Ex.No.: 12 WORKING WITH CURSOR, PROCEDURES AND FUNCTIONS

Date:

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AIM:

Create PL/SQL Blocks to perform the Item Transaction Operations using CURSOR, FUNCTION and PROCEDUERE.

ALGORITHM:

STEP-1: Start.

STEP-2: Create two tables Item Master and Item Trans.

itemmaster(itemid, itemname, stockonhand)

itemtrans(itemid ,itemname ,dateofpurchase ,quantity)

STEP-3: Create a PROCEDURE with id, name and quantity as parameters which make a call to the FUNCTION by passing id, name, dop, and quantity as parameters dop is set as sysdate.

STEP-4: Using FUNCTION fetch each record from the table Item Master using CURSOR inside a Loop statement,

If Item Master's ItemId is equal to the entered ID value then exit the loop otherwise fetch the next record.

loop

fetch master into masterrec

exit when master%notfound

if masterrec.itemid=id then

exit:

end if;

end loop;

STEP-5: If Itemmaster's itemid = id then,

Add the Itemmaster's stockonhand with the given quantity and update the ItemMaster table and insert the Item information into the ItemTrans table.

STEP-6: Else, if the inputed item is not present in the ItemMaster table then insert the

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new Item in both the tables.

STEP-7: Call the Procedure by passing the Item informations which calls the Function, STEP-8: Exit.

```
### Factorial of a Number Using Function
**1. Program to calculate the factorial of a number using a PL/SQL function.**
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION factorial(n NUMBER) RETURN NUMBER IS
  result NUMBER := 1;
BEGIN
  FOR i IN 1..n LOOP
    result := result * i;
  END LOOP;
  RETURN result;
END factorial:
-- Testing the function
DECLARE
  num NUMBER := 5;
  fact NUMBER;
BEGIN
  fact := factorial(num);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Factorial of ' || num || ' is ' || fact);
END;
/
...
### Program 2: Retrieve Book Information in Library Using IN, INOUT, and OUT Parameters
**PL/SQL procedure to retrieve book information using `IN`, `INOUT`, and `OUT` parameters.**
)```sql
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE get book info(
  p_book_id IN NUMBER,
  p_book_name OUT
  VARCHAR2, p_author INOUT
  VARCHAR2
) IS
BEGIN
  SELECT book_name, author INTO p_book_name, p_author
  FROM library books
  WHERE book_id = p_book_id;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Book Name: ' || p_book_name);
```

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Author: ' || p_author);

END get_book_info;

```
/
-- Testing the procedure
DECLARE
  v_book_id NUMBER := 101;
  v_book_name VARCHAR2(100);
  v_author VARCHAR2(100) := 'Unknown Author';
BEGIN
  get_book_info(v_book_id, v_book_name, v_author);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Retrieved Book Info: ' || v_book_name || ' by ' || v_author);
END;
### Program to Display Employee ID and Name Using Explicit Cursor
**PL/SQL block to display the employee ID and employee name where department number is
11 using an explicit cursor.**
```sql
DECLARE
 CURSOR cenl IS
 SELECT eid, ename FROM ssempp WHERE dno = 11;
 ecode ssempp.eid%TYPE;
 ename ssempp.ename%TYPE;
BEGIN
 OPEN cenl:
 LOOP
 FETCH cenl INTO ecode, ename;
 EXIT WHEN cenl%NOTFOUND;
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Employee ID: ' || ecode || ' and Employee Name: ' || ename);
 END LOOP;
 CLOSE cenl;
END;
Program to Update Salary Using Implicit Cursor
```

```
**PL/SQL block to update the salary by 5000 where the job is 'Lecturer' and check updates
using implicit cursors.**
```sql
DECLARE
  county NUMBER;
BEGIN
  UPDATE ssempp SET sal = sal + 5000 WHERE job = 'lecturer';
  county := SQL%ROWCOUNT;
  IF county > 0 THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The number of rows updated is ' || county);
  END IF;
  IF SQL%FOUND THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Employee record modification
  successful'); ELSIF SQL%NOTFOUND THEN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No Employee record found with job Lecturer');
  END IF;
END;
```