

Mini Project-B

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EP22B004

Q1.: Solve the set of non-linear equations of the four-tank system, as given below, using forward difference method or by using ODE-45 of *Matlab*(or equivalent in *Python*,etc.), for generating a typical data set of 10,000. This data set is to be used for comparing the performance of the Kalman Filter & Particle Filter.

For $T_{\text{final}} = 5000\text{s}$ with $T_s = 0.5$, dataset with 10000 points for 4 tank heights were produced in MATLAB using ode45.

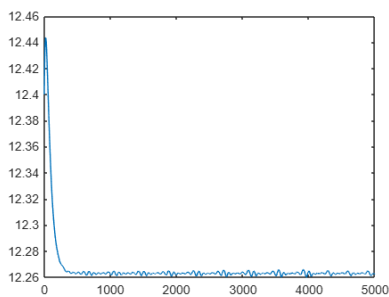
```
% Initialization of all the parameters of the four tank system
A1 = 28; %(cm^2)
A2 = 32;
A3 = 28;
A4 = 32;
a1 = 0.071;
a3 = 0.071; %(cm^2)
a2 = 0.057;
a4 = 0.057;
kc = 0.5; % (V/cm)
g = 981; %(cm/s^2)
gamma1 = 0.7; gamma2 = 0.6; % constants, determined from valve position
k1 = 3.33; k2 = 3.35; %[cm^3/Vs]
kc = 0.5; % [V/cm]
v1 = 3; v2 = 3; % (V)
h0 = [12.4; 12.7; 1.8; 1.4];
% Set the initial conditions and the simulation time span
t0 = 0;
tf = 5000;
ts = tf/10000;
% Call the ODE45 solver
[t, h] = ode45(@four_tank_ode, [t0: ts: tf-ts], h0');
function dh_dt = four_tank_ode(t, h)
    A1 = 28; %(cm^2)
    A2 = 32;
    A3 = 28;
    A4 = 32;
    a1 = 0.071;
    a3 = 0.071; %(cm^2)
    a2 = 0.057;
    a4 = 0.057;
    kc = 0.5; % (V/cm)
    g = 981; %(cm/s^2)
    gamma1 = 0.7; gamma2 = 0.6; % constants, determined from valve position
    k1 = 3.33; k2 = 3.35; %[cm^3/Vs]
    kc = 0.5; % [V/cm]
```

```

v1 = 3; v2 = 3; % (V)
h0 = [12.4; 12.7; 1.8; 1.4];

% Calculate the time derivatives of the state variables
dh_dt = [
    (-a1 * sqrt(2 * g * h(1)) / A1) + (a3 * sqrt(2 * g * h(3)) / A1) + (gamma1
* k1 * v1 / A1);
    (-a2 * sqrt(2 * g * h(2)) / A2) + (a4 * sqrt(2 * g * h(4)) / A2) + (gamma2
* k2 * v2 / A2);
    (-a3 * sqrt(2 * g * h(3)) / A3) + ((1 - gamma2) * k2 * v2 / A3);
    (-a4 * sqrt(2 * g * h(4)) / A4) + ((1 - gamma1) * k1 * v1 / A4);
];
end
figure
plot(t,h(:,1));

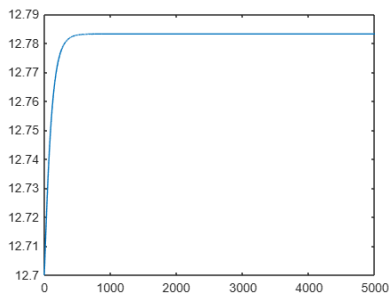
```



```

figure
plot(t,h(:,2));

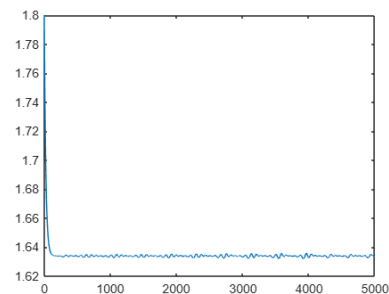
```



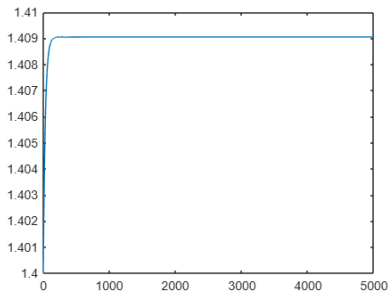
```

figure
plot(t,h(:,3));

```

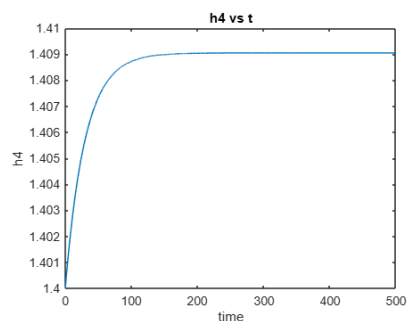
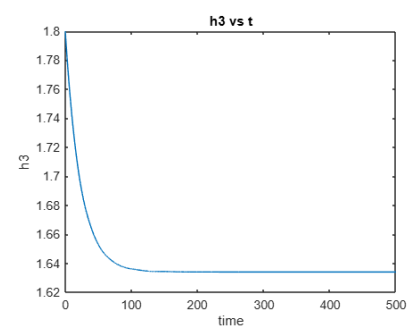
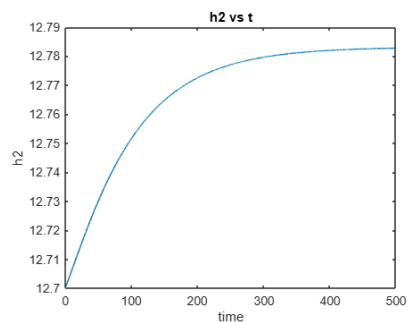
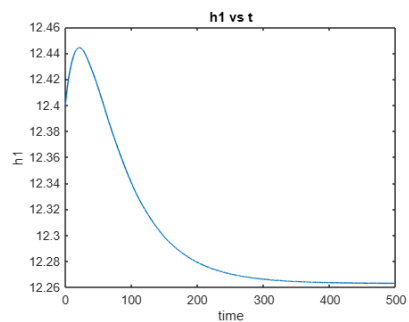


```
figure
plot(t,h(:,4));
```



Q4. Formulate a **Particle Filter** (use the algorithm, given in **Slide # 6**) for the above four tank problem for estimating ***h-3 & h-4*** (not measured) and obtaining the filtered values for ***h-1 & h-2*** (measured). Verify the resulting estimate by comparing the same with the generated data set (from Q-1).

```
A1 = 28; %(cm^2)
A2 = 32;
A3 = 28;
A4 = 32;
a1 = 0.071;
a3 = 0.071; %(cm^2)
a2 = 0.057;
a4 = 0.057;
g = 981; %(cm/s^2)
gamma1 = 0.7; gamma2 = 0.6; % constants, determined from valve position
k1 = 3.33; k2 = 3.35; %[cm^3/Vs]
kc = 0.5; % [V/cm]
v1 = 3; v2 = 3; % (V)
h0 = [12.4; 12.7; 1.8; 1.4];
% Set the initial conditions and the simulation time span
t0 = 0;
tf = 500;
ts = tf/10000;
% Call the ODE45 solver
[t, h] = ode45(@four_tank_ode1, [t0: ts: tf-ts], h0');
for i = [1:4]
    figure;
    plot(t,h(:, i));
    title(['h', num2str(i), ' vs t']);
    xlabel('time');
    ylabel(['h', num2str(i)]);
    % Call the function to save the plot
    save("simulation_h"+i);
end
```



```

C = [
    kc 0 0 0;
    0 kc 0 0;
];
Ts = 0.1;
% Defining the disturbances
P0 = 10^-2 * eye(4);
Q = 10^-5 * eye(4);
R = 2 * 10^-2 * eye(2);
% Initialization of states
x0 = h0;
u = [
    3;

```

```

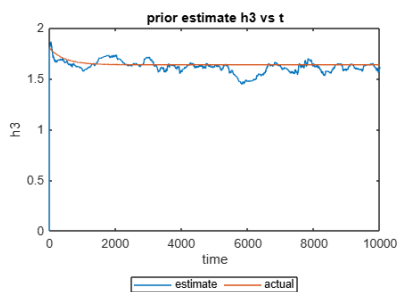
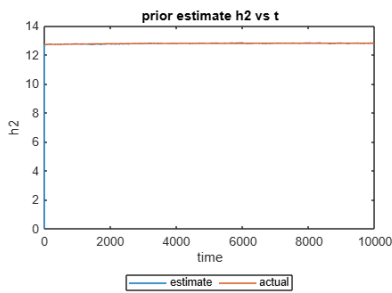
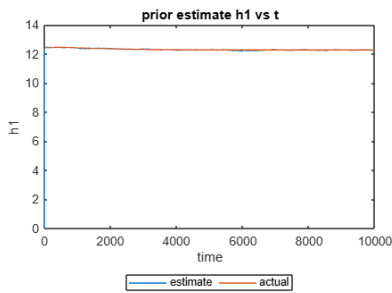
3;
];
N = 400;
L = chol(P0);
rng(32);
x0 = x0 * ones(1, N) + L * randn(4, N);
wr = chol(Q) * randn(4, N);
% Prior roughening
for i = [1:4]
    x_post(i, :) = x0(i, :) + wr(i, :);
end
x_pri_mean=zeros(4, 10000);
x_post_mean=zeros(4, 10000);
j = 2;
while j <= 10000
    w = chol(Q) * randn(4, N);
    x_dt = zeros(4, N);
    for i = [1:N]
        x_dt(1, i) = -a1/A1 * sqrt(2 * g * (x_post(1, i))) + a3/A1 * sqrt(2 * g *
(x_post(3, i))) + gamma1 * k1 * v1/A1;
        x_dt(2, i) = -a2/A2 * sqrt(2 * g * (x_post(2, i))) + a4/A2 * sqrt(2 * g *
(x_post(4, i))) + gamma2 * k1 * v2/A2;
        x_dt(3, i) = -a3/A3 * sqrt(2 * g * (x_post(3, i))) + (1 - gamma2) * k2 *
v2/A3;
        x_dt(4, i) = -a4/A4 * sqrt(2 * g * (x_post(4, i))) + (1 - gamma1) * k1 *
v1/A4;
    end
    x_pri = x_post + Ts * x_dt + w;
    % Importance weights
    z_tru = C * h(j, :) * ones(1, N);
    z_est = C * x_pri;
    v = z_tru - z_est;
    q = zeros(1, N);
    wt = zeros(1, N);
    for i = [1:N]
        q(i) = exp(-0.5 * (v(:, i)' * inv(R) * v(:, i)));
    end
    % Normalized weights
    for i = [1:N]
        wt(i) = q(i)/sum(q);
    end
    cum_wt = cumsum(wt);
    for i = [1:N]
        r = rand;
        ind = find(r <= cum_wt, 1);
        x_post(:, i) = x_pri(:, ind);
    end
    x_pri_mean(:, j)=mean(x_pri, 2);
    x_post_mean(:, j)=mean(x_post, 2);
    j = j+1;
end

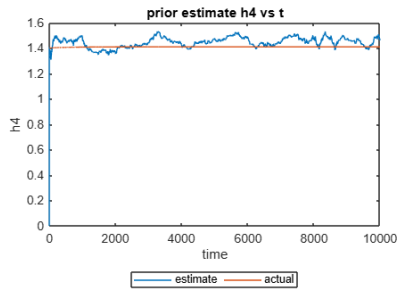
```

```

end
x_pri_mean = abs(x_pri_mean);
x_post_mean = abs(x_post_mean);
t_span = [1: 10000];
for i=1:4
    figure;
    plot(t_span,x_pri_mean(i, 1:10000), t_span, h(1:10000, i))
    legend('estimate', 'actual', 'Location', 'southoutside', 'Orientation',
'horizontal')
    title(['prior estimate h', num2str(i), ' vs t'])
    xlabel('time')
    ylabel(['h', num2str(i)])
    save("Prior state estimation" + num2str(i));
end

```



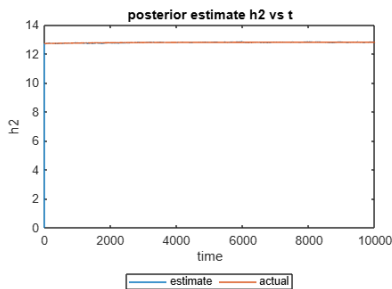
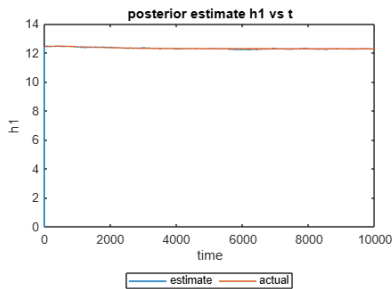


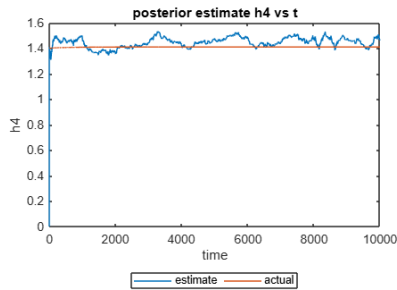
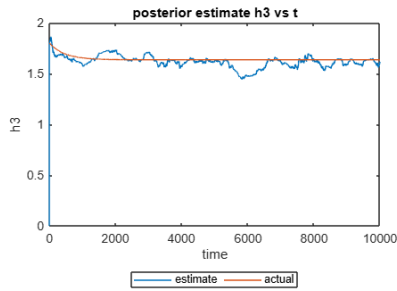
```

rms = zeros(4, 1);
for i=1:4
    figure;
    plot(t_span,x_post_mean(i, 1:10000), t_span, h(1:10000, i))
    legend('estimate', 'actual', 'Location', 'southoutside', 'Orientation',
'horizontal')
    title(['posterior estimate h', num2str(i), ' vs t'])
    xlabel('time')
    ylabel(['h', num2str(i)])
    save("Postrrior state estimation" + num2str(i));

    % Call the function to calculate rmse
    rms(i) = rmse(h(1:10000, i)', x_post_mean(i,1:10000));
end

```





```
% Function to save the plot
function save(title)
    validFileName = sprintf(title);
    fileExtension = 'png';
    fileName = sprintf('%s.%s', validFileName, fileExtension);
    saveas(gcf, fileName);
end

% Function to calculate rmse
function rms = rmse(a, b)
    rms = sqrt(mean((a-b).^2));
end

function dh_dt = four_tank_ode1(t, h)
A1 = 28; %(cm^2)
A2 = 32;
A3 = 28;
A4 = 32;
a1 = 0.071;
a3 = 0.071; %(cm^2)
a2 = 0.057;
a4 = 0.057;
g = 981; %(cm/s^2)
gamma1 = 0.7; gamma2 = 0.6; % constants, determined from valve position
k1 = 3.33; k2 = 3.35; %[cm^3/Vs]
kc = 0.5; % [V/cm]
v1 = 3; v2 = 3; % (V)
h0 = [12.4; 12.7; 1.8; 1.4];

% Calculate the time derivatives of the state variables
dh_dt = [
    (-a1 * sqrt(2 * g * h(1)) / A1) + (a3 * sqrt(2 * g * h(3)) / A1) + (gamma1
    * k1 * v1 / A1);
```



```
(-a2 * sqrt(2 * g * h(2)) / A2) + (a4 * sqrt(2 * g * h(4)) / A2) + (gamma2  
* k2 * v2 / A2);  
(-a3 * sqrt(2 * g * h(3)) / A3) + ((1 - gamma2) * k2 * v2 / A3);  
(-a4 * sqrt(2 * g * h(4)) / A4) + ((1 - gamma1) * k1 * v1 / A4);  
];  
end
```