





## Quick Recap:

- Linked List
  - Singly
  - Doubly
- Insert and delete
  - At beginning
  - At end





## Pre-read Quiz Time!



### **Introduction to Stack**



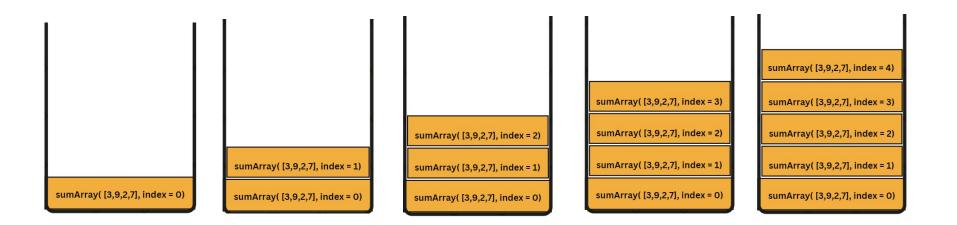




## Can you tell?



#### One use-case of it you have already seen and used

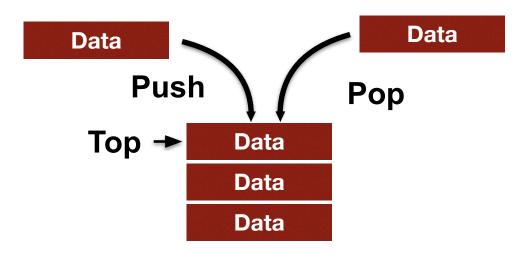


#### **Recursive Stack**





- A stack is a one-ended linear data structure which models a real world stack by having two primary operations, namely push and pop.
- A stack follows the Last In, First Out (LIFO) principle, where the last element pushed is the first to be popped.





## <u>Instructions</u>

```
pop()
push('Onion')
push('Celery')
push('Watermelon')
pop()
pop()
push('Lettuce')
```

Apple
Potato
Cabbage
Garlic



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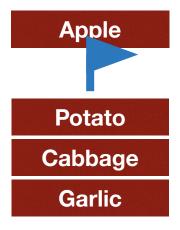
Apple
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**Potato** 

Cabbage



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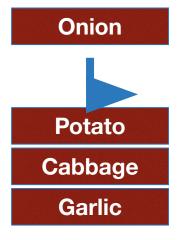
**Potato** 

Cabbage



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Onion

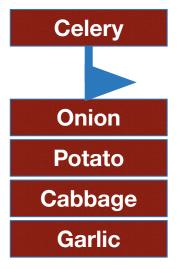
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**Celery** 

Onion

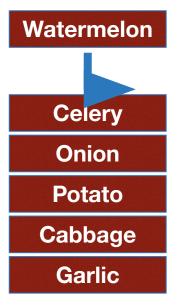
**Potato** 

Cabbage



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  push('Onion')
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  push('Lettuce')
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push('Watermelon')
pop()
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pop()
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```

Watermelon

Celery

Onion

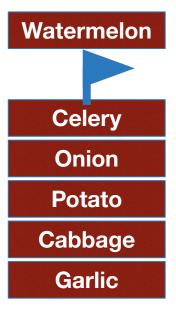
**Potato** 

Cabbage



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**Celery** 

Onion

**Potato** 

Cabbage



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Celery

Onion

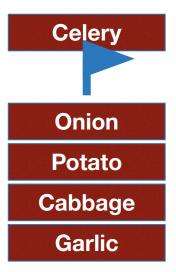
**Potato** 

Cabbage



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Onion

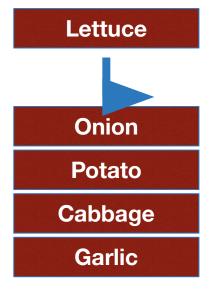
**Potato** 

Cabbage



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Lettuce

Onion

**Potato** 

Cabbage

#### When and where stack is used?



- Used by undo mechanisms in text editors.
- Used in compiler syntax checking for matching brackets and braces.
- Can be used to model a pile of books or plates.
- Used behind the scenes to support recursion by keeping track of previous function calls.



#### **How stack?**



## **Stack Using Linked List**

#### When and where stack is used?



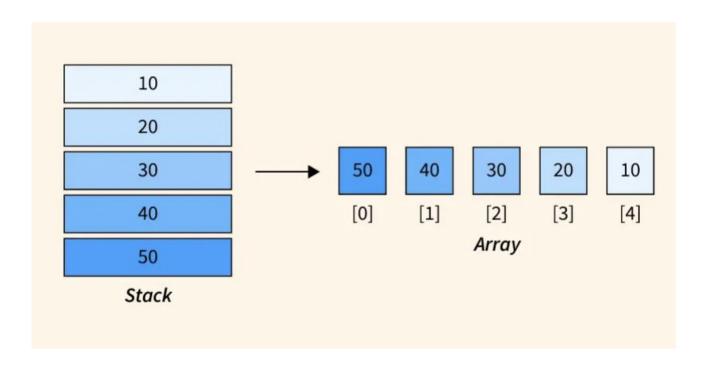
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# **Stack Using Array**

## **Stack Using Array**





## **Stack Using Array**



Stack operation	Operation on Array
Push	Append at the end of an array
Рор	Delete the last element of an array
Peek / Top	Return the element at the last index.
Size	Return len of the list.

### Implementation: push and pop



```
class Stack:
    def init (self):
        self.stack = []
    # Add an item to the top of the stack.
    def push(self, item):
        self.stack.append(item)
    def pop(self):
        # Remove and return the top item of the stack.
        if not self.is_empty():
            return self.stack.pop()
        return None # Returns None if stack is empty.
```

## Implementation: peek and size



```
def peek(self):
    # Return the top item without removing it.
    if not self.is_empty():
        return self.stack[-1]
    return None # Returns None if stack is empty.
# Return the number of elements in the stack.
def size(self):
    return len(self.stack)
```



## **Stack Using Linked List**





Stack operation	Operation on Linked List
Push	Insert at beginning of the linked list.
Рор	Delete at beginning of the linked list.
Peek / Top	Return the value at the head of the linked list.
Size	Return len of the array

### Implementation: Node & stack class



```
class Node:
    def __init__(self, data):
        self.data = data
        self.next = None

class Stack:
    def __init__(self):
        self.top = None
        self.count = 0 # Counter to track stack size
```

## Implementation: push and peek



```
# Add an item to the top of the stack.
def push(self, item):
    new node = Node(item)
    # Point new node to the previous top
    new node.next = self.top
    self.top = new_node # Update top to the new node
    self.count += 1 # Increment counter
# Return the top item without removing it.
# Returns None if stack is empty.
def peek(self):
    return self.top.data if self.top else None
```

## Implementation: pop and size



```
# Remove and return the top item of the stack.
# Returns None if stack is empty.
def pop(self):
    if self.is_empty():
        return None
    popped_item = self.top.data
    # Move top to the next node
    self.top = self.top.next
    self.count -= 1 # Decrement counter
    return popped_item
def size(self):
    # Return the number of elements in the stack in O(1).
    return self.count
```



## **Complexity Analysis**



## **Time Complexity**

Pushing	O(1)
Popping	O(1)
Peeking	O(1)
Searching	O(n)
Size	O(1)



## **Summary Quiz**



#### **END**