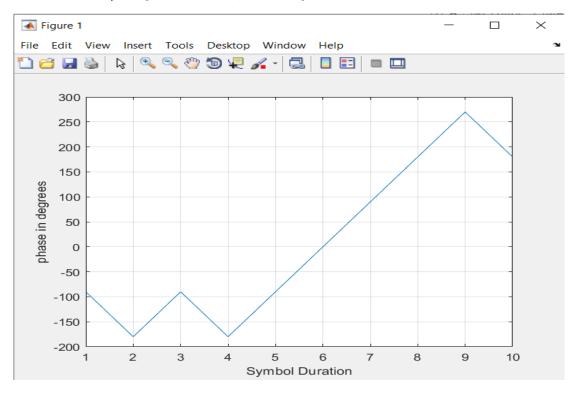
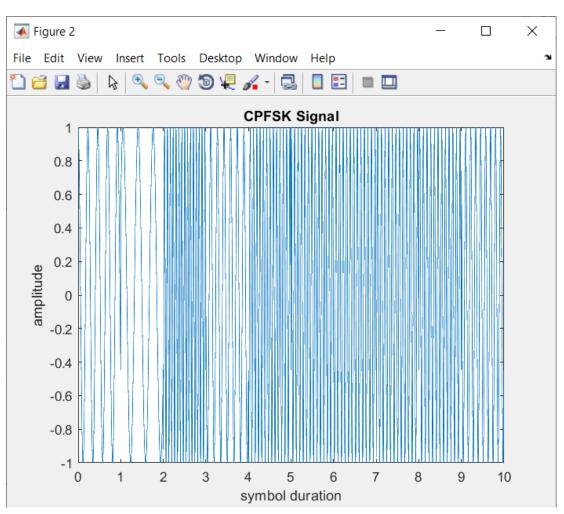
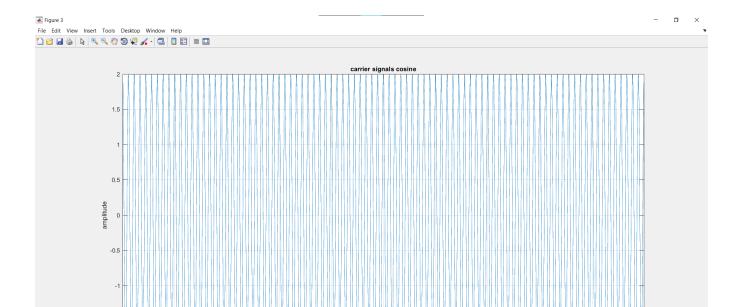
OUTPUTS: for input = [-1,-1, 1, -1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, -1]

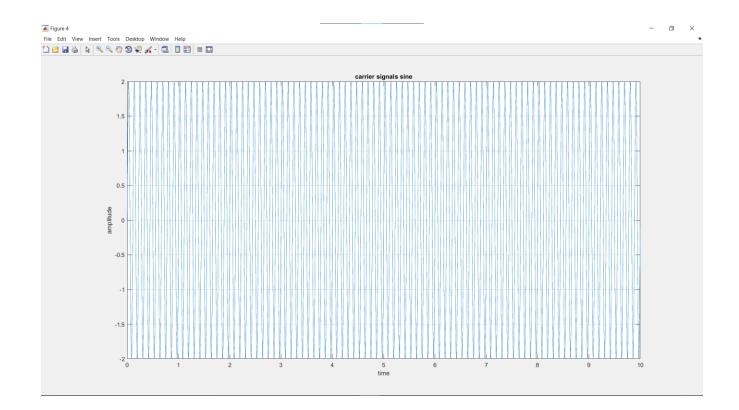


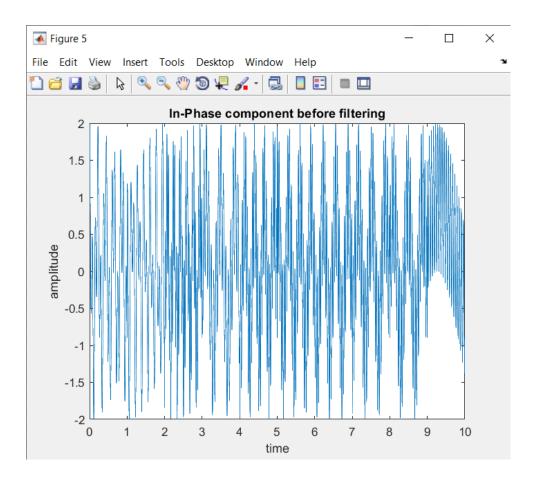


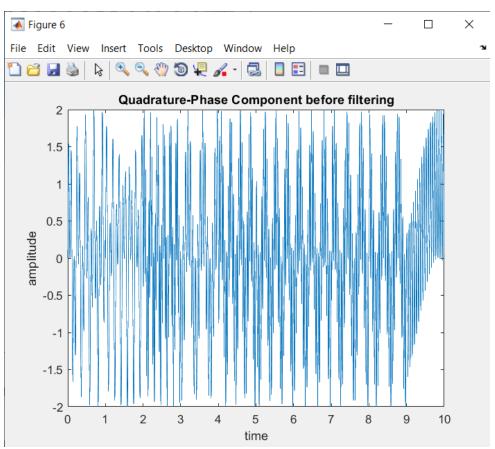


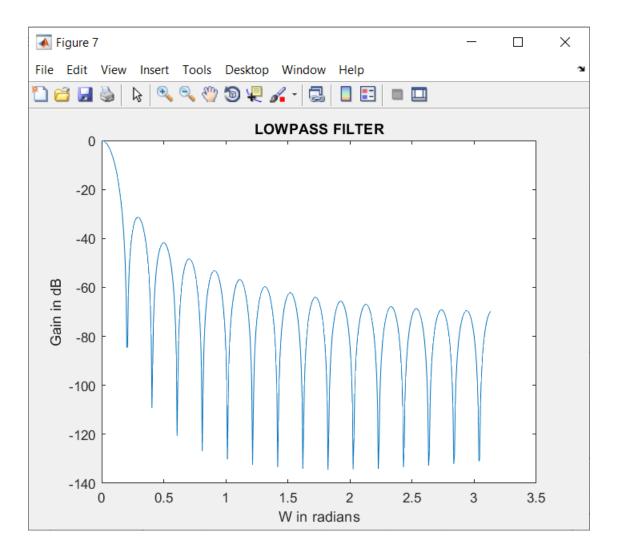
5 time

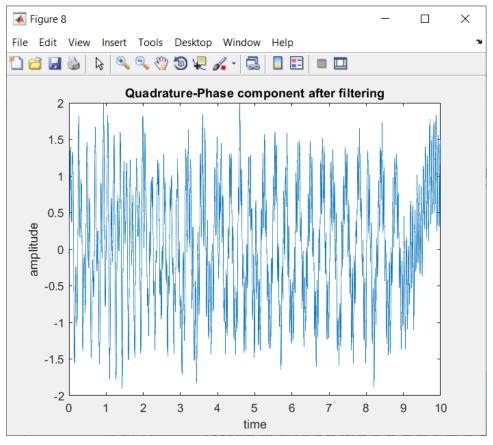
-1.5

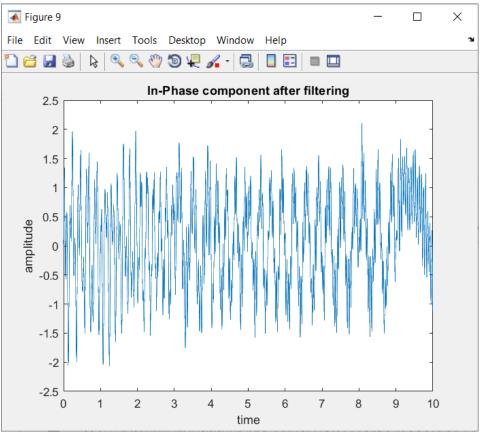


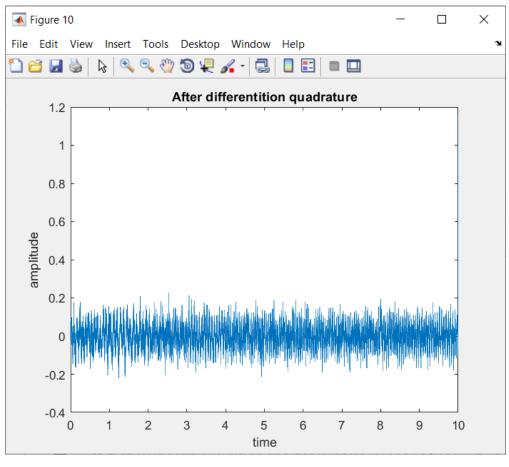


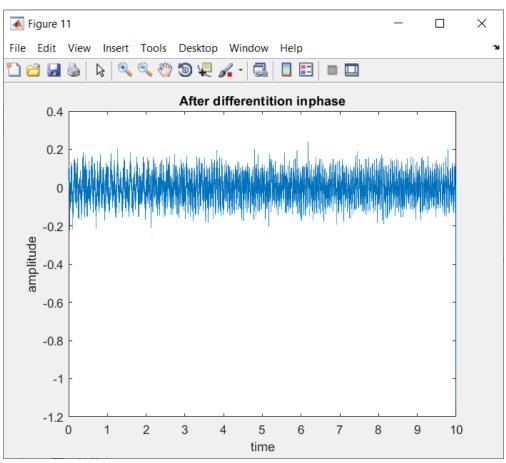


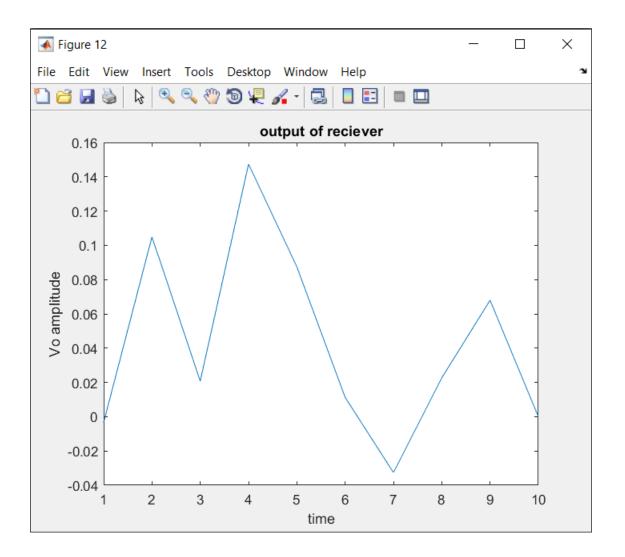












```
MATLAB Code:
```

```
clc
fs = 1e3;
T = 15;
fc = 10;
t = 0:1/fs:T-1/fs;
sim bits = 15;
mixingfreq = 9;
h = 0.5;
x = randi([0 1], sim bits, 1);
mapper = mapping(x);
phasetrajectory = tree(mapper, 0.5);
phaseshift = 0;
figure(1);
plot(phasetrajectory);
xlabel('Symbol Duration');
ylabel('phase in degrees');
grid on;
k = 1;
q = zeros(1, 15000);
for i = 1:1:T
    if(mapper(i) == 1)
      phaseshift = 180*h;
    end
    if(mapper(i) == -1)
        phaseshift = -180*h;
    end
    for t1=0.001+i-1:1/fs:i
        phase1(i) = phaseshift;
        s = cos(2*pi*fc*t1+(phaseshift*t1)/i);
        q(k) = s;
        k = k+1;
    end
end
figure(2);
plot(t,q);
xlabel('symbol duration');
ylabel('amplitude');
title('CPFSK Signal');
%Demodulation/Rx
[in_phase, quadrature_phase] = mixer(q, mixingfreq, T, fs);
figure (5);
plot(t,in phase);
```

```
%subplot(2,1,1);
xlabel('time');
ylabel('amplitude');
title('In-Phase component before filtering');
%subplot(2,1,2);
figure(6);
plot(t,quadrature phase);
xlabel('time');
ylabel('amplitude');
title('Quadrature-Phase Component before filtering');
% %Addition of noise
% quadrature phase = quadrature phase+randn(1,10000);
% in phase = in phase+randn(1,10000);
quadrature phase filter = filter 1(quadrature phase);
figure(8);
plot(t, quadrature phase filter);
xlabel('time');
ylabel('amplitude');
title('Quadrature-Phase component after filtering');
in phase filter = filter 1(in phase);
figure (9);
plot(t,in phase filter);
xlabel('time');
ylabel('amplitude');
title('In-Phase component after filtering');
quad diff = fofa(quadrature phase filter);
in diff = fofa(in phase filter);
figure(10);
plot(t,quad diff);
xlabel('time');
ylabel('amplitude');
title('After differentition quadrature');
figure (11);
plot(t,in diff);
xlabel('time');
ylabel('amplitude');
title('After differentition inphase');
oneterm = in diff.*quadrature phase filter;
twoterm = quad diff.*in phase filter;
summing = twoterm-oneterm;
rx output = sampling(summing, T);
figure(12);
plot(rx output);
```

```
xlabel('time');
ylabel('amplitude');
title('output of reciever');
Vavg = mean(rx output)
function mapper out = mapping(input signal)
    n = length(input signal);
    mapper out = zeros(1,n);
    for i = 1:1:n
       if (input signal(i) == 1)
           mapper out(i) = 1;
       else
           mapper out(i) = -1;
       end
    end
end
function phase = tree(input,h)
temp = 0;
for i = 1:1:length(input)
   if(input(i) == 1)
       temp = temp+h*180;
   else
       temp = temp-h*180;
   end
   phase(i) = temp;
end
end
function [inphase, quadphase] =
mixer(input signal, fc, T, fs)
    k = 1;
    m = 1;
    qp = zeros(1,10000);
    inphase = zeros(1,length(input signal));
    quadphase = zeros(1,length(input signal));
    ip = zeros(1,10000);
    t = 0:1/fs:T-1/fs;
    for t1=0:1/fs:T-1/fs
        z = 2*\cos(2*pi*fc*t1);
        ip(k) = z;
        k = k+1;
    end
    for t1=0:1/fs:T-1/fs
        y = 2*sin(2*pi*fc*t1);
        qp(m) = y;
        m = m+1;
    end
```

```
inphase = input signal.*ip;
    quadphase = input signal.*qp;
    figure(3);
    plot(t, ip);
    grid on;
    title('carrier signals cosine');
    xlabel('time');
    ylabel('amplitude');
    %hold on;
            subplot(2,1,1);
    figure (4);
    plot(t,qp);
            subplot(2,1,2);
    grid on;
    title('carrier signals sine');
    xlabel('time');
    ylabel('amplitude');
end
function filter out = filter 1(input signal)
 n = 30;
 Fc = 1;
 FT = 1e3;
 %Rp = 0.005;
 %Rs = 0.005;
 wc = 2*(Fc/FT);
 window = kaiser(n+1);
 b = fir1(n, wc, 'low', window);
 [h,w] = freqz(b,1);
 figure (7);
 plot(w, 20*log(abs(h)));
 filter out = filter(b,1,input signal);
end
%first order finite approximation
function differentia = fofa(input signal)
differentia(1) = input signal(1);
for i=2:1:length(input signal)-1
    differentia(i)=input signal(i+1)-input signal(i);
end
differentia(length(input signal)) =
input signal(length(input signal));
end
function output = sampling(input signal, T)
```

```
for i=1:1:T
      output(i)=input_signal(i*1000);
end
end
```

## CONSIDERING NOISE:

```
clc
fs = 1e3;
T = 10000;
fc = 1000;
t = 0:1/fs:T-1/fs;
sim bits = 10000;
snr db = -4:1:10;
mixingfreq = 999;
h = 0.5;
x = randi([0 1], sim bits, 1);
mapper = mapping(x);
phasetrajectory = tree(mapper, 0.5);
phaseshift = 0;
figure(1);
plot(phasetrajectory);
xlabel('Symbol Duration');
ylabel('phase in degrees');
grid on;
for a = 1:1:length(snr db)
k = 1;
q = zeros(1, 1e7);
count = 0;
for i = 1:1:T
    if(mapper(i) == 1)
      phaseshift = 180*h;
    end
    if(mapper(i) == -1)
        phaseshift = -180*h;
    end
    for t1=0.001+i-1:1/fs:i
        phase1(i)=phaseshift;
        s = cos(2*pi*fc*t1+(phaseshift*t1)/i);
        q(k) = s;
        k = k+1;
    end
end
[in phase, quadrature phase] = mixer(q, mixingfreq, T, fs);
snr = snr db(a);
[in,qd] = noise(snr);
```

```
in phase = in phase+in;
quadrature phase = quadrature phase+qd;
quadrature phase filter = filter 1(quadrature phase);
in phase filter = filter 1(in phase);
quad diff = fofa(quadrature phase filter);
in diff = fofa(in phase filter);
oneterm = in diff.*quadrature phase filter;
twoterm = quad diff.*in phase filter;
summing = twoterm-oneterm;
rx output = sampling(summing, T);
vk = 0.0276+rx output;
for b = 1:1:10000
    if(vk>0)
        s(b) = 1;
    else
        s(b) = 0;
    end
end
for i=1:1:10000
   if(s(i) == x(i))
       count = count;
   else
       count = count+1;
   end
pe(a) = count/sim bits;
end
figure(2);
plot(snr db,pe);
//generation of noise
function [in,qd] = noise(snr db)
snr lin = 10^0.1.*snr db;
in = zeros(1, 1e7);
qd = zeros(1, 1e7);
for i =1:1:1e7
    n(i) =
sqrt(1/(2*snr lin))*randn(1)+li*sqrt(1/(2*snr lin))*randn
(1);
    in(i) = real(n(i));
    qd(i) = imag(n(i));
end
end
```