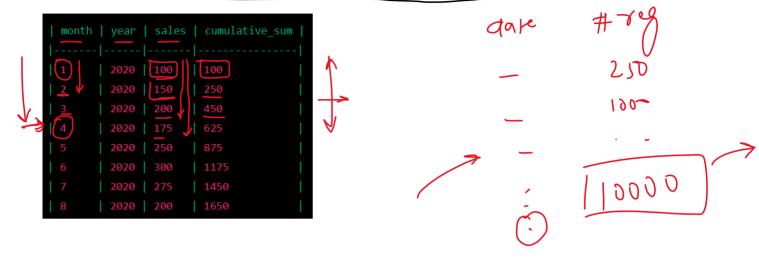
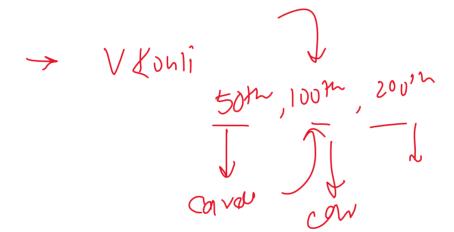


Cumulative Sum

01 March 2023 13:58

Cumulative sum is another type of calculation that can be performed using window functions. A cumulative sum calculates the sum of a set of values up to a given point in time, and includes all previous values in the calculation.

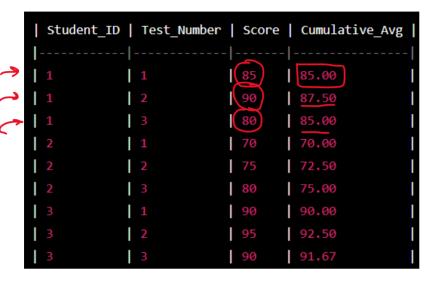




Cumulative Average

01 March 2023 13:58

Cumulative average is another type of average that can be calculated using window functions. A cumulative average calculates the average of a set of values up to a given point in time, and includes all previous values in the calculation.



~ N Kohl

Running Average

01 March 2023 13:58

Running average (also known as moving average) is a statistical technique that calculates the average value of a dataset over a moving window of consecutive data points.

The window size determines the number of data points used to calculate the average, and as the window moves forward in time, the average is recalculated using the new data points and dropping the oldest one. This means that the running average is continuously updated and reflects the most recent trends in the data.

For example, a running average of a batsman's runs scored over a window of 10 matches will calculate the average runs scored in the last 10 matches, then move the window one match forward and recalculate the average for the new set of 10 matches, and so on.

Running averages are often used in finance, economics, and engineering to smooth out noisy or volatile data series, and to identify trends or patterns that may be obscured by random fluctuations in the data.

match_id	runs_scored	running_avg	cumulative_avg
1	52	52.0	52.0
2	41	46.5	46.5
3	17 9 1	36.7	36.7
4	68 3 1	44.5	44.5
5	<u>36</u> 2	42.8	42.8
6	91	49.2	50.0
7	22	44.0	45.1
8	55 🗸	44.9	45.6
9	81	51.2	48.9
10	13	41.6	45.6
11	29	41.5	45.3
12	44	42.3	45.2
13	36	41.4	44.8
14	72	47.9	45.8
15	87	56.0	48.7

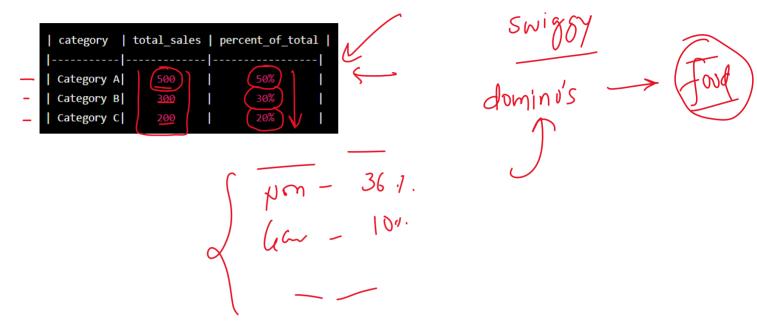
window = 5 mano

current form

Percent of total

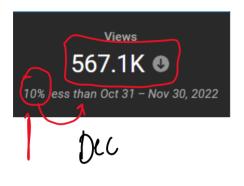
01 March 2023 13:59

Percent of total refers to the percentage or proportion of a specific value in relation to the total value. It is a commonly used metric to represent the relative importance or contribution of a particular value within a larger group or population.



Percent change is a way of expressing the difference between two values as a percentage of the original value. It is often used to measure how much a value has increased or decreased over a given period of time, or to compare two different values.

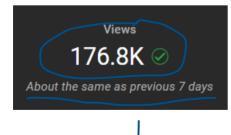












Percentiles & Quantiles

01 March 2023 13:59

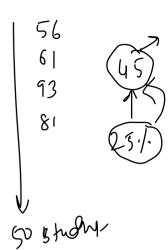
A **Quantile** is a measure of the distribution of a dataset that divides the data into any number of equally sized intervals. For example, a dataset could be divided into **deciles** (ten equal parts), **quartiles** (four equal parts), **percentiles** (100 equal parts), or any other number of intervals.

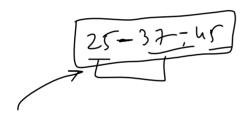
Each quantile represents a value below which a certain percentage of the data falls. For example, the 25th percentile (also known as the first quartile, or Q1) represents the value below which 25% of the data falls. The 50th percentile (also known as the median) represents the value below which 50% of the data falls, and so on.

Q1. Find the median marks of all the students \leftarrow

Q2. Find branch wise median of student marks.



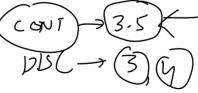




PERCENTILE_CONT calculates the <u>continuous percentile value</u>, which returns the interpolated value between adjacent data points. In other words, <u>it estimates</u> the <u>percentile value</u> by assuming that the values between data points are distributed <u>uniformly</u>. This function returns a value that may not be present in the original dataset.

PERCENTILE_DISC, on the other hand, calculates the discrete percentile value, which returns the value of the nearest data point. This function returns a value that is present in the original dataset.

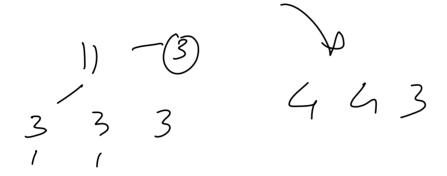
For example if we have 1,2,44,5



Segmentation

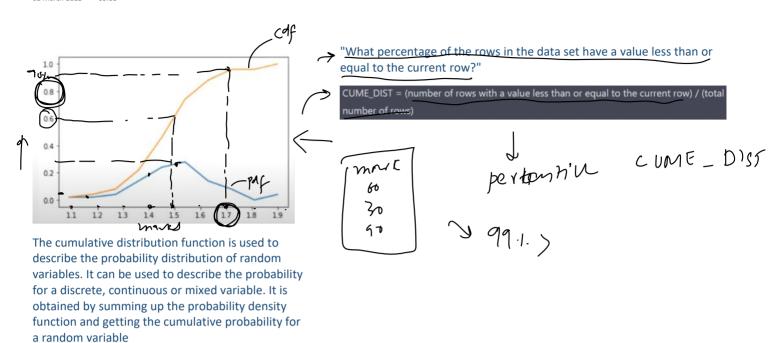
02 March 2023 09:30

Segmentation using NTILE is a technique in SQL for dividing a dataset into equalsized groups based on some criteria or conditions, and then performing calculations or analysis on each group separately using window functions.



Cumulative Distribution

02 March 2023 09:03



Partition By multiple columns

01 March 2023