DAA MOODLE PROGRAMS COMPETITIVE PROGRAMS

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1.

AIM-

Find Duplicate in Array.

Given a read only array of n integers between 1 and n, find one number that repeats.

CODE-

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
 2 in {
    int main()
         int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
 5
         int a[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
              scanf("%d",&a[i]);
10
11
         for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
12
              for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)</pre>
13
14 v
15
                  if(a[i]==a[j])
16 v
17
18
                       printf("%d",a[i]);
19
20
21
22
23
24
```

INPUT-

First Line - Number of elements

n Lines - n Elements

OUTPUT-

Element x - That is repeated



AIM-

Find Duplicate in Array.

Given a read only array of n integers between 1 and n, find one number that repeats.

CODE-

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
 3 * int main() {
          int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
 4
  5
          int a[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
    scanf("%d",&a[i]);</pre>
 8
 9
          int index=0;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
    index = a[i] % n;
    a[index] += n;
 10
 11 v
 12
13
 14
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
 15 v
             if(a[i]/n >= 2) {
    printf("%d\n", i);
 16 🔻
17
 18
 19
 20
            return 0;
      }
 21
 22
```

INPUT-

First Line - Number of elements

n Lines - n Elements

OUTPUT-

Element x - That is repeated

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	11 10 9 7 6 5 1 2 3 8 4 7	7	7	~
~	5 1 2 3 4 4	4	4	~
~	5 1 1 2 3 4	1	1	~
Passed all tests! 🗸				
Correct Marks f	or this submission: 1.00/1.00.			

AIM-

Find the intersection of two sorted arrays.

OR in other words,

Given 2 sorted arrays, find all the elements which occur in both the arrays.

CODE-

```
int intersection(int arr1[],int n1,int arr2[],int n2)
{
           int i=0,j=0;
while(i<n1&&j<n2)
{</pre>
                if(arr1[i]==arr2[j])
                       printf("%d ",arr1[i]);
i++;
j++;
                   }
else if(arr1[i]<arr2[j])
                    i++;
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
                       j++;
                 }
            }
return 0;
     }
24
25
     int main()
{
26
27
           int t;
scanf("%d",&t);
while(t--)
28
29
30
31 •
                int n1;
scanf("%d",&n1);
int arr1[n1];
for(int i=0;i<n1;i++)</pre>
32
33
34
35
36
37
                  {
scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);
38
39
40
                 41
42
43
44
                  {
{
scanf("%d",&arr2[i]);
45
46
47
48
                 }
intersection(arr1,n1,arr2,n2);
49
50
            }
return 0;
```

INPUT-

The first line contains T, the number of test cases. Following T lines contain:

- 1. Line 1 contains N1, followed by N1 integers of the first array
- 2. Line 2 contains N2, followed by N2 integers of the second array OUTPUT-

The intersection of the arrays in a single line



AIM-

Find the intersection of two sorted arrays.

OR in other words, Given 2 sorted arrays, find all the elements which occur in both the arrays.

CODE-

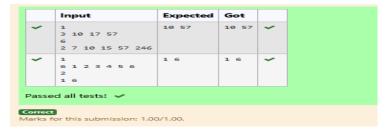
```
#include <stdio.h>
  -
3
4₩
       void findintersection(int arr1[], int n1, int arr2[], int n2)
             int i = 0, j = 0;
while (i < n1 && j < n2)</pre>
                   if (arr1[i] == arr2[j])
                         printf("%d ", arr1[i]);
i++;
j++;
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
                     lse if (arr1[i] < arr2[j])
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
             printf("\n");
       int main()
             int t;
scanf("%d", &t);
while (t--) {
   int n1, n2;
   scanf("%d", &n1);
}
30
31
32
33
                   scant("%d", &n1);
int arr1[n1];
for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)
34
35
36
37
                          scanf("%d", &arr1[i]);
                                      &n2);
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
                   int arr2[n2];
for (int i = 0; i < n2; i++)
                          scanf("%d", &arr2[i]);
                   findintersection(arr1, n1, arr2, n2);
```

INPUT-

- The first line contains T, the number of test cases. Following T lines contain:
- 1. Line 1 contains N1, followed by N1 integers of the first array
- 2. Line 2 contains N2, followed by N2 integers of the second array

OUTPUT-

The intersection of the arrays in a single line



AIM-

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[j] - A[i] = k, i != j.

CODE-

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
     int main()
          int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
 4
 5
          int arr[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
 6
 7
 8 ,
               scanf("%d",%arr[i]);
 9
10
         int k;
scanf("%d",&k);
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
11
12
13
14
               for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)</pre>
15
16
                    if(arr[j]-arr[i]==k)
17
18
                         printf("1\n");
19
20
                         return 0;
21
22
23
          printf("0\n");
24
25
```

INPUT-

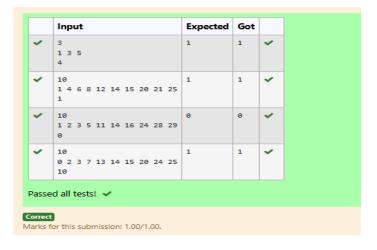
First Line n - Number of elements in an array

Next n Lines - N elements in the array

k - Non - Negative Integer

OUTPUT-

- 1 If pair exists
- 0 If no pair exists



AIM-

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[j] - A[i] = k, i != j.

CODE-

INPUT-

First Line n - Number of elements in an array

Next n Lines - N elements in the array

k - Non - Negative Integer

OUTPUT-

- 1 If pair exists
- 0 If no pair exists

