

# TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

## Phase 2 submission

### Problem description:

This project implements IoT devices and data analytics for real-time traffic monitoring, offering commuters access to this data via a public platform or mobile apps. The goal is to empower commuters with route information to reduce traffic congestion. Key tasks include setting objectives, designing the IoT system, developing the traffic platform, and integrating IoT and Python technologies.

1. Introduction
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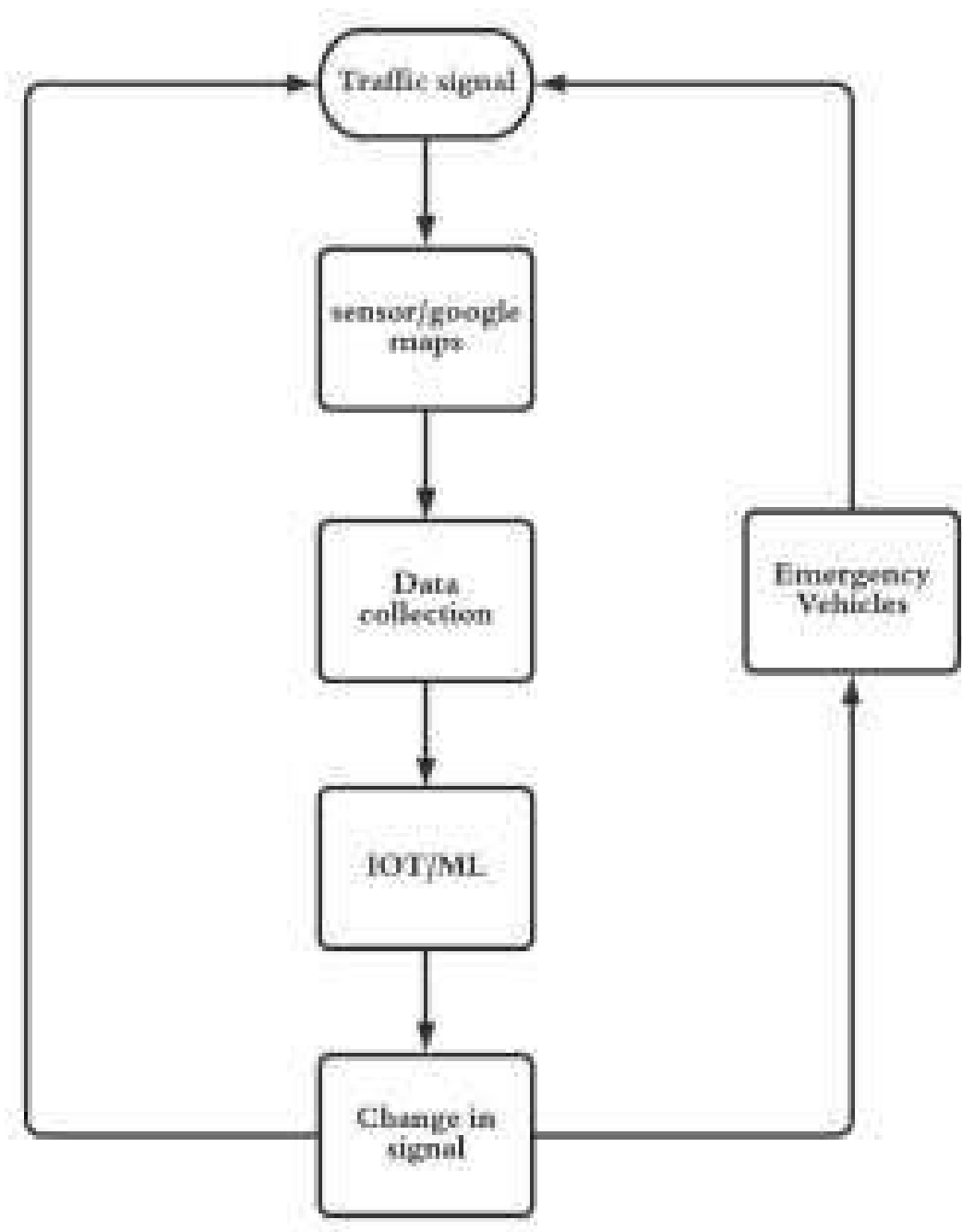
### 1.Introduction:

This project utilizes IoT and data analytics for real-time traffic monitoring, benefiting commuters with route data through mobile apps. It aims to reduce traffic congestion by setting objectives, designing an IoT system, and integrating it with Python.

### 2.Proposed solution:

- 1.Project Overview
- 2.IoT Traffic Monitoring System
3. Data Analytics
4. Traffic Information Platform
5. Integration with Python
6. Objective Setting

3.Flowchart:



This flow chart outlines the main steps and processes involved in your traffic monitoring project. You can use specialized flowchart software or drawing tools to create a visual representation of this flowchart.

4.Use case:

Use Case: Commuter's Route Optimization

Actor: Commuter

#### STEPS:

##### 1. Preconditions:

- The IoT traffic monitoring system is operational.
- The Traffic Information Platform (TIP) is accessible via a mobile app or website.
- The commuter has a compatible device with the TIP app installed.

##### 2. Main Flow:

- The commuter launches the TIP app.
- The app retrieves real-time traffic data from the IoT devices.
- The TIP app displays a live traffic map, highlighting areas of congestion in different colors.
- The commuter enters their current location and destination.
- The app calculates the estimated travel time for the selected route.
- The app suggests alternative routes with estimated travel times, considering current traffic conditions.
- The commuter selects a preferred route.
- The app provides turn-by-turn navigation instructions if chosen.
- The commuter follows the recommended route, taking into account real-time updates from the app.
- The app continuously updates the estimated arrival time based on traffic conditions.

##### 3. Postconditions:

- The commuter reaches their destination efficiently, having made informed decisions based on real-time traffic data.

##### 4. Alternate Flow:

- If the commuter doesn't follow the recommended route or encounters unexpected congestion, the app recalculates the estimated arrival time and suggests new alternatives.

##### 5. Exception Flow:

- If the IoT system experiences a data transmission failure or the TIP app encounters technical issues, the commuter may not have access to real-time traffic information.

#### **5. System architecture:**

1. IoT Devices: Traffic cameras, sensors, GPS trackers for data collection.
2. Data Processing: Analyze traffic data in real-time for patterns and congestion.

3. Traffic Information Platform (TIP): User-friendly app for commuters to access data.
4. Integration: Connect IoT, data processing, and TIP using Python.
5. Objective Setting: Define project goals and monitor performance.
6. Infrastructure: Cloud servers, security, and scalability.
7. User Devices: Commuters' smartphones with TIP app.
8. External Data: Incorporate external data sources like weather info.
9. Continuous Improvement: Gather user feedback for enhancements.

## **6.Conclusion:**

In conclusion, this project aims to address traffic congestion by utilizing IoT and data analytics, providing real-time information to commuters. It aspires to enhance urban transportation through clear objectives and an integrated system.