Name: Arul Kumar ARK

Roll No.: 225229103

PDL Lab17. Text Classification using CNN-LSTM and Pre-trained Glove Models

```
In [1]:
         # Import necessary libraries
           import numpy as np
           import pandas as pd
           from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
           from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
           from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
           from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding, Conv1D, MaxPooling1D, LSTM,
           from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
           from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
           from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
           from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
           from sklearn.datasets import fetch_20newsgroups
           import tensorflow_datasets as tfds
        In [2]:
           Downloading and preparing dataset 11.24 MiB (download: 11.24 MiB, generat
           ed: 35.79 MiB, total: 47.03 MiB) to /root/tensorflow_datasets/ag_news_sub
           set/1.0.0...
           Dl Completed...: 0 url [00:00, ? url/s]
           Dl Size...: 0 MiB [00:00, ? MiB/s]
           Extraction completed...: 0 file [00:00, ? file/s]
           Generating splits...: 0%
                                              | 0/2 [00:00<?, ? splits/s]
           Generating train examples...:
                                         0% l
                                                      | 0/120000 [00:00<?, ? examp
           les/s]
           Shuffling /root/tensorflow_datasets/ag_news_subset/1.0.0.incomplete8SO6X
           2/ag_news_subset-train.tfrecord*...: ...
           Generating test examples...:
                                         0%|
                                                     | 0/7600 [00:00<?, ? example
           s/s]
           Shuffling /root/tensorflow_datasets/ag_news_subset/1.0.0.incomplete8SO6X
           2/ag_news_subset-test.tfrecord*...:
           Dataset ag_news_subset downloaded and prepared to /root/tensorflow_datase
           ts/ag news subset/1.0.0. Subsequent calls will reuse this data.
```

```
# Extract text and labels from the dataset
In [ ]:
            X = [example['description'].numpy().decode('utf-8') for example in dataset
            y = [example['label'].numpy() for example in dataset]
In [5]:
        # Split the dataset into training and testing sets
            X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, r
In [6]:
         # Tokenize the text data
            max words = 10000
            tokenizer = Tokenizer(num words=max words)
            tokenizer.fit_on_texts(X_train)
In [7]:
         ▶ # Convert text data to sequences and pad them to a fixed length
            max_sequence_length = 200
            X_train_seq = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
            X test seq = tokenizer.texts to sequences(X test)
            X_train_padded = pad_sequences(X_train_seq, maxlen=max_sequence_length)
            X test padded = pad sequences(X test seq, maxlen=max sequence length)
         In [8]:
            embedding dim = 100
            embedding_index = {}
            glove file = 'glove.6B.100d.txt'
In [9]: N | with open(glove_file, encoding="utf8") as f:
                for line in f:
                   word, vec = line.split(maxsplit=1)
                   embedding_index[word] = np.array([float(val) for val in vec.split(
         # Create the embedding matrix
In [10]:
            word_index = tokenizer.word_index
            embedding_matrix = np.zeros((max_words, embedding_dim))
if i < max_words:</pre>
                   embedding vector = embedding index.get(word)
                   if embedding_vector is not None:
                       embedding_matrix[i] = embedding_vector
```

```
In [13]:
             # Calculate the number of classes
             num_classes = len(np.unique(y))
             # Create the CNN-LSTM model with GloVe embeddings
             model = Sequential()
             model.add(Embedding(max_words, embedding_dim, input_length=max_sequence le
             model.add(Conv1D(128, 5, activation='relu'))
             model.add(MaxPooling1D(5))
             model.add(LSTM(128))
             model.add(Dense(128, activation='relu'))
             model.add(Dropout(0.5))
             model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
          # Compile the model
In [14]:
             model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(lr=0.001), m
             # One-hot encode the labels
             y train onehot = to categorical(y train, num classes)
             y_test_onehot = to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
             WARNING:absl:`lr` is deprecated in Keras optimizer, please use `learning_
             rate` or use the legacy optimizer, e.g.,tf.keras.optimizers.legacy.Adam.
          # Define early stopping
In [15]:
             early_stopping = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, restore_bes
```

```
In [16]:
         # Train the model
         epochs = 10
         batch size = 64
         history = model.fit(X_train_padded, y_train_onehot, epochs=epochs, batch_s
         Epoch 1/10
         - accuracy: 0.8636 - val_loss: 0.3360 - val_accuracy: 0.8837
         Epoch 2/10
         1200/1200 [============== ] - 9s 8ms/step - loss: 0.3074 -
         accuracy: 0.8939 - val loss: 0.3076 - val accuracy: 0.8886
         accuracy: 0.9075 - val loss: 0.3075 - val accuracy: 0.8935
         Epoch 4/10
         1200/1200 [============== ] - 8s 7ms/step - loss: 0.2290 -
         accuracy: 0.9198 - val_loss: 0.3021 - val_accuracy: 0.8977
         Epoch 5/10
         accuracy: 0.9308 - val_loss: 0.3341 - val_accuracy: 0.8896
         accuracy: 0.9407 - val_loss: 0.3486 - val_accuracy: 0.8898
         Epoch 7/10
         1200/1200 [============== ] - 8s 7ms/step - loss: 0.1428 -
         accuracy: 0.9492 - val_loss: 0.3448 - val_accuracy: 0.8961
         Epoch 8/10
         accuracy: 0.9581 - val_loss: 0.4140 - val_accuracy: 0.8936
         Epoch 9/10
         1200/1200 [=============== ] - 9s 7ms/step - loss: 0.0991 -
         accuracy: 0.9634 - val loss: 0.4659 - val accuracy: 0.8922
In [17]: ▶ # Evaluate the model on the test set
         loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(X test padded, y test onehot)
         print(f'Test Loss: {loss:.4f}')
         print(f'Test Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}')
         ccuracy: 0.8993
         Test Loss: 0.2906
```

Test Accuracy: 0.8993