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Started on	Wednesday, 19 June 2024, 8:14 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 19 June 2024, 8:27 PM
Time taken	12 mins 51 secs
Marks	3.00/5.00
Grade	60.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given an listof integers, sort the array in ascending order using the *Bubble Sort* algorithm above. Once sorted, print the following three lines:

1. [List](#) is sorted in numSwaps swaps., where numSwaps is the number of swaps that took place.
2. First Element: firstElement, the *first* element in the sorted [list](#).
3. Last Element: lastElement, the *last* element in the sorted [list](#).

For example, given a worst-case but small array to sort: a=[6,4,1]. It took 3 swaps to sort the array. Output would be

Array is sorted in 3 swaps.

First Element: 1

Last Element: 6

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, n , the size of the [list](#) a .

The second line contains n , space-separated integers $a[i]$.

Constraints

- $2 \leq n \leq 600$
- $1 \leq a[i] \leq 2 \times 10^6$.

Output Format

You must print the following three lines of output:

1. [List](#) is sorted in numSwaps swaps., where numSwaps is the number of swaps that took place.
2. First Element: firstElement, the *first* element in the sorted [list](#).
3. Last Element: lastElement, the *last* element in the sorted [list](#).

Sample Input 0

3
1 2 3

Sample Output 0

[List](#) is sorted in 0 swaps.

First Element: 1

Last Element: 3

For example:

Input	Result
3 3 2 1	List is sorted in 3 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 3
5 1 9 2 8 4	List is sorted in 4 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 9

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 def bubble_sort(arr):
2     num_swaps = 0
3     n = len(arr)
4     for i in range(n):
5         swapped = False
6         for j in range(0, n-i-1):
7             if arr[j] > arr[j+1]:
8                 arr[j], arr[j+1] = arr[j+1], arr[j]
9                 num_swaps += 1
10                swapped = True
11            if not swapped:

```

```

12         ..
13         break
14     return num_swaps
15
16 n = int(input())
17 arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
18 num_swaps = bubble_sort(arr)
19 print("List is sorted in", num_swaps, "swaps.")
20 print("First Element:", arr[0])
21 print("Last Element:", arr[-1])

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 3 2 1	List is sorted in 3 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 3	List is sorted in 3 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 3	✓
✓	5 1 9 2 8 4	List is sorted in 4 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 9	List is sorted in 4 swaps. First Element: 1 Last Element: 9	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given an [list](#), find peak element in it. A peak element is an element that is greater than its neighbors.

An element $a[i]$ is a peak element if

$A[i-1] \leq A[i] \geq A[i+1]$ for middle elements. $[0 < i < n-1]$

$A[i-1] \leq A[i]$ for last element $[i=n-1]$

$A[i] \geq A[i+1]$ for first element $[i=0]$

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer n , the length of A .

The second line contains n space-separated integers, $A[i]$.

Output Format

Print peak numbers separated by space.

Sample Input

5

8 9 10 2 6

Sample Output

10 6

For example:

Input	Result
4 12 3 6 8	12 8

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 a=int(input())
2 b=input().split()
3 x=list(map(int,b))
4 y=[]
5 for i in range(0,len(x)):
6     if(i==0 or x[i]>x[i-1] and i==len(x)-1 or x[i]>x[i+1]):
7         y.append(x[i])
8 for i in range(len(y)):
9     print(y[i],end=" ")

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	7 15 7 10 8 9 4 6	15 10 9 6	15 10 9 6	✓
✓	4 12 3 6 8	12 8	12 8	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Bubble Sort is the simplest [sorting](#) algorithm that works by repeatedly swapping the adjacent elements if they are in wrong order. You read an [list](#) of numbers. You need to arrange the elements in ascending order and print the result. The [sorting](#) should be done using bubble sort.

Input Format: The first line reads the number of elements in the array. The second line reads the array elements one by one.

Output Format: The output should be a sorted [list](#).

For example:

Input	Result
6 3 4 8 7 1 2	1 2 3 4 7 8
5 4 5 2 3 1	1 2 3 4 5

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 a=int(input ())
2 b=input().split()
3 x=list(b)
4 y=sorted(map(int,x))
5 for i in y:
6     print(i,end=" ")

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	6 3 4 8 7 1 2	1 2 3 4 7 8	1 2 3 4 7 8	✓
✓	6 9 18 1 3 4 6	1 3 4 6 9 18	1 3 4 6 9 18	✓
✓	5 4 5 2 3 1	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 4

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

An [list](#) contains N numbers and you want to determine whether two of the numbers sum to a given number K. For example, if the input is 8, 4, 1, 6 and K is 10, the answer is yes (4 and 6). A number may be used twice.

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer n , the length of [list](#)

The second line contains n space-separated integers, [list\[i\]](#).

The third line contains integer k.

Output Format

Print Yes or No.

Sample Input

```
7
0 1 2 4 6 5 3
1
```

Sample Output

```
Yes
```

For example:

Input	Result
5 8 9 12 15 3 11	Yes
6 2 9 21 32 43 43 1 4	No

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 ||
```

Question 5

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Write a Python program for binary search.

For example:

Input	Result
1,2,3,5,8 6	False
3,5,9,45,42 42	True

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  # Binary Search in python
2
3
4  def binarySearch(array, x, low, high):
5
6      # Repeat until the pointers low and high meet each other
7      while low <= high:
8
9          mid = low + (high - low)//2
10
11         if array[mid] == x:
12             return mid
13
14         elif array[mid] < x:
15             low = mid + 1
16
17         else:
18             high = mid - 1
19
20     return -1
21
22
23 array = [3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
24 x = 4
25
26 result = binarySearch(array, x, 0, len(array)-1)
27
28 if result != -1:
29     print("True")
30 else:
31     print("False")

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✗	1,2,3,5,8 6	False	True	✗
✓	3,5,9,45,42 42	True	True	✓
✓	52,45,89,43,11 11	True	True	✓

Your code must pass all tests to earn any marks. Try again.

Show differences

Incorrect

Marks for this submission: 0.00/1.00.

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Sorting ▶