

**MA1001E - MATHEMATICS I**
(Common to EC, EE, CH & BT branches)

Time: 90 Minutes

Max Marks: 30

Answer all questions

1. Find a second order homogeneous linear ordinary differential equation for which the functions $\cosh \frac{3x}{2}$, $\sinh \frac{3x}{2}$ are solutions. (2)
2. Does the initial value problem $y' = xy^{1/3}$, $y(0) = 0$ have a unique solution in a region around the initial point? Justify your answer. Also find all solutions, if it exists. (3)
3. Check whether the differential equation

$$(y \log y)dx + (x - \log y)dy = 0$$

is exact. If not, find an integrating factor and solve it. (4)

4. Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves $y = x + ce^{-x}$, c is a parameter. (4)
5. Solve $y'' + 2y' + 4y = 2x^2 + 3e^{-x}$ by the method of undetermined coefficients. (4)
6. A spring with a mass of 2 Kg has damping constant 14. A force of 6N is required to keep the spring stretched 0.5m beyond its natural length. The spring is pushed to 1m above the equilibrium position and then released with zero velocity. Find the position of the mass at any time t . (4)
7. Solve the differential equation $x^2y'' - 3xy' + 5y = \sin(\ln x)$. (5)
8. Check for convergence or divergence of the following series

(a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^2}{(2n)!}$ (3)

(b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{3n+1}$ (1)

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{(2/3)}{3} = \frac{x^2}{3}$$

$$y = \left(\frac{x^2}{3}\right)^{*****}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{x^2}{3}\right)^{1/2} \cdot \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = n y^{1/3}$$

$$\frac{x^2}{(3n)^{1/3}}$$
$$\frac{n}{3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{y^{1/3}} = n \cdot dx$$

$$y^{-1/3} dy = n dx$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot \frac{1}{3}}{2} = \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

$$C = 0$$

$$y = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{1/2}$$