score(y_test,y_pred)
3
```

```
In [43]: 1 print("Auc:",lor_auc)
```

```
Auc: 0.6756854256854258
```

step : 6

```
In [44]: 1 def get_auc(var,tar,data):
2         fx=data[var]
3         fy=data[tar]
4         LOR4=LogisticRegression()
5         LOR4.fit(fx,fy)
6         pred=LOR4.predict_proba(fx)[:,-1]
7         auc_val = roc_auc_score(y,pred)
8         return auc_val
```

```
In [45]: 1 get_auc(['Glucose','BMI'],['Outcome'],data)
```

C:\Users\arul\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

Out[45]: 0.8109328358208956

```
In [46]: 1 get_auc(['Pregnancies','BloodPressure','SkinThickness'],['Outcome'],data)
```

C:\Users\arul\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

Out[46]: 0.6444962686567164

```
In [47]: 1 def best_next(current,cand,tar,data):
2         best_auc=-1
3         best_var=None
4         for i in cand:
5             auc_v = get_auc(current+[i],tar,data)
6             if auc_v>best_auc:
7                 best_auc=auc_v
8                 best_var=i
9         return best_var
```

```
In [48]: 1 current=['Insulin','BMI','DiabetesPedigreeFunction','Age']
2         cand=['Pregnancies','Glucose','BloodPressure','SkinThickness']
3         tar=['Outcome']
4         next_var = best_next(current,cand,tar,data)
```

C:\Users\arul\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
C:\Users\arul\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
C:\Users\arul\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
C:\Users\arul\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().
y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

```
In [49]: 1 next_var
```

Out[49]: 'Glucose'

```
In [50]: 1 tar = ['Outcome']
2 current=[]
3 cand=['Pregnancies', 'Glucose', 'BloodPressure', 'SkinThickness', 'Insulin', 'BMI', 'DiabetesPedigreeFunction', 'Age']
4 max_num = 7
5 num_it = min(max_num, len(cand))
6 for i in range(0, num_it):
7     next_var = best_next(current, cand, tar, data)
8     current += [next_var]
9     cand.remove(next_var)
10    print("variable add in step "+str(i+1)+" is "+ next_var + " .")
11    print(current)
```

C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

variable add in step 3 is Pregnancies .

C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

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C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

step : 7

```
In [58]: 1 X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,y,test_size = 0.5,stratify =y)
```

```
In [60]: 1 pred2 = logr.predict_proba(X_test)
```

```
In [61]: 1 train = pd.concat([X_train,y_train], axis=1)
2 test = pd.concat([X_test,y_test], axis=1)
```

```
In [62]: 1 def auc_train_test(variables,target,train,test):
2     X_train = train[variables]
3     X_test = test[variables]
4     Y_train = train[target]
5     Y_test = test[target]
6     logreg = LogisticRegression()
7     logreg.fit(X_train, Y_train)
8     predictions_train = logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:,-1]
9     predictions_test = logreg.predict_proba(X_test)[:,-1]
10    auc_train = roc_auc_score(Y_train, predictions_train)
11    auc_test = roc_auc_score(Y_test,predictions_test)
12    return(auc_train, auc_test)
```

```
In [64]: 1 auc_values_train = []
2 auc_values_test = []
3 variables_evaluate = []
4 for v in X.columns:
5     variables_evaluate.append(v)
6     auc_train, auc_test = auc_train_test(variables_evaluate, ["Outcome"],train,test)
7     auc_values_train.append(auc_train)
8     auc_values_test.append(auc_test)
```

C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

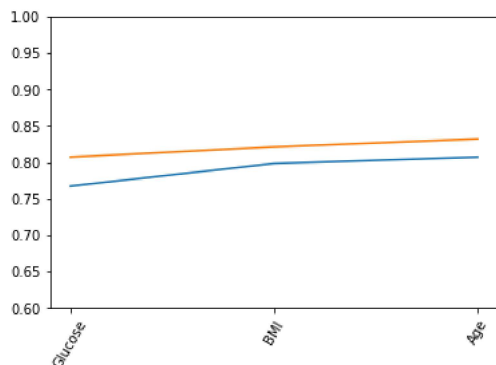
C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

C:\Users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\utils\validation.py:993: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_samples,), for example using ravel().

y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)

```
In [69]: 1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 import numpy as np
3 x = np.array(range(0,len(auc_values_train)))
4 my_train = np.array(auc_values_train)
5 my_test = np.array(auc_values_test)
6 plt.xticks(x,X.columns,rotation=60)
7 plt.plot(x,my_train)
8 plt.plot(x,my_test)
9 plt.ylim((0.6,1.0))
10 plt.show()
```



Step : 8

```
In [70]: 1 !pip install scikit-plot
2 from scikitplot.estimators import plot_feature_importances
3 from scikitplot.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix, plot_roc
```

Collecting scikit-plot

Downloading scikit_plot-0.3.7-py3-none-any.whl (33 kB)

Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=1.4.0 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from scikit-plot) (3.5.1)

Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.18 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from scikit-plot) (1.0.2)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.9 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from scikit-plot) (1.7.3)

Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.10 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from scikit-plot) (1.1.0)

Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (2.8.2)

Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (9.0.1)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.21.5)

Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (21.3)

Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.3.2)

Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (4.25.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.2.1 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (3.0.4)

Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (0.11.0)

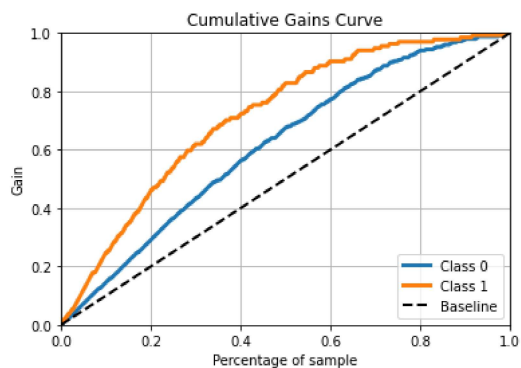
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib>=1.4.0->scikit-plot) (1.16.0)

Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in c:\users\arulk\anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.18->scikit-plot) (2.2.0)

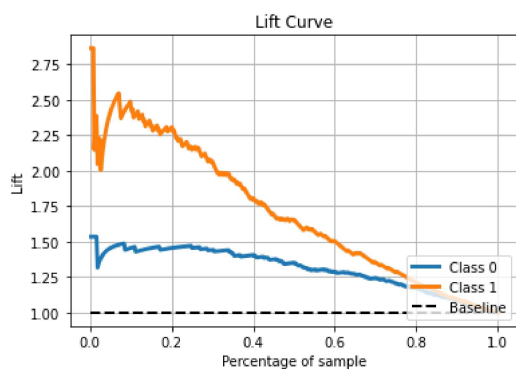
Installing collected packages: scikit-plot

Successfully installed scikit-plot-0.3.7


```
In [71]: 1 import scikitplot as skplt
2 skplt.metrics.plot_cumulative_gain(y_test, pred2)
3 plt.show()
4 plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
5 skplt.metrics.plot_lift_curve(y_test, pred2)
6 plt.show()
```



<Figure size 504x504 with 0 Axes>



```
In [ ]: 1
```