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LAB NO: 2
LAB: PP
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SAMPLE PROGRAM:

Write a MPI program using standard send. The sender process sends a number to the receiver. The second process receives the number and prints it.

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc,char *argv[])
     int rank, size, x;
     MPI_Init(&argc,&argv);
     MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD,&rank);
     MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&size);
     MPI Status status;
     if(rank==0)
           printf("Enter a value in master process:");
           scanf("%d",&x);
           MPI Send(&x,1,MPI INT,1,1,MPI COMM WORLD);
           fprintf(stdout,"I have sent %d from process 0\n'',x);
           fflush(stdout);
     else
           MPI Recv(&x,1,MPI INT,0,1,MPI COMM WORLD,&status);
           fprintf(stdout,"I have received %d in process 1\n",x);
           fflush(stdout);
     MPI Finalize();
     return 0;
}
```

QUESTION 1:

Write a MPI program using synchronous send. The sender process sends a word to the receiver. The second process receives the word, toggles each letter of the word and sends it back to the first process. Both processes use synchronous send operations.

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(int argc,char *argv[])
      int rank;
      char str[100];
      MPI_Init(&argc,&argv);
      MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD,&rank);
      MPI Status status;
      if(rank==0)
            printf("Enter a word in master process:");
            scanf("%s",str);
            MPI_Ssend(str,strlen(str),MPI_CHAR,1,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
            printf("I have sent %s from process 0\n",str);
            MPI_Recv(str,100,MPI_CHAR,1,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD,&status);
            printf("I have received %s in process 0\n",str);
      else
            MPI_Recv(str,100,MPI_CHAR,0,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD,&status);
            printf("I have received %s in process 1\n",str);
            for(int i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)</pre>
                  if(str[i] > = 'A' \&\& str[i] < = 'Z') str[i] += 32;
                  else if(str[i] > = 'a' && str[i] < = 'z') str[i] -= 32;
            MPI Ssend(str,strlen(str),MPI CHAR,0,0,MPI COMM WORLD);
            printf("I have sent %s from process 1\n",str);
      MPI_Finalize();
      return 0;
}
```

```
student@selab-19: ~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2

student@selab-19: ~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$ mpicc ques1.c -o ques1

student@selab-19: ~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$ mpirun -np 2 ./ques1

Enter a word in master process: MaNIpaL

I have sent MaNIpaL from process 0

I have received mAniPAl in process 0

I have received MaNIpaL in process 1

I have sent mAniPAl from process 1

student@selab-19: ~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$

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```

QUESTION 2:

Write a MPI program where the master program (process 0) sends a number to each of the slaves and the slave processes receive the number and prints it. Use standard send.

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(int argc,char *argv[])
     int rank, size, x=100;
     MPI Init(&argc,&argv);
     MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
     MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size);
     MPI Status status;
     if(rank==0)
           for(int i=1;i<size;i++)</pre>
                 MPI Send(&x,1,MPI INT,i,i,MPI COMM WORLD);
                 printf("Process 0 has sent number to process %d. \n",i);
           }
     else
           MPI Recv(&x,1,MPI INT,0,rank,MPI COMM WORLD,&status);
           printf("Process %d has received number - %d. \n",rank,x);
     MPI Finalize();
     return 0;
}
```

```
student@selab-19: ~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$ mpicc ques2.c -o ques2
student@selab-19: ~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$ mpirun -np 6 ./ques2
Process 0 has sent number to process 1.
Process 0 has sent number to process 2.
Process 0 has sent number to process 3.
Process 0 has sent number to process 4.
Process 0 has sent number to process 5.
Process 2 has received number - 100.
Process 3 has received number - 100.
Process 5 has received number - 100.
Process 1 has received number - 100.
Process 4 has received number - 100.
Student@selab-19: ~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$
```

QUESTION 3:

Write a MPI program to read N elements of the array in the root process (process 0) where N is equal to the total number of process. The root process sends one value to each of the slaves. Let even ranked process finds square of the received element and odd ranked process finds cube of received element. Use Buffered send.

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <mpi.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
  int rank, size, x;
  MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
  MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank);
  MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size);
  MPI Status status;
  if(rank==0)
      int arr[size-1];
      printf("Enter %d numbers:\n",size-1);
      for(int i=0;i < size-1;i++)
            scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
      int buff[100];
      int size_b=sizeof(buff);
      MPI Buffer attach(buff, size b);
      for(int i=1;i<size;i++)
```

```
MPI_Bsend(&arr[i-1],1,MPI_INT,i,i,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    printf("Process 0 has sent number %d to process %d.\n",arr[i-1],i);
}
MPI_Buffer_detach(buff,&size_b);
}
else if(rank%2==0)
{
    MPI_Recv(&x,1,MPI_INT,0,rank,MPI_COMM_WORLD,&status);
    printf("Process %d - square of recvd no. = %d.\n",rank,x*x);
}
else
{
    MPI_Recv(&x,1,MPI_INT,0,rank,MPI_COMM_WORLD,&status);
    printf("Process %d - cube of recvd no. = %d.\n",rank,x*x*x);
}
MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
}
```

```
student@selab-19:~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$ mpicc ques3.c -o ques3
student@selab-19:~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$ mpirun -np 6 ./ques3
Enter 5 numbers:

3
7
1
8
4
Process 0 has sent number 3 to process 1.
Process 0 has sent number 7 to process 2.
Process 0 has sent number 1 to process 3.
Process 0 has sent number 8 to process 4.
Process 0 has sent number 4 to process 5.
Process 2 - square of recvd no. = 49.
Process 3 - cube of recvd no. = 64.
Process 4 - square of recvd no. = 64.
Process 1 - cube of recvd no. = 27.
student@selab-19:~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$
```

QUESTION 4:

Write a MPI program to read an integer value in the root process. Root process sends this value to Process1, Process1 sends this value to Process2 and so on. Last process sends the value back to root process. When sending the value each process will first increment the received value by one. Write the program using point to point communication routines.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mpi.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
  int rank, size, x;
  MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
  MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &rank);
  MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &size);
  MPI_Status status;
  if (rank == 0)
  {
      printf("Enter a number: ");
      scanf("%d",&x);
      MPI Send(&x,1,MPI INT,1,rank+1,MPI COMM WORLD);
      printf("Process 0 has sent number %d to process 1.\n",x);
      MPI Recv(&x,1,MPI INT,size-1,0,MPI COMM WORLD,&status);
      printf("Process 0 received %d.\n",x);
      else
            MPI Recv(&x,1,MPI INT,rank-
1,rank,MPI COMM WORLD,&status);
            x++:
            printf("Process %d received %d, sending %d to process %d.\n",rank,x-
1,x,(rank+1)%size);
            MPI Send(&x,1,MPI INT,(rank+1)%size,
(rank+1)%size,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
  MPI Finalize();
  return 0;
}
 🔊 🖨 📵 student@selab-19: ~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2
student@selab-19:~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$ mpicc ques4.c -o ques4
student@selab-19:~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$ mpirun -np 6 ./ques4
Enter a number: 5
Process 0 has sent number 5 to process 1.
Process 1 received 5, sending 6 to process 2.
Process 2 received 6, sending 7 to process 3. Process 3 received 7, sending 8 to process 4.
Process 4 received 8, sending 9 to process 5.
Process 5 received 9, sending 10 to process 0.
Process 0 received 10.
 tudent@selab-19:~/Desktop/180905218-PP/lab2$
```