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5 Pair and Coupled-pair Theories

5.1 The Independent Electron Pair Approximation

Ex 5.1

a.

$${}^{1}E_{\text{corr}}(\text{FO}) = \frac{|\langle 1\bar{1} \parallel 2\bar{2} \rangle|^{2}}{\varepsilon_{1} + \varepsilon_{1} - \varepsilon_{2} - \varepsilon_{2}}$$

$$= \frac{|\langle 1\bar{1} \mid 2\bar{2} \rangle - \langle 1\bar{1} \mid \bar{2}2 \rangle|^{2}}{2\varepsilon_{1} - 2\varepsilon_{2}}$$

$$= \frac{|[12|\bar{1}\bar{2}] - [1\bar{2}|\bar{1}2]|^{2}}{2\varepsilon_{1} - 2\varepsilon_{2}}$$

$$= \frac{K_{12}^{2}}{2(\varepsilon_{1} - \varepsilon_{2})}$$
(5.1.1)

b.

$${}^{1}E_{\text{corr}} = \Delta - \Delta \sqrt{1 + \frac{K_{12}^{2}}{\Delta^{2}}}$$

$$= \Delta - \Delta \left(1 + \frac{K_{12}^{2}}{2\Delta^{2}}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{K_{12}^{2}}{2\Delta}$$

$$\approx \frac{K_{12}^{2}}{2(\varepsilon_{1} - \varepsilon_{2})}$$
(5.1.2)

Ex 5.2 From Eq. 5.9a and 5.9b in the textbook, we get

$$\sum_{t < u} c_{1_i \bar{1}_i}^{tu} \left\langle \Psi_0 \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{1_i \bar{1}_i}^{tu} \right\rangle = e_{1_i \bar{1}_i}$$
 (5.1.3)

$$\left\langle \Psi^{rs}_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{0} \right\rangle + \sum_{t < u} \left\langle \Psi^{rs}_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \middle| \Psi^{tu}_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}} \right\rangle c^{tu}_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}} = e_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}} c^{rs}_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}$$

$$(5.1.4)$$

: .

$$c_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{2_{i}\bar{2}_{i}}\left\langle \Psi_{0}\left|\,\mathcal{H}\,\right|\Psi_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{2_{i}\bar{2}_{i}}\right\rangle =e_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}\tag{5.1.5}$$

$$\left\langle \Psi_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{2_{i}\bar{2}_{i}} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{0} \right\rangle + \sum_{l,s} \left\langle \Psi_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{2_{i}\bar{2}_{i}} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \middle| \Psi_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{tu} \right\rangle c_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{tu} = e_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}} c_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{2_{i}\bar{2}_{i}}$$

$$(5.1.6)$$

(5.1.5) gives

$$K_{12}c_{1,\bar{1}_i}^{2i\bar{2}_i} = e_{1,\bar{1}_i} \tag{5.1.7}$$

(5.1.6) gives

$$K_{12} + \sum_{ik} \left\langle \Psi_{1_i \bar{1}_i}^{2_i \bar{2}_i} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_0 \middle| \Psi_{1_i \bar{1}_i}^{2_j \bar{2}_k} \right\rangle c_{1_i \bar{1}_i}^{2_j \bar{2}_k} = e_{1_i \bar{1}_i} c_{1_i \bar{1}_i}^{2_i \bar{2}_i}$$

$$(5.1.8)$$

Since

$$\left\langle \Psi_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{2_{i}\bar{2}_{i}} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \middle| \Psi_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{2_{j}\bar{2}_{k}} \right\rangle c_{1_{i}\bar{1}_{i}}^{2_{j}\bar{2}_{k}} = \begin{cases} 2\Delta & j = k = i \\ 0 & j = k \neq i \\ 0 & i = j = \neq k \end{cases}$$
 (5.1.9)

we have

$$K_{12} + 2\Delta c_{1_i\bar{1}_i}^{2_i\bar{2}_i} = e_{1_i\bar{1}_i} c_{1_i\bar{1}_i}^{2_i\bar{2}_i}$$

$$(5.1.10)$$

Ex 5.3

$${}^{2}E_{\text{corr}}(\text{FO}) = \sum_{i} \frac{\left| \langle 1_{i} \bar{1}_{i} \parallel 2_{i} \bar{2}_{i} \rangle \right|^{2}}{\varepsilon_{1} + \varepsilon_{1} - \varepsilon_{2} - \varepsilon_{2}}$$

$$= 2 \times \frac{K_{12}^{2}}{2(\varepsilon_{1} - \varepsilon_{2})}$$

$$= \frac{K_{12}^{2}}{(\varepsilon_{1} - \varepsilon_{2})}$$
(5.1.11)

5.1.1 Invariance under Unitary Transformations: An Example

Ex 5.4

$$|a\bar{a}b\bar{b}\rangle = 2^{-1/2} \left(|1_1\bar{a}b\bar{b}\rangle + |1_2\bar{a}b\bar{b}\rangle \right)$$

$$= 2^{-1} \left(|1_1\bar{1}_1b\bar{b}\rangle + |1_1\bar{1}_2b\bar{b}\rangle + |1_2\bar{1}_1b\bar{b}\rangle + |1_2\bar{1}_2b\bar{b}\rangle \right)$$

$$= 2^{-2} \left(|1_1\bar{1}_11_1\bar{1}_1\rangle - |1_1\bar{1}_11_1\bar{1}_2\rangle - |1_1\bar{1}_11_2\bar{1}_1\rangle + |1_1\bar{1}_11_2\bar{1}_2\rangle \right)$$

$$+ |1_1\bar{1}_21_1\bar{1}_1\rangle - |1_1\bar{1}_21_1\bar{1}_2\rangle - |1_1\bar{1}_21_2\bar{1}_1\rangle + |1_1\bar{1}_21_2\bar{1}_2\rangle$$

$$+ |1_2\bar{1}_11_1\bar{1}_1\rangle - |1_2\bar{1}_11_1\bar{1}_2\rangle - |1_2\bar{1}_11_2\bar{1}_1\rangle + |1_2\bar{1}_11_2\bar{1}_2\rangle$$

$$+ |1_2\bar{1}_21_1\bar{1}_1\rangle - |1_2\bar{1}_21_1\bar{1}_2\rangle - |1_2\bar{1}_21_2\bar{1}_1\rangle + |1_2\bar{1}_21_2\bar{1}_2\rangle$$

$$+ |1_2\bar{1}_21_1\bar{1}_1\rangle - |1_2\bar{1}_21_1\bar{1}_2\rangle - |1_2\bar{1}_21_2\bar{1}_1\rangle + |1_2\bar{1}_21_2\bar{1}_2\rangle$$

$$= 2^{-2} \left(2 |1_1\bar{1}_11_1\bar{1}_1\rangle + 2 |1_1\bar{1}_11_2\bar{1}_2\rangle - 2 |1_1\bar{1}_21_1\bar{1}_2\rangle - 2 |1_1\bar{1}_21_2\bar{1}_1\rangle \right)$$

$$= 2^{-2} \left(2 |1_1\bar{1}_11_2\bar{1}_2\rangle - 2 |1_1\bar{1}_11_2\bar{1}_2\rangle \right)$$

$$= |1_1\bar{1}_12\bar{1}_2\rangle$$

$$(5.1.12)$$

Ex 5.5

$$\langle \Psi_0 \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} \rangle = 2^{-1/2} \left(\left\langle \Psi_0 \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{r}} \right\rangle + \left\langle \Psi_0 \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{s\bar{s}} \right\rangle \right)$$

$$= 2^{-1/2} \left(2 \times \frac{1}{2} K_{12} \right)$$

$$= 2^{-1/2} K_{12}$$

$$(5.1.13)$$

$$\langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} \rangle = 2^{-1} (\langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{r}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{r}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{r}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{s\bar{s}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{s\bar{s}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{r}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{s\bar{s}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{s\bar{s}} \rangle)$$

$$= 2^{-1} \left[\left(2h_{11} + 2h_{22} + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + \frac{1}{2}J_{22} + 2J_{12} - K_{12} \right) - (4h_{11} + 2J_{11}) \right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}J_{22} + \frac{1}{2}J_{22} + \left(2h_{11} + 2h_{22} + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + \frac{1}{2}J_{22} + 2J_{12} - K_{12} \right) - (4h_{11} + 2J_{11}) \right]$$

$$= 2^{-1} \left(-2h_{11} + 2h_{22} - \frac{3}{2}J_{11} + J_{22} + 2J_{12} - K_{12} \right) \times 2$$

$$= -2h_{11} + 2h_{22} - \frac{3}{2}J_{11} + J_{22} + 2J_{12} - K_{12}$$

$$(5.1.14)$$

Since

$$\varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_1 = h_{22} - h_{11} + 2J_{12} - K_{12} - J_{11} \tag{5.1.15}$$

we have

$$\langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} | \mathcal{H} - E_0 | \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} \rangle = 2(\varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_1) - 2J_{12} + K_{12} + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + J_{22}$$
 (5.1.16)

Ex 5.6 Since

$$|\Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**}\rangle = 2^{-1/2}(|\Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{r\bar{s}}\rangle + |\Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{s\bar{r}}\rangle) \tag{5.1.17}$$

$$\langle \Psi_{0} \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**} \rangle = 2^{-1/2} \left(\langle \Psi_{0} \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{r\bar{s}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{0} \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{s\bar{r}} \rangle \right)$$

$$= 2^{-1/2} \left(\langle a\bar{b} \parallel r\bar{s} \rangle + \langle a\bar{b} \parallel s\bar{r} \rangle \right)$$

$$= 2^{-1/2} ((ar|bs) + (as|br))$$

$$= 2^{-1/2} K_{12}$$
(5.1.18)

$$\langle \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**} \rangle = 2^{-1} (\langle \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{r\bar{s}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{r\bar{s}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{r\bar{s}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{s\bar{r}} \rangle
+ \langle \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{s\bar{r}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{r\bar{s}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{s\bar{r}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{s\bar{r}} \rangle
= 2^{-1} \left[\left(2h_{11} + 2h_{22} + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + \frac{1}{2}J_{22} + 2J_{12} - K_{12} \right) - (4h_{11} + 2J_{11}) \right]
+ \frac{1}{2}J_{22} + \frac{1}{2}J_{22}
+ \left(2h_{11} + 2h_{22} + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + \frac{1}{2}J_{22} + 2J_{12} - K_{12} \right) - (4h_{11} + 2J_{11}) \right]
= \dots
= 2(\varepsilon_{2} - \varepsilon_{1}) - 2J_{12} + K_{12} + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + J_{22} \equiv 2\Delta'$$
(5.1.19)

Thus the equations determining $e_{a\bar{b}}$ are identical to that of $e_{a\bar{a}}$. Similarly, $e_{\bar{a}b}$ shares the same equations with them.

 $\therefore e_{a\bar{b}} = e_{\bar{a}b} = e_{a\bar{a}}.$

Ex 5.7

a. As shown in Ex 5.5, 5.6

$$\langle \Psi_0 \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} \rangle = \langle \Psi_0 \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**} \rangle = \langle \Psi_0 \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{\bar{a}b}^{**} \rangle = 2^{-1/2} K_{12}$$
 (5.1.20)

$$\left\langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} \mid \mathcal{H} - E_0 \mid \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} \right\rangle = \left\langle \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**} \mid \mathcal{H} - E_0 \mid \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**} \right\rangle = \left\langle \Psi_{\bar{a}b}^{**} \mid \mathcal{H} - E_0 \mid \Psi_{\bar{a}b}^{**} \right\rangle = 2\Delta' \tag{5.1.21}$$

Similarly, we get

$$\left\langle \Psi_0 \left| \mathcal{H} \right| \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{**} \right\rangle = 2^{-1/2} K_{12} \tag{5.1.22}$$

$$\left\langle \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{**} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_0 \middle| \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{**} \right\rangle = 2\Delta' \tag{5.1.23}$$

For the rest,

$$\langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{**} \rangle = 2^{-1} (\langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{r}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{r\bar{r}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{r}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{s\bar{s}} \rangle$$

$$+ \langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{s\bar{s}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{r\bar{r}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{s\bar{s}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{s\bar{s}} \rangle)$$

$$= 2^{-1} [\langle b\bar{b} | | a\bar{a} \rangle + 0 + 0 + \langle b\bar{b} | | a\bar{a} \rangle]$$

$$= (ab|ab)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} J_{11}$$

$$(5.1.24)$$

$$\langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**} \rangle = 2^{-1} (\langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{r}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{r\bar{s}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{r}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{s\bar{r}} \rangle
+ \langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{s\bar{s}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{r\bar{s}} \rangle + \langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{r\bar{s}} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{s\bar{r}} \rangle)
= 2^{-1} [\langle r\bar{b} | | \bar{a}\bar{s} \rangle - \langle r\bar{b} | | s\bar{a} \rangle + \langle s\bar{b} | | r\bar{a} \rangle - \langle \bar{s}\bar{b} | | \bar{a}\bar{r} \rangle]
= 2^{-1} [(ra|bs) - (rs|ba) - (rs|ba) - (sr|ba) + (sa|br) - (sr|ba)]
= 2^{-1} [(ra|bs) + (sa|br) - 4(ab|sr)]
= 2^{-1} [2 \times \frac{1}{2} K_{12} - 4 \times \frac{1}{2} J_{12}]
= \frac{1}{2} K_{12} - J_{12}$$
(5.1.25)

Similarly, we get

$$\left\langle \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_0 \middle| \Psi_{\bar{a}b}^{**} \right\rangle = \frac{1}{2} J_{11}$$
 (5.1.26)

$$\langle \Psi_{a\bar{a}}^{**} | \mathcal{H} - E_0 | \Psi_{\bar{a}b}^{**} \rangle = \langle \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{**} | \mathcal{H} - E_0 | \Psi_{a\bar{b}}^{**} \rangle = \langle \Psi_{b\bar{b}}^{**} | \mathcal{H} - E_0 | \Psi_{\bar{a}b}^{**} \rangle = \frac{1}{2} K_{12} - J_{12}$$
 (5.1.27)

thus the DCI equation is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2^{-1/2}K_{12} & 2^{-1/2}K_{12} & 2^{-1/2}K_{12} & 2^{-1/2}K_{12} & 2^{-1/2}K_{12} \\ 2^{-1/2}K_{12} & 2\Delta' & \frac{1}{2}J_{11} & \frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12} & \frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12} \\ 2^{-1/2}K_{12} & \frac{1}{2}J_{11} & 2\Delta' & \frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12} & \frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12} \\ 2^{-1/2}K_{12} & \frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12} & \frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12} & 2\Delta' & \frac{1}{2}J_{11} \\ 2^{-1/2}K_{12} & \frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12} & \frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12} & \frac{1}{2}J_{11} & 2\Delta' \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \\ c_4 \end{pmatrix} = {}^2E_{\text{corr}}(\text{DCI}) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \\ c_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(5.1.28)$$

b. By solving the DCI equation above (see 5-7.nb), we get

$${}^{2}E_{\text{corr}}(\text{DCI}) = \frac{2\Delta' + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + 2(\frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12}) - \sqrt{16(2^{-1/2}K_{12})^{2} + [2\Delta' + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + 2(\frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12})]^{2}}}{2}$$

$$(5.1.29)$$

and

$$c_{1} = c_{2} = c_{3} = c_{4} = \frac{2\Delta' + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + 2(\frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12}) + \sqrt{16(2^{-1/2}K_{12})^{2} + [2\Delta' + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + 2(\frac{1}{2}K_{12} - J_{12})]^{2}}}{8 \times 2^{-1/2}K_{12}}$$

$$(5.1.30)$$

Since

$$2\Delta' = 2(\varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_1) - 2J_{12} + K_{12} + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} + J_{22}$$
(5.1.31)

$$2\Delta = 2(\varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_1) + J_{11} + J_{22} - 4J_{12} + 2K_{12}$$
(5.1.32)

we have

$$2\Delta = 2\Delta' + \frac{1}{2}J_{11} - 2J_{12} + K_{12}$$
(5.1.33)

٠.

$${}^{2}E_{\text{corr}}(\text{DCI}) = \frac{2\Delta - \sqrt{8K_{12}^{2} + (2\Delta)^{2}}}{2}$$

$$= \Delta - \sqrt{2K_{12}^{2} + \Delta^{2}}$$
(5.1.34)

$$c_1 = c_2 = c_3 = c_4 = \frac{2\Delta + \sqrt{8K_{12}^2 + (2\Delta)^2}}{4\sqrt{2}K_{12}}$$
$$= \frac{\Delta + \sqrt{2K_{12}^2 + \Delta^2}}{2\sqrt{2}K_{12}}$$
(5.1.35)

Ex 5.8

$$\begin{split} E_{\text{corr}}(\text{FO}) &= \sum_{A < B} \sum_{R < S} \frac{|\langle AB \, | \, RS \rangle|^2}{\varepsilon_A + \varepsilon_B - \varepsilon_R - \varepsilon_S} \\ &= \frac{|\langle a\bar{a} \, | \, r\bar{r} \rangle|^2 + |\langle a\bar{a} \, | \, r\bar{s} \rangle|^2 + |\langle a\bar{a} \, | \, s\bar{r} \rangle|^2 + |\langle a\bar{a} \, | \, s\bar{s} \rangle|^2}{\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_2} + \frac{|\langle a\bar{b} \, | \, r\bar{r} \rangle|^2 + |\langle a\bar{b} \, | \, r\bar{s} \rangle|^2 + |\langle a\bar{b} \, | \, s\bar{r} \rangle|^2 + |\langle a\bar{b} \, | \, s\bar{s} \rangle|^2}{\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_2} \\ &+ \frac{|\langle b\bar{a} \, | \, r\bar{r} \rangle|^2 + |\langle b\bar{a} \, | \, r\bar{s} \rangle|^2 + |\langle b\bar{a} \, | \, s\bar{r} \rangle|^2 + |\langle b\bar{a} \, | \, s\bar{s} \rangle|^2}{\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_2} + \frac{|\langle b\bar{b} \, | \, r\bar{s} \rangle|^2 + |\langle b\bar{b} \, | \, s\bar{s} \rangle|^2}{\varepsilon_1 + \varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2 - \varepsilon_2} \\ &= \frac{|(ar|ar)|^2 + |(ar|as)|^2 + |(as|ar)|^2 + |(as|as)|^2}{2(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)} + \frac{|(ar|br)|^2 + |(ar|bs)|^2 + |(as|br)|^2 + |(as|bs)|^2}{2(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)} \\ &+ \frac{|(br|ar)|^2 + |(br|as)|^2 + |(bs|ar)|^2 + |(bs|as)|^2}{2(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)} + \frac{|(br|br)|^2 + |(br|bs)|^2 + |(bs|br)|^2 + |(bs|bs)|^2}{2(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)} \\ &= \frac{\left|\frac{1}{2}K_{12}\right|^2 + 0 + 0 + \left|\frac{1}{2}K_{12}\right|^2}{2(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)} + \frac{0 + \left|\frac{1}{2}K_{12}\right|^2 + \left|\frac{1}{2}K_{12}\right|^2 + 0}{2(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)} \\ &+ \frac{0 + 0 + \left|\frac{1}{2}K_{12}\right|^2 + \left|\frac{1}{2}K_{12}\right|^2}{2(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)} + \frac{\left|\frac{1}{2}K_{12}\right|^2 + 0 + 0 + \left|\frac{1}{2}K_{12}\right|^2}{2(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)} \\ &= \frac{2K_{12}^2}{2(\varepsilon_1 - \varepsilon_2)} \end{aligned}$$

Ex 5.9

a.

$$^{2}E_{\text{corr}}(\text{EN(L)}) = -\sum_{a < b} \sum_{r < s} \frac{\left| \left\langle \Psi_{0} \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \right\rangle \right|^{2}}{\left\langle \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \mid \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \mid \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \right\rangle}$$

$$= -\frac{\left| \left\langle \Psi_{0} \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_{1_{1} \bar{1}_{1}}^{2_{1} \bar{1}_{1}} \right\rangle \right|^{2}}{\left\langle \Psi_{1_{1} \bar{1}_{1}}^{2_{1} \bar{1}_{1}} \mid \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \mid \Psi_{1_{1} \bar{1}_{1}}^{2_{1} \bar{1}_{1}} \right\rangle}$$

$$(5.1.37)$$

Ex 5.10

- 5.1.2 Some Illustrative Calculations
- 5.2 Coupled-pair Theories
- 5.2.1 The Coupled-cluster Approximation
- 5.2.2 The Cluster Expansion of the Wave Function

Ex 5.11 Eq. 5.49 gives

$$\begin{split} |\Phi_{0}\rangle &= |1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle + c_{1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}}^{2\bar{1}\bar{2}_{1}}|2_{1}\bar{2}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle + c_{1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}}^{2\bar{2}_{2}}|1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}2_{2}\bar{2}_{2}\rangle + c_{1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}}^{2\bar{1}_{2}2\bar{2}_{2}}|2_{1}\bar{2}_{1}2_{2}\bar{2}_{2}\rangle \\ &= \left[1 + c_{1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}}^{2\bar{1}_{2}}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}a_{1_{1}} + c_{1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}}^{2\bar{2}_{2}}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}a_{1_{2}} + c_{1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}}^{2\bar{1}_{2}2\bar{2}_{2}}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}a_{1_{2}}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}a_{1_{1}}\right] |1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle \end{split} \tag{5.2.1}$$

while

$$\begin{split} &\exp\left(c_{1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}}^{2_{1}\bar{2}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{2}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}a_{1_{1}}+c_{1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}}^{2_{2}\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}a_{1_{2}}\right)|1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle\\ &=\left[1+\left(c_{1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}}^{2_{1}\bar{2}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}a_{1_{1}}+c_{1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}}^{2_{2}\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}\right)+\left(c_{1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}}^{2_{1}\bar{2}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}a_{1_{1}}+c_{1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}}^{2_{2}\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}\right)+\left(c_{1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}}^{2_{1}\bar{2}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}a_{1_{1}}+c_{1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}}^{2_{2}\bar{2}_{2}}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}\right)^{2}+\cdots\right]|1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle\\ &(5.2.2)\end{split}$$

since we cannot annihilate or create any orbital twice, the terms over 3rd power must be zero, thus

$$\begin{split} &\exp\left(c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{2}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{2}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}a_{1_{1}} + c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}a_{1_{2}}\right) |1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle \\ &= \left[1 + \left(c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}} + c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}\right) + \left(c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}} + c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}\right)^{2} |1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle \\ &= \left[1 + \left(c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}} + c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}\right) + \left(c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}} + c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}\right) + \left(c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}}\right)^{2} + \left(c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{1}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}\right)^{2} \\ &+ c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{1}}c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{1}}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}a_{1_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}a_{1_{2}}\right] |1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle \\ &= \left[1 + c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{2}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}} + c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{\bar{1}_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}a_{1_{2}} + c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{2}}c_{22\bar{2}_{2}}^{2}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{2}}a_{2_{2}}\right] |1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle \\ &= \left[1 + c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}} + c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}a_{1_{2}} + c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{2}}c_{22\bar{2}}^{2}a_{2}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{2}}a_{2_{2}}\right] |1_{1}\bar{1}_{1}1_{2}\bar{1}_{2}\rangle \\ &= \left[1 + c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{1}}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}} + c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}a_{1_{2}} + c_{11\bar{1}_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{2}}c_{2_{2}}^{22}a_{2_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{1}}a_{1_{1}} + c_{12\bar{1}_{2}}^{22\bar{2}_{2}}a_{2_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}^{\dagger}a_{1_{2}}a_{1_{2}} + c_{11\bar{1}_{1}1_{1}}^{21\bar{1}_{2}}a$$

5.2.3 Linear CCA and the Coupled-Electron Pair Approximation

Ex 5.12

 \mathbf{a} . The diagonal elements of \mathbf{D} is

$$\mathbf{D}_{rasb,rasb} = \langle \Psi_{ab}^{rs} | \mathcal{H} - E_0 | \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \rangle \tag{5.2.4}$$

thus

$$E_{\text{corr}} = -\mathbf{B}^{\dagger} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{B}$$

$$= -\frac{\langle \Psi_{0} | \mathcal{H} | \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \rangle^{\dagger} \langle \Psi_{0} | \mathcal{H} | \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \rangle}{\langle \Psi_{ab}^{rs} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \rangle}$$

$$= -\frac{|\langle \Psi_{0} | \mathcal{H} | \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \rangle|^{2}}{\langle \Psi_{ab}^{rs} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \rangle}$$
(5.2.5)

which matches Eq. 5.15 and 5.16.

b.

5.2.4 Some Illustrative Calculations

5.3 Many-electron Theories with Single Particle Hamiltonians

Ex 5.13

$$C = \frac{-H_{11} + H_{22} - \sqrt{H_{11}^2 + 4H_{12}H_{21} - 2H_{11}H_{22} + H_{22}^2}}{2H_{12}}$$
 (5.3.1)

$$\varepsilon_{1} = H_{11} + H_{12}C$$

$$= H_{11} + \frac{-H_{11} + H_{22} - \sqrt{H_{11}^{2} + 4H_{12}H_{21} - 2H_{11}H_{22} + H_{22}^{2}}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{H_{11} + H_{22} - \sqrt{H_{11}^{2} + 4H_{12}H_{21} - 2H_{11}H_{22} + H_{22}^{2}}}{2}$$
(5.3.2)

while the eigenvalues of the matrix is

$$\frac{H_{11} + H_{22} \pm \sqrt{H_{11}^2 + 4H_{12}H_{21} - 2H_{11}H_{22} + H_{22}^2}}{2}$$
(5.3.3)

5.3.1 The Relaxation Energy via CI, IEPA, CEPA and CCA

Ex 5.14

a.

$$\langle \Psi_0 \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_b^s \rangle = \left\langle \Psi_0 \mid \sum_i [h_0(i) + v(i)] \mid \Psi_b^s \right\rangle$$

$$= v_{bs}$$
(5.3.4)

b. Similarly

$$\langle \Psi_a^r | \mathcal{H} | \Psi_0 \rangle = v_{ra} \tag{5.3.5}$$

c.

$$\langle \Psi_{a}^{r} | \mathcal{H} - E_{0} | \Psi_{b}^{s} \rangle = \langle \Psi_{a}^{r} | \mathcal{H} | \Psi_{b}^{s} \rangle - E_{0} \langle \Psi_{a}^{r} | \Psi_{b}^{s} \rangle$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 + 0 & a \neq b, r \neq s \\ v_{rs} + 0 & a = b, r \neq s \\ -v_{ba} + 0 & a \neq b, r = s \end{cases}$$

$$E_{0} + \varepsilon_{r}^{(0)} + v_{rr} - \varepsilon_{a}^{(0)} - v_{aa} - E_{0} \quad a = b, r = s \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & a \neq b, r \neq s \\ v_{rs} & a = b, r \neq s \\ -v_{ba} & a \neq b, r = s \\ \varepsilon_{r}^{(0)} + v_{rr} - \varepsilon_{a}^{(0)} - v_{aa} \quad a = b, r = s \end{cases}$$

$$(5.3.6)$$

d. Since we cannot create or annihilate an orbital twice,

$$\langle \Psi_a^r \mid \mathcal{H} - E_0 \mid \Psi_{ab}^{rs} \rangle = \begin{cases} v_{bs} & a \neq b, r \neq s \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (5.3.7)

Ex 5.15

a.

$$\begin{split} |\Phi_{0}\rangle &= a_{1}b_{1} \cdot 0 + a_{1}b_{2} |\chi_{1}^{(0)}\chi_{2}^{(0)}\rangle + a_{1}b_{3} |\chi_{1}^{(0)}\chi_{3}^{(0)}\rangle + a_{1}b_{4} |\chi_{1}^{(0)}\chi_{4}^{(0)}\rangle \\ &+ a_{2}b_{1} |\chi_{2}^{(0)}\chi_{1}^{(0)}\rangle + a_{2}b_{2} \cdot 0 + a_{2}b_{3} |\chi_{2}^{(0)}\chi_{3}^{(0)}\rangle + a_{2}b_{4} |\chi_{2}^{(0)}\chi_{4}^{(0)}\rangle \\ &+ a_{3}b_{1} |\chi_{3}^{(0)}\chi_{1}^{(0)}\rangle + a_{3}b_{2} |\chi_{3}^{(0)}\chi_{2}^{(0)}\rangle + a_{3}b_{3} \cdot 0 + a_{3}b_{4} |\chi_{3}^{(0)}\chi_{4}^{(0)}\rangle \\ &+ a_{4}b_{1} |\chi_{4}^{(0)}\chi_{1}^{(0)}\rangle + a_{4}b_{2} |\chi_{4}^{(0)}\chi_{2}^{(0)}\rangle + a_{4}b_{3} |\chi_{4}^{(0)}\chi_{3}^{(0)}\rangle + a_{4}b_{4} \cdot 0 \\ &= (a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}) |\chi_{1}^{(0)}\chi_{2}^{(0)}\rangle + (a_{1}b_{3} - a_{3}b_{1}) |\chi_{1}^{(0)}\chi_{3}^{(0)}\rangle + (a_{1}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{1}) |\chi_{1}^{(0)}\chi_{4}^{(0)}\rangle \\ &- (a_{2}b_{3} - a_{3}b_{2}) |\chi_{3}^{(0)}\chi_{2}^{(0)}\rangle - (a_{2}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{2}) |\chi_{4}^{(0)}\chi_{2}^{(0)}\rangle + (a_{3}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{3}) |\chi_{3}^{(0)}\chi_{4}^{(0)}\rangle \end{split} \tag{5.3.8}$$

thus, with intermediate normalization

$$\begin{split} |\Phi_{0}\rangle &= |\Psi_{0}\rangle + \frac{a_{1}b_{3} - a_{3}b_{1}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}} |\Psi_{2}^{3}\rangle + \frac{a_{1}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{1}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}} |\Psi_{2}^{4}\rangle \\ &- \frac{a_{2}b_{3} - a_{3}b_{2}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}} |\Psi_{1}^{3}\rangle - \frac{a_{2}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{2}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}} |\Psi_{1}^{4}\rangle + \frac{a_{3}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{3}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}} |\Psi_{12}^{34}\rangle \end{split}$$
(5.3.9)

$$c_{1}^{3}c_{2}^{4} - c_{1}^{4}c_{2}^{3} = -\frac{a_{2}b_{3} - a_{3}b_{2}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}} \frac{a_{1}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{1}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}} + \frac{a_{2}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{2}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}} \frac{a_{1}b_{3} - a_{3}b_{1}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}}$$

$$= \frac{a_{2}a_{4}b_{1}b_{3} + a_{1}a_{3}b_{2}b_{4} - a_{2}a_{3}b_{1}b_{4} - a_{1}a_{4}b_{2}b_{3}}{(a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1})^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{(a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1})(a_{3}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{3})}{(a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1})^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{a_{3}b_{4} - a_{4}b_{3}}{a_{1}b_{2} - a_{2}b_{1}}$$

$$= c_{12}^{34}$$

$$(5.3.10)$$

b.

$$\mathbf{U}_{AA}^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{U}_{AA})} \begin{pmatrix} b_2 & -b_1 \\ -a_2 & a_1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (5.3.11)

$$(\mathbf{U}_{BA}\mathbf{U}_{AA}^{-1})_{11} = \frac{1}{\det(\mathbf{U}_{AA})}(a_3b_2 - b_3a_2)$$

$$= -\frac{a_2b_3 - a_3b_2}{a_1b_2 - a_2b_1}$$

$$= c_1^3$$
(5.3.12)

5.3.2 The Resonance Energy of Polyenes in Hückel Theory

Ex 5.16

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta & 0 & 0 & 0 & \beta \\ \beta & \alpha & \beta & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \beta & \alpha & \beta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \beta & \alpha & \beta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \beta & \alpha & \beta \\ \beta & 0 & 0 & 0 & \beta & \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$
(5.3.13)

the eigenvalues are

$$\alpha - 2\beta, \alpha - \beta, \alpha - \beta, \alpha + \beta, \alpha + \beta, \alpha + 2\beta \tag{5.3.14}$$

while from Eq. 5.131, we get

$$\varepsilon_i = \alpha + 2\beta \cos \frac{\pi i}{3} \quad (i = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, 3)$$
 (5.3.15)

i.e.

$$\{\varepsilon_i\} = \{\alpha + 2\beta, \alpha + \beta, \alpha + \beta, \alpha - \beta, \alpha - \beta, \alpha - 2\beta, \}$$
 (5.3.16)

which is identical to those eigenvalues.

The total energy is

$$\mathcal{E}_0 = 2(\alpha + 2\beta + \alpha + \beta + \alpha + \beta) \tag{5.3.17}$$

$$= 6\alpha + 8\beta \tag{5.3.18}$$

which agrees with Eq. 5.132.

Ex 5.17 For Eq. 5.139

$$\langle i | j \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (\langle \phi_{2i-1} | + \langle \phi_{2i} |) (|\phi_{2j-1} \rangle + |\phi_{2j} \rangle)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\delta_{2i-1,2j-1} + 0 + 0 + \delta_{2i,2j})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\delta_{i,j} + \delta_{i,j})$$

$$= \delta_{i,j}$$
(5.3.19)

 $\langle i^* | j^* \rangle$ is similar.

$$\langle i | j^* \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (\langle \phi_{2i-1} | + \langle \phi_{2i} |) (|\phi_{2j-1} \rangle - |\phi_{2j} \rangle)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\delta_{2i-1,2j-1} - 0 + 0 - \delta_{2i,2j})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\delta_{i,j} - \delta_{i,j})$$

$$= 0$$
(5.3.20)

For Eq. 5.140

$$\langle i | h_{\text{eff}} | i \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (\langle \phi_{2i-1} | + \langle \phi_{2i} |) h_{\text{eff}} (|\phi_{2i-1}\rangle + |\phi_{2i}\rangle)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\alpha + \beta + \beta + \alpha)$$

$$= \alpha + \beta$$
(5.3.21)

$$\langle i^* | h_{\text{eff}} | i^* \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (\langle \phi_{2i-1} | - \langle \phi_{2i} |) h_{\text{eff}} (|\phi_{2i-1}\rangle - |\phi_{2i}\rangle)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\alpha - \beta - \beta + \alpha)$$

$$= \alpha - \beta$$
(5.3.22)

$$\langle i | h_{\text{eff}} | i \pm 1 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (\langle \phi_{2i-1} | + \langle \phi_{2i} |) h_{\text{eff}} (| \phi_{2i-1\pm 2} \rangle + | \phi_{2i\pm 2} \rangle)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} (0 + 0 + \beta + 0) & + \\ \frac{1}{2} (0 + \beta + 0 + 0) & - \\ = \beta/2 \end{cases}$$
(5.3.23)

$$\langle i^* | h_{\text{eff}} | (i \pm 1)^* \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (\langle \phi_{2i-1} | - \langle \phi_{2i} |) h_{\text{eff}} (| \phi_{2i-1\pm 2} \rangle - | \phi_{2i\pm 2} \rangle)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} (0 - 0 - \beta + 0) & + \\ \frac{1}{2} (0 - \beta - 0 + 0) & - \\ = -\beta/2 \end{cases}$$
(5.3.24)

$$\langle i | h_{\text{eff}} | (i \pm 1)^* \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (\langle \phi_{2i-1} | + \langle \phi_{2i} |) h_{\text{eff}} (| \phi_{2i-1\pm 2} \rangle - | \phi_{2i\pm 2} \rangle)$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} (0 - 0 + \beta - 0) & + \\ \frac{1}{2} (0 - \beta + 0 - 0) & - \\ = \pm \beta/2 \end{cases}$$
(5.3.25)

Ex 5.18

$$\left\langle \Psi_0 \left| \mathcal{H} \right|^* \right\rangle = 2^{-1/2} \left\langle \Psi_0 \left| \mathcal{H} \right| \Psi_1^{2*} - \Psi_1^{3*} \right\rangle$$

$$= 2^{-1/2} [\beta/2 - (-\beta/2)]$$

$$= 2^{-1/2} \beta$$
(5.3.26)

thus

$$2^{-1/2}\beta c = e_1 \tag{5.3.28}$$

$$2^{-1/2}\beta - \frac{3}{2}\beta c = e_1 c \tag{5.3.29}$$

the solutions are

$$c = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2\sqrt{2}} \qquad e_1 = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{17}}{4} \beta \tag{5.3.30}$$

and we take

$$e_1 = \frac{-3 + \sqrt{17}}{4}\beta\tag{5.3.31}$$

Ex 5.19

a)

$$|\Psi_1\rangle = |\Psi_0\rangle + c_1 |\Psi_1^{1*}\rangle + c_2 |\Psi_1^{2*}\rangle + \dots + c_n |\Psi_1^{n*}\rangle$$
 (5.3.32)

Since

$$\left\langle \Psi_{0} \left| \right. \mathcal{H} \left| \right. \Psi_{1}^{1*} \right\rangle = 0 \tag{5.3.33}$$

$$\langle \Psi_0 \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_1^{2*} \rangle = \beta/2 \tag{5.3.34}$$

$$\left\langle \Psi_0 \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_1^{j*} \right\rangle = 0 \qquad (1 < j < n)$$
 (5.3.35)

$$\langle \Psi_0 | \mathcal{H} | \Psi_1^{n*} \rangle = -\beta/2 \tag{5.3.36}$$

thus,

$$|\Psi_1\rangle = |\Psi_0\rangle + c \begin{vmatrix} * \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (5.3.37)

$$\begin{vmatrix} * \\ 1 \end{vmatrix} = 2^{-1/2} \left(\left| \Psi_1^{2*} \right\rangle - \left| \Psi_1^{n*} \right\rangle \right) \tag{5.3.38}$$

As before, we get

$$\left\langle \Psi_0 \left| \mathcal{H} \right|^* \right\rangle = 2^{-1/2} \beta \tag{5.3.39}$$

but

thus

$$e_1 = \left(-1 + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}\right)\beta\tag{5.3.41}$$

$$E_R(IEPA) = Ne_1$$

$$= \left(-1 + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}\right) N\beta$$

$$= 0.2247 N\beta \tag{5.3.42}$$

b) As N = 10,

$$|\Psi_1\rangle = |\Psi_0\rangle + c_1 |\Psi_1^{1*}\rangle + c_2 |\Psi_1^{2*}\rangle + c_3 |\Psi_1^{3*}\rangle + c_4 |\Psi_1^{4*}\rangle + c_5 |\Psi_1^{5*}\rangle$$
(5.3.43)

As before, let

$$\begin{vmatrix} * \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 2^{-1/2} \left(|\Psi_1^{1*}\rangle - |\Psi_1^{5*}\rangle \right) \tag{5.3.44}$$

$$|\Psi_1\rangle = |\Psi_0\rangle + c_1 | 1 \rangle + c_3 |\Psi_1^{3*}\rangle + c_4 |\Psi_1^{4*}\rangle$$
 (5.3.45)

then the "particle" equations will be

$$\left\langle \Psi_{0} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| 1^{*} \right\rangle c_{1} + \left\langle \Psi_{0} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{1}^{3*} \right\rangle c_{3} + \left\langle \Psi_{0} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{1}^{4*} \right\rangle c_{4} = e_{1}$$
 (5.3.46)

$$\left\langle \stackrel{*}{1} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{0} \right\rangle + \left\langle \stackrel{*}{1} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{1}^{3*} \right\rangle c_{3} + \left\langle \stackrel{*}{1} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{1}^{4*} \right\rangle c_{4} + \left\langle \stackrel{*}{1} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \middle| \stackrel{*}{1} \right\rangle c_{1} = e_{1}c_{1} \qquad (5.3.47)$$

$$\left\langle \Psi_{1}^{3*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{0} \right\rangle + \left\langle \Psi_{1}^{3*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| 1 \right\rangle c_{1} + \left\langle \Psi_{1}^{3*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{1}^{4*} \right\rangle c_{4} + \left\langle \Psi_{1}^{3*} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \middle| \Psi_{1}^{3*} \right\rangle c_{3} = e_{1}c_{3} \qquad (5.3.48)$$

$$\left\langle \Psi_{1}^{4*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{0} \right\rangle + \left\langle \Psi_{1}^{4*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| 1^{*} \right\rangle c_{1} + \left\langle \Psi_{1}^{4*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{1}^{3*} \right\rangle c_{3} + \left\langle \Psi_{1}^{4*} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \middle| \Psi_{1}^{4*} \right\rangle c_{4} = e_{1}c_{4} \qquad (5.3.49)$$

where

$$\left\langle \Psi_0 \left| \mathcal{H} \right| \right|^* \right\rangle = 2^{-1/2} \beta \tag{5.3.50}$$

$$\langle \Psi_0 \mid \mathcal{H} \mid \Psi_1^{3*} \rangle = 0 \tag{5.3.51}$$

$$\left\langle \Psi_0 \left| \mathcal{H} \left| \Psi_1^{4*} \right\rangle = 0 \right. \tag{5.3.52}$$

$$\left\langle \stackrel{*}{1} \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_0 \middle| \stackrel{*}{1} \right\rangle = -2\beta \tag{5.3.53}$$

$$\left\langle \Psi_{1}^{3*} \mid \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \mid \Psi_{1}^{3*} \right\rangle = \left\langle \Psi_{1}^{4*} \mid \mathcal{H} - E_{0} \mid \Psi_{1}^{4*} \right\rangle = \alpha - \beta - E_{0} = -2\beta \tag{5.3.54}$$

$$\left\langle \Psi_{1}^{3*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{1}^{4*} \right\rangle = -\beta/2 \tag{5.3.57}$$

thus

$$2^{-1/2}\beta c_1 = e_1 \tag{5.3.58}$$

$$2^{-1/2}\beta + 2^{-1/2}(-\beta/2)c_3 + 2^{-1/2}(\beta/2)c_4 + (-2\beta)c_1 = e_1c_1$$
(5.3.59)

$$2^{-1/2}(-\beta/2)c_1 + (-\beta/2)c_4 + (-2\beta)c_3 = e_1c_3$$
(5.3.60)

$$2^{-1/2}(\beta/2)c_1 + (-\beta/2)c_3 + (-2\beta)c_4 = e_1c_4$$
(5.3.61)

or

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2^{-1/2}\beta & 0 & 0 \\ 2^{-1/2}\beta & -2\beta & 2^{-1/2}(-\beta/2) & 2^{-1/2}(\beta/2) \\ 0 & 2^{-1/2}(-\beta/2) & -2\beta & -\beta/2 \\ 0 & 2^{-1/2}(\beta/2) & -\beta/2 & -2\beta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ c_1 \\ c_3 \\ c_4 \end{pmatrix} = e_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ c_1 \\ c_3 \\ c_4 \end{pmatrix}$$
(5.3.62)

the eigenvalues are

$$-\frac{5}{2}\beta \text{ or roots of } (2e_1/\beta)^3 + 7(2e_1/\beta)^2 + 9(2e_1/\beta) - 6 = 0$$
 (5.3.63)

rearrange the cubic equation, we get

$$4e_1^3 + 14\beta e_1^2 + 9\beta^2 e_1 - 3\beta^3 = 0 (5.3.64)$$

$$e_1 = -2.4627\beta, -1.2760\beta, 0.2387\beta \tag{5.3.65}$$

so we take

$$e_1 = 0.2387\beta \tag{5.3.66}$$

Ex 5.20

$$\left\langle \stackrel{*}{1} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \stackrel{*}{2} \right\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \left\langle \Psi_{1}^{2*} - \Psi_{1}^{3*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{2}^{3*} - \Psi_{2}^{1*} \right\rangle$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left\langle \Psi_{1}^{3*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_{2}^{3*} \right\rangle$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} (-1) \left\langle 2 \middle| h_{\text{eff}} \middle| 1 \right\rangle$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} (-1) \beta / 2$$

$$= \beta / 4$$
(5.3.67)

$$\left\langle 2 \left| \mathcal{H} \right| 3 \right\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \left\langle \Psi_2^{3*} - \Psi_2^{1*} \left| \mathcal{H} \right| \Psi_3^{1*} - \Psi_3^{2*} \right\rangle$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left\langle \Psi_2^{1*} \left| \mathcal{H} \right| \Psi_3^{1*} \right\rangle$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} (-1)\beta/2$$

$$= \beta/4 \tag{5.3.69}$$

For SCI,

$$\sum_{bs} v_{bs} c_b^s = E_R(SCI) \tag{5.3.70}$$

$$v_{ra} + (\varepsilon_r^{(0)} + v_{rr})c_a^r + \sum_s v_{rs}c_a^s - (\varepsilon_a^{(0)} + v_{aa})c_a^r - \sum_b v_{ba}c_b^r = E_R(SCI)c_a^r$$
 (5.3.71)

thus

$$6c \left\langle i \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_0 \right\rangle = E_R(SCI) \tag{5.3.72}$$

$$\left\langle i \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_0 \right\rangle + c \left\langle i \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_0 \middle| i \right\rangle + \sum_{j \neq i} c \left\langle j \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| i \right\rangle = E_R(SCI)c$$
 (5.3.73)

i.e.

$$6c \times 2^{-1/2}\beta = E_R(SCI)$$
 (5.3.74)

$$2^{-1/2}\beta + c\left(-\frac{3}{2}\beta + 2 \times \beta/4\right) = E_R(SCI)c$$
 (5.3.75)

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$$6c \times 2^{-1/2}\beta = E_R(SCI)$$
 (5.3.76)

$$2^{-1/2}\beta - c\beta = E_R(SCI)c \tag{5.3.77}$$

the solutions are

$$E_R(SCI) = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{13}}{2}\beta$$
 (5.3.78)

we take

$$E_R(SCI) = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{13}}{2}\beta$$
 (5.3.79)

 \mathbf{Ex} 5.21 It's clear that

$$\left\langle \Psi_0 \left| \mathcal{H} \right| \right| i \right\rangle = 2^{-1/2} \beta$$
 (5.3.80)

while

If i = j,

$$\left\langle i \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_0 \middle| i \right\rangle = \frac{1}{2} \left\langle \Psi_i^{(i+1)*} - \Psi_i^{(i-1)*} \middle| \mathcal{H} \middle| \Psi_i^{(i+1)*} - \Psi_i^{(i-1)*} \right\rangle - E_0$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 2(\alpha - \beta) - E_0$$

$$= -2\beta$$

$$(5.3.82)$$

else,

thus

$$\left\langle i \middle| \mathcal{H} - E_0 \middle| i \right\rangle = -2\beta \delta_{ij} \tag{5.3.84}$$

Similar to Ex. 5.20, the SCI equations are

$$Nc \times 2^{-1/2}\beta = E_R(SCI) \tag{5.3.85}$$

$$2^{-1/2}\beta + c(-2\beta + 0) = E_R(SCI)c$$
(5.3.86)

∴.

$$E_R(SCI) = \frac{-2 + \sqrt{2N+4}}{2}\beta = \left[\sqrt{1+N/2} - 1\right]\beta$$
 (5.3.87)