Centralized Logging & Incident Analysis Platform

STEP 1: I Create a Resource Group:

1. I Go to Azure Portal
2. Search **Resource Groups**
3. Click on **Create**

Fill:

- Resource Group Name: rg-central-logging-sre
- Region: Central India (any region is OK)

Click **Review + Create**

I used below script to create a Resource Group.

```
PS /home/arunesh> New-AzResourceGroup -Name rg-central-logging -Location CentralIndia

ResourceGroupName : rg-central-logging
Location          : centralindia
ProvisioningState : Succeeded
Tags              :
ResourceId        : /subscriptions/41d0bf62-f847-44dd-b99b-860776425a5d/resourceGroups/rg-central-logging
```

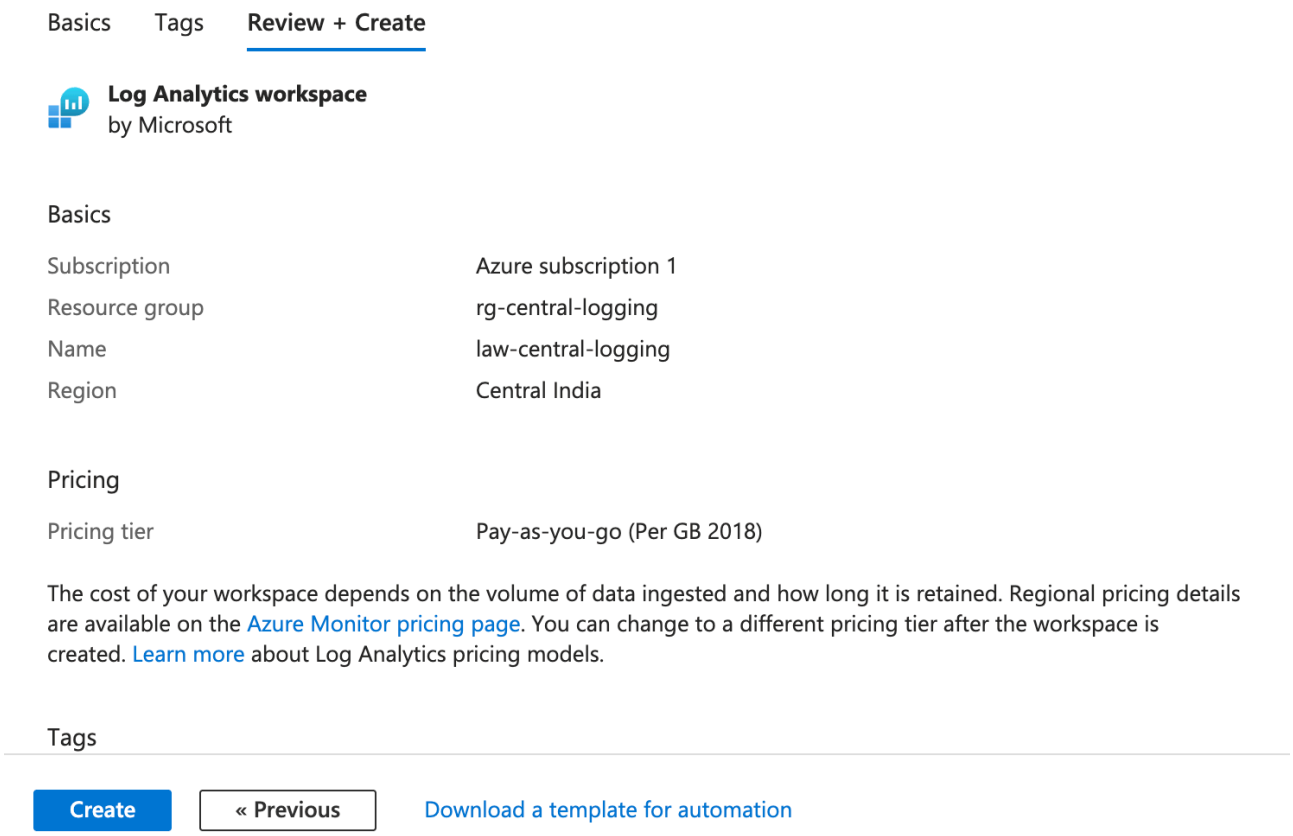
STEP 2: I Created Log Analytics Workspace using the below steps:

1. I Search Log Analytics Workspaces
2. Clicked on Create

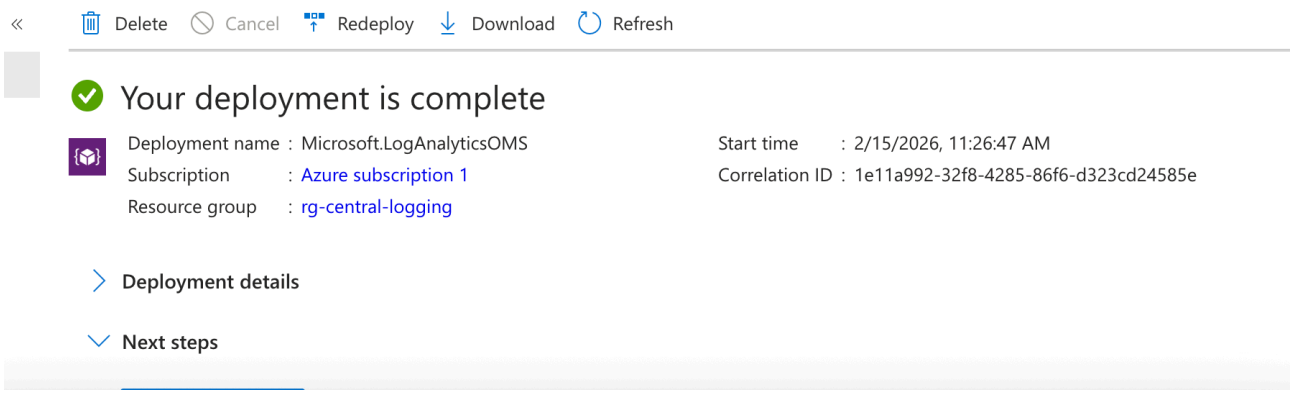
Fill:

- Name given: law-central-logging-sre
- Resource Group given: rg-central-logging-sre
- Region: Same as VM (recommended)

Click **Review + Create**



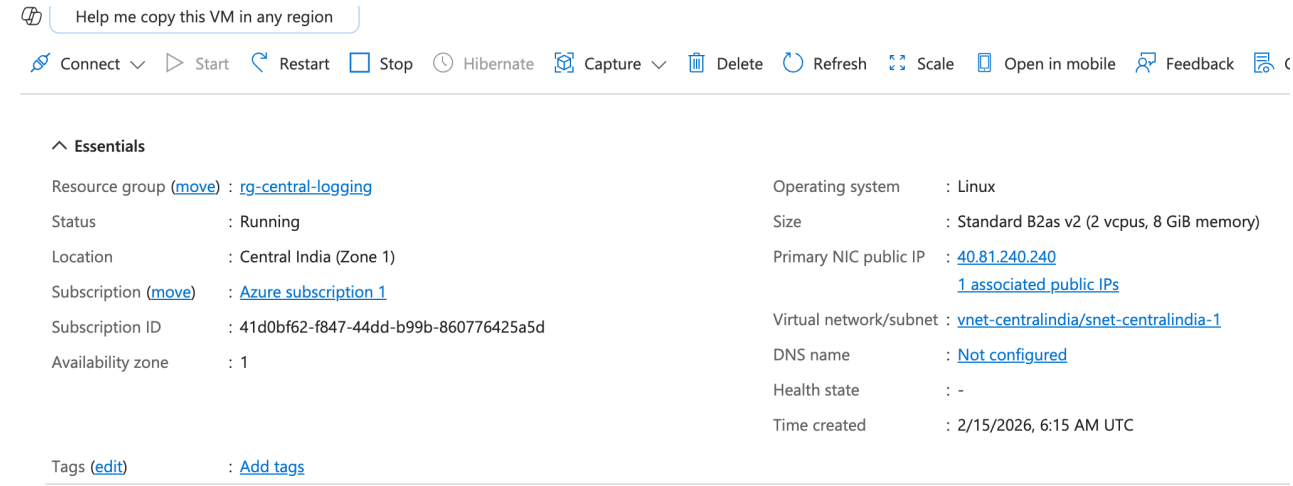
Once I click Create then it created log analytics workspace.



STEP 3: I Created a Linux VM

Search Virtual Machine
Clicked on Create button
Used the existing Resource Group

- Image given: Ubuntu LTS
- Size provided: Free tier eligible
- Authentication: SSH

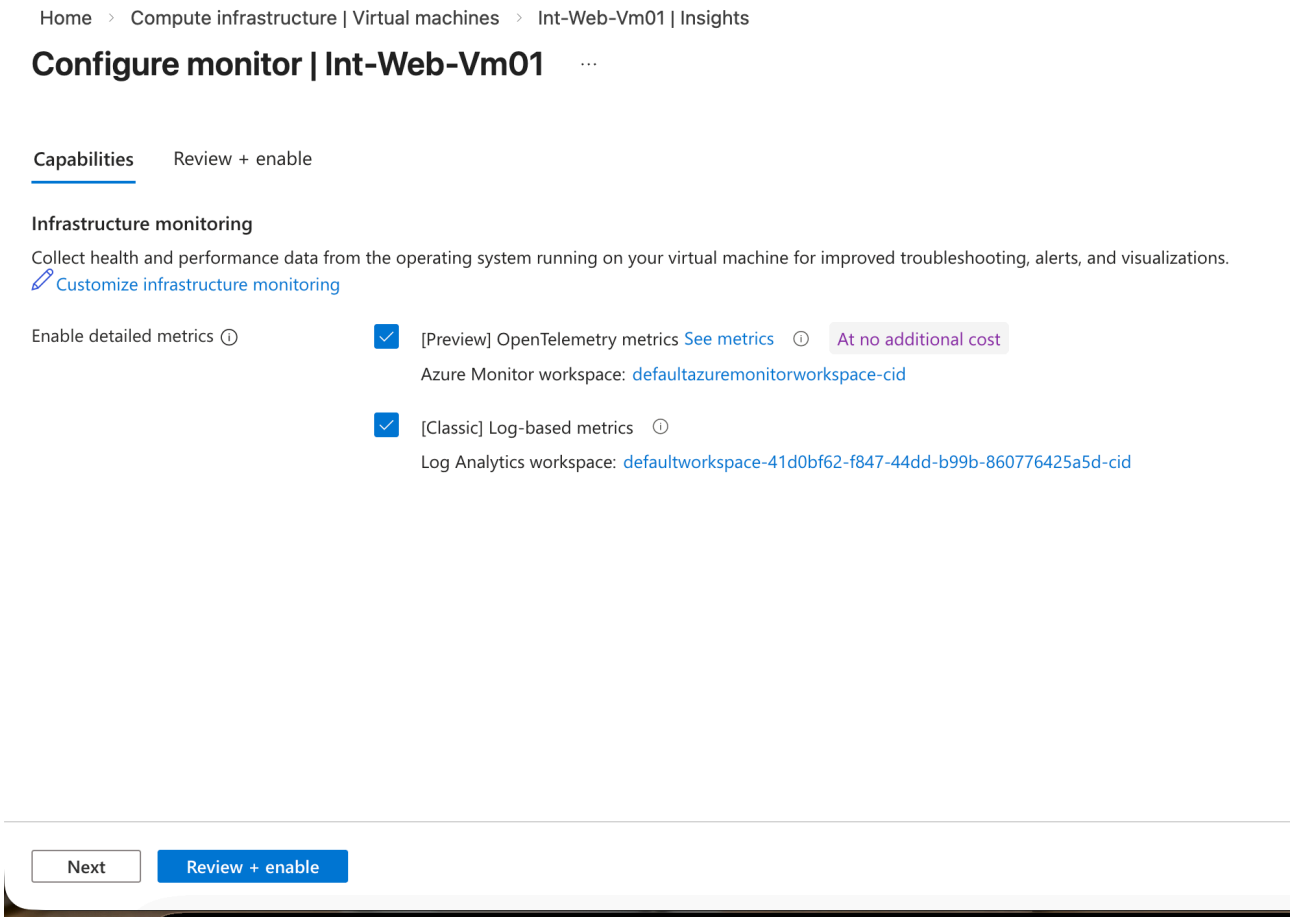


STEP 4: Connected VM to Log Analytics Workspace

Because without this, logs will not flow.

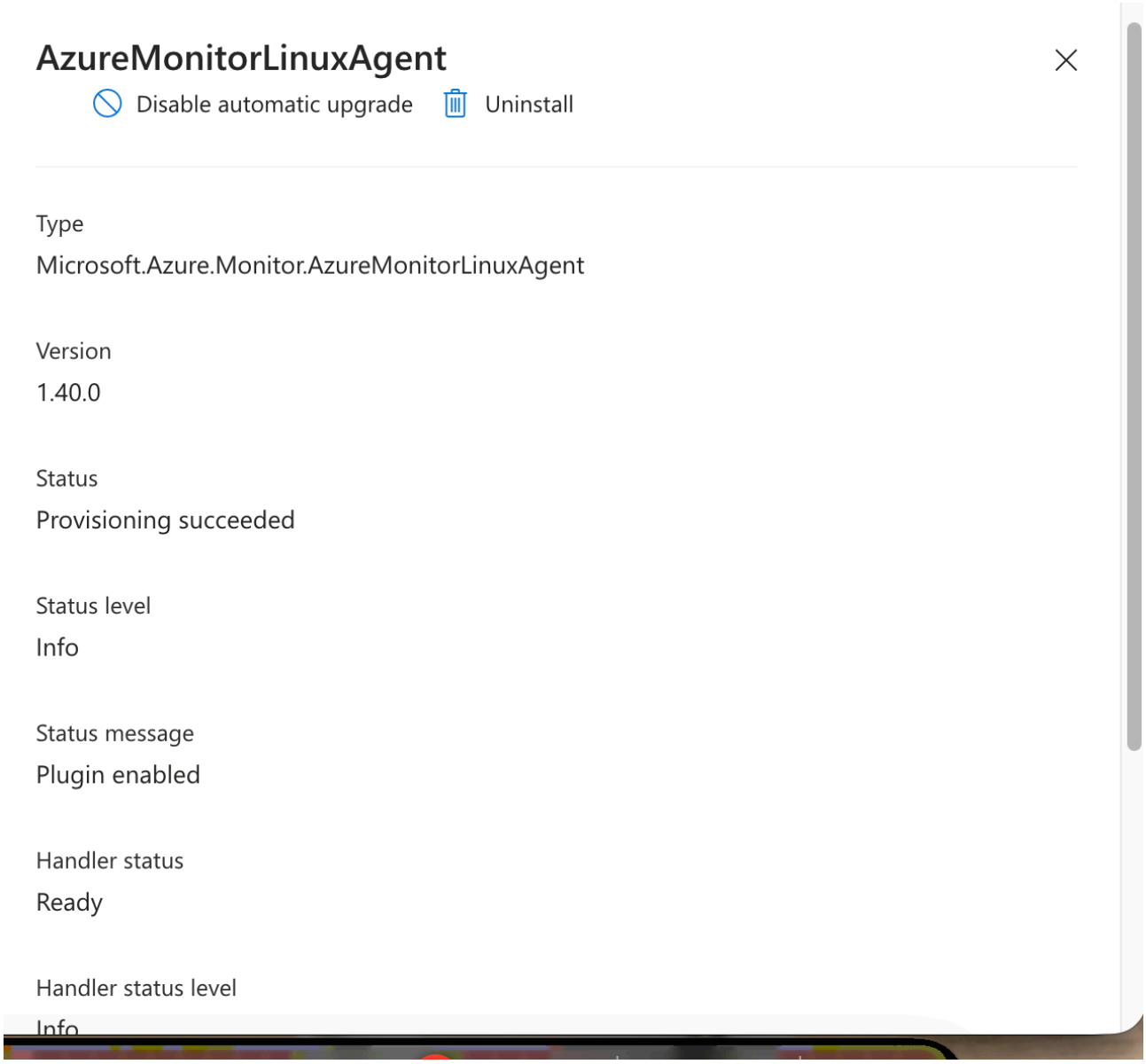
Steps performed:

1. Opened Virtual Machine
2. Go to Monitoring then click on Insights
3. Clicked on Enable



STEP 5 A: Azure Monitor Agent Is Installed
Steps:

1. Opened **Virtual Machine**
2. Go to **Extensions + Applications**
1. Click **Add**
2. Select **Azure Monitor Agent**
3. Click **Create**



STEP 6: Generated Logs (Real Incident Simulation)
SSH into VM

ssh azureuser@<VM-PUBLIC-IP>

When you see something like this then you need to perform below commands.

```
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.

arunesh@Int-Web-Vm01:~$
```

Generated logs using the below queries:

sudo apt update
sudo apt install apache2 -y
sudo systemctl restart apache2
sudo systemctl stop apache2
This basically creates:

- System logs
- Service failure logs

Created Data Collection Rule > Resources
What to do on this screen

1. Selected **Int-Web-Vm01**
2. Clicked on **Apply**
3. Clicked on **Next: Collect and deliver**

This step only links the VM to the DCR.

Next Screen: “Collect and deliver”
Clicked on Add data source
You will see options like:

- Performance counters
- Logs
- Syslog (Linux)

Select Logs
Chooses:

- **Linux syslog**

Why I used this:

- Heartbeat is sent automatically
- Syslog enables real incident analysis

Click on **Next**

Configure Syslog (MANDATORY)
Select:

- Facilities: **auth, daemon, syslog**
- Log levels: **Info, Warning, Error, Critical**

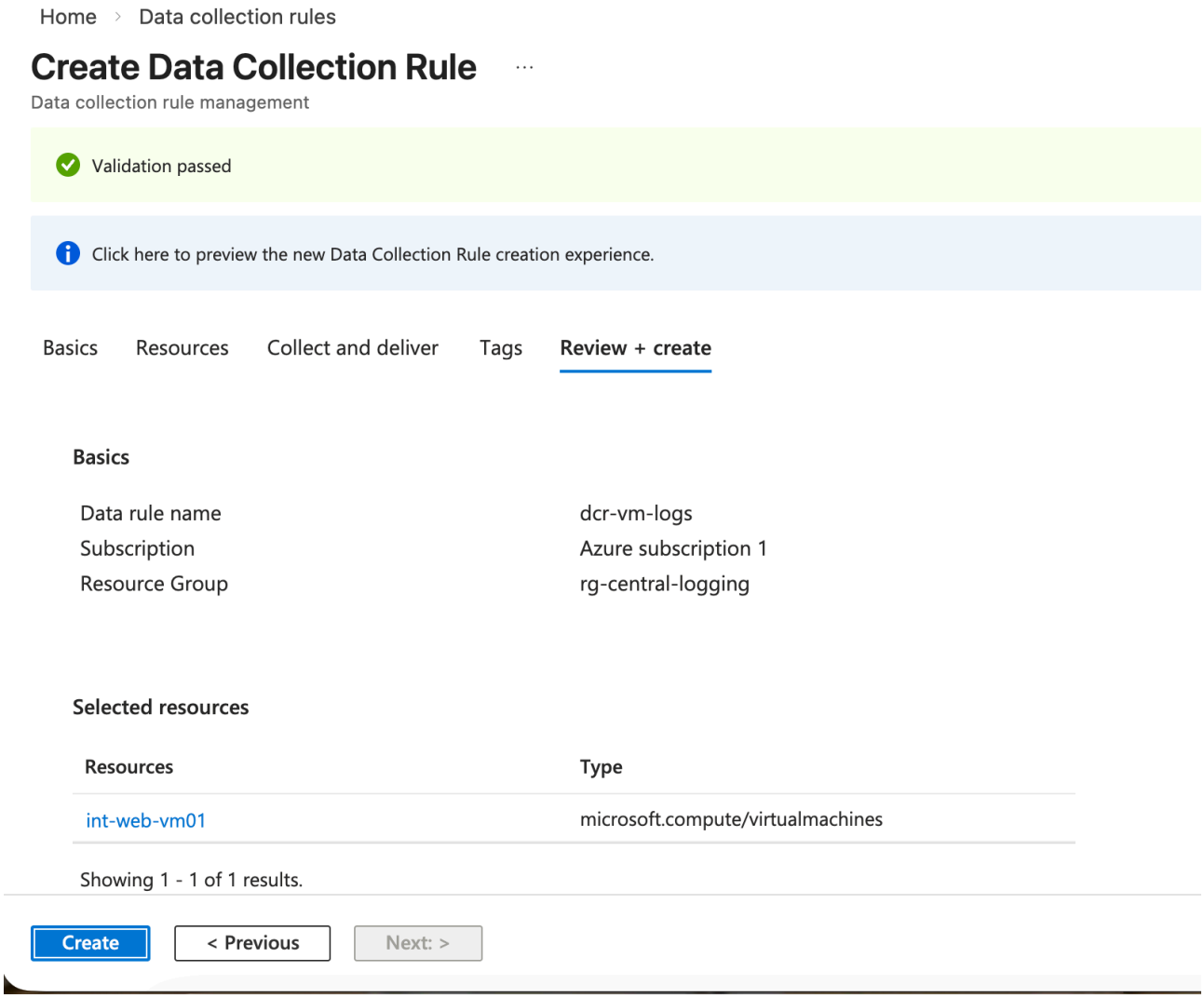
This ensures logs actually flow.

Destination
Selected:

- **Log Analytics workspace**

- Chooses my existing workspace

Click Add > Next > Create



WAIT TIME

After creating DCR:

- Waited for 5–10 minutes
- Because Azure Monitor is not instant

Verified the heartbeat (run the query below)

I go to:

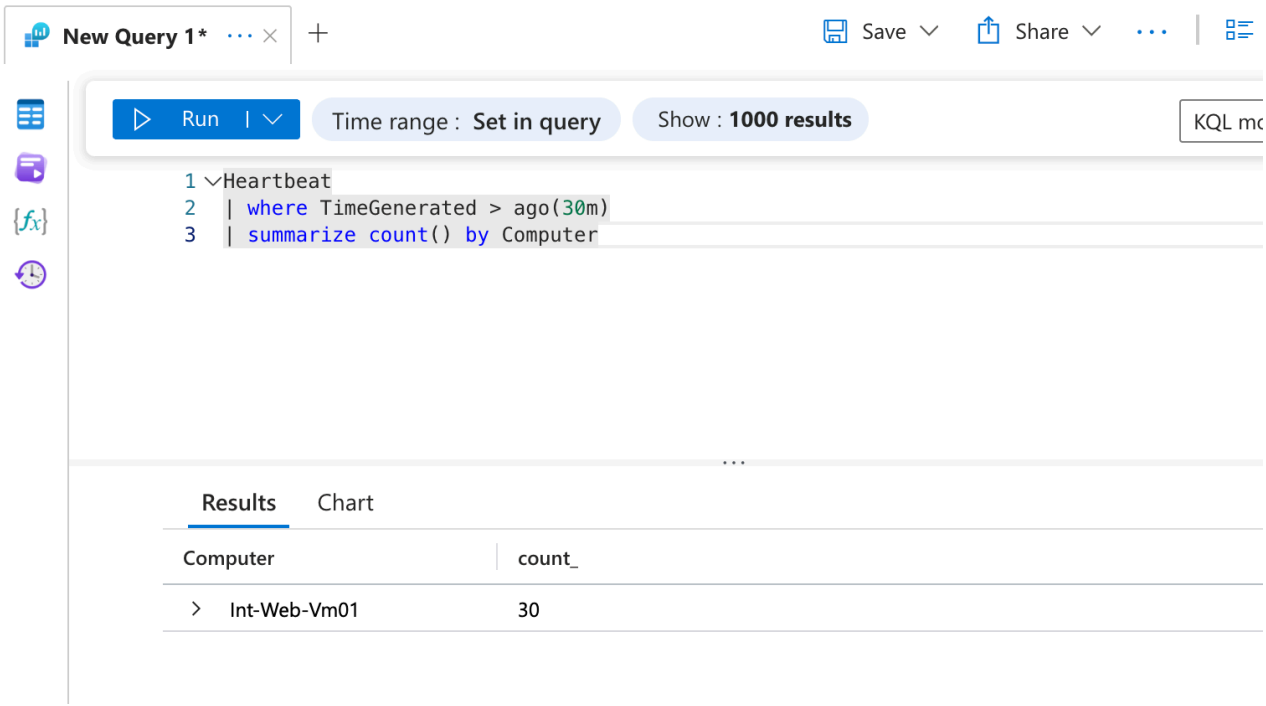
Log Analytics > Logs

Run the below query:

```
Heartbeat
| where TimeGenerated > ago(30m)
| summarize count() by Computer
```

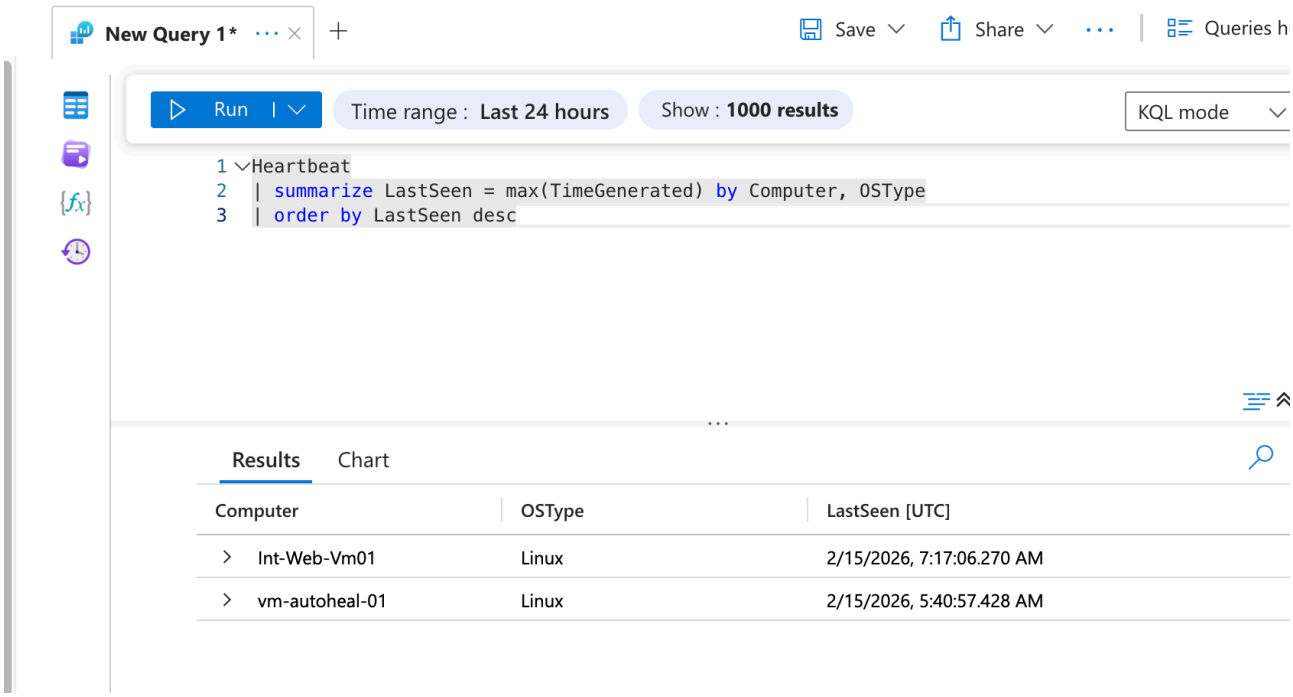
You SHOULD see:

- Int-Web-Vm01
- Count value > 0



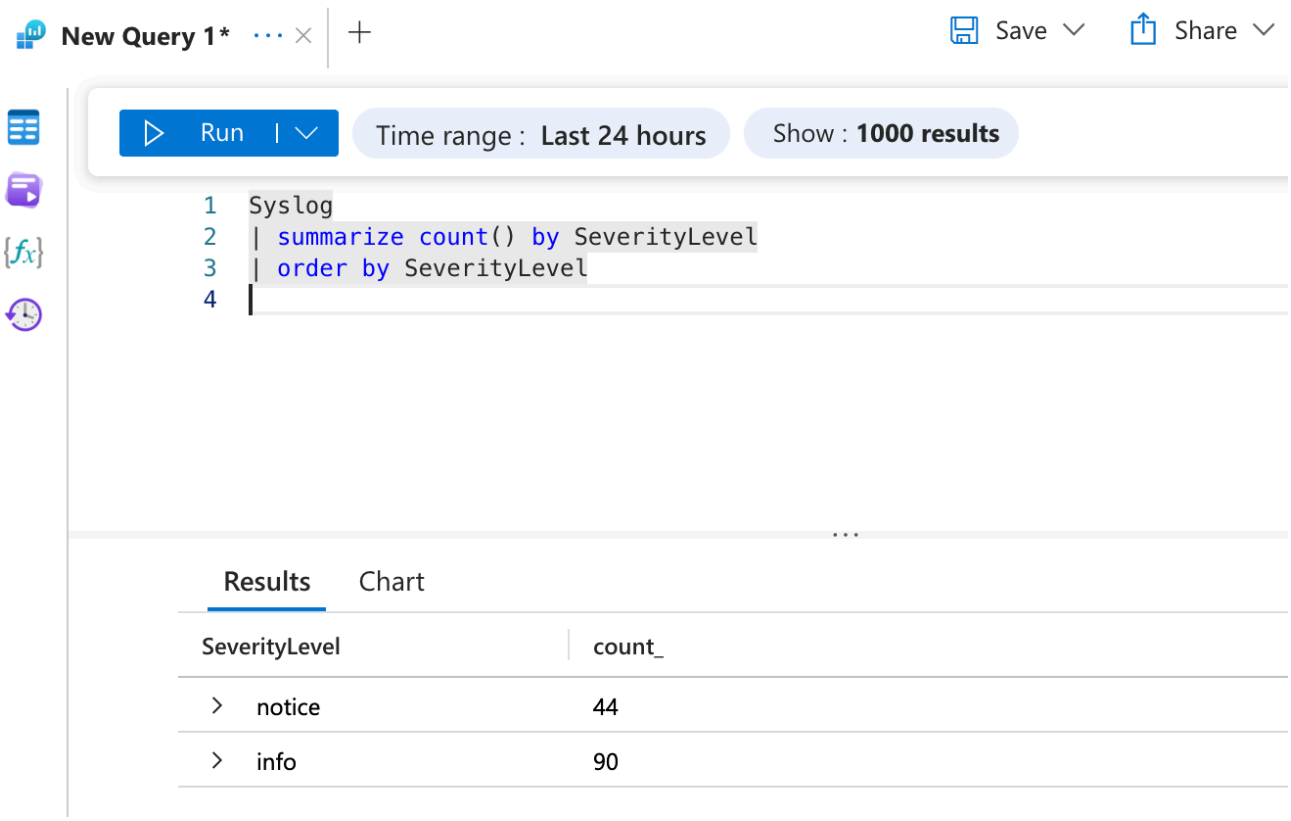
More KQL query ran to verify:

Heartbeat
| summarize LastSeen = max(TimeGenerated) by Computer, OSType
| order by LastSeen desc



Confirmed agent is installed and connected
Shows Linux my OSType that I created
Shows last contact time

Syslog
| summarize count() by SeverityLevel
| order by SeverityLevel



Project Outcome & Learnings:

I checked what severities are actually coming.

I created a Log Analytics Workspace to store all system and application logs.

I connected my virtual machine to Azure Monitor using a Data Collection Rule.

I enabled Syslog and Heartbeat data so the VM can send health and system logs.

I verified agent connectivity by checking the Heartbeat table in Log Analytics.

I used KQL queries to filter Syslog data for daemon and system-level errors.

Finally, I confirmed logs were flowing correctly by sorting data using TimeGenerated.