

## COMPREHENSIVE COURSE WORK

Class : R6 B

Date:06/05/2025

Time: 1 hr

1. Consider a B+ tree with order 4. What is the maximum number of keys that can be stored in a node?
  - a) 2
  - b) 3
  - c) 4
  - d) 5
2. The language accepted by Linear Bounded Automaton:
  - a) Recursive Language
  - b) Context-free language
  - c) Context-sensitive language
  - d) All of the mentioned
3. The Chomsky hierarchy classifies formal languages into how many levels?
  - a) 2
  - b) 3
  - c) 4
  - d) 5
4. A finite automaton requires a minimum \_\_\_\_\_ number of stacks.
  - a) 1
  - b) 0
  - c) 2
  - d) None of the mentioned
5. Regular expression for all strings that start with 'ab' and end with 'bba' is:
  - a) ababbba
  - b) ab(ab)bba
  - c) ab(a+b)bba
  - d) All of the mentioned
6. The Grammar can be defined as:  $G = (V, \Sigma, p, S)$ . In this definition, what does 'S' represent?
  - a) Accepting State
  - b) Starting Variable
  - c) Sensitive Grammar
  - d) None of these
7. The closure property of context-free grammar includes:
  - a) Kleene
  - b) Concatenation
  - c) Union
  - d) All of the mentioned

8. A multitape Turing machine is \_\_\_\_\_ powerful than a single tape Turing machine.
  - a) More
  - b) Less
  - c) Equal
  - d) None of the mentioned
9. A Turing machine that is able to simulate other Turing machines:
  - a) Nested Turing machines
  - b) Universal Turing machine
  - c) Counter machine
  - d) None of the mentioned
10. Which of the following statements are false?
  - a) Every recursive language is recursively enumerable
  - b) Recursively enumerable language may not be recursive
  - c) Recursive languages may not be recursively enumerable
  - d) None of the mentioned
11. If L is a recursive language, L' is:
  - a) Recursive
  - b) Recursively Enumerable
  - c) Recursive and Recursively Enumerable
  - d) None of the mentioned

12. Consider the following SQL query:

**SELECT COUNT(\*)**

**FROM Employees**

**WHERE Salary > (SELECT AVG(Salary) FROM Employees);**

What does this query compute?

- a) The total salary of all employees
- b) The number of employees earning above the average salary
- c) The average salary of all employees
- d) The count of employees with the lowest salary

13. Which SQL command is used to remove a table from a database?

- a) DELETE
- b) REMOVE
- c) DROP
- d) ERASE

14. Which of the following **properties** ensures that a database transaction is completed or entirely rolled back?

- a) Consistency
- b) Durability
- c) Atomicity
- d) Isolation

15. What is the **role of the primary key** in a database?

- a) To uniquely identify a record in a table
- b) To store large data
- c) To index the table
- d) To allow duplicate records

16. A **schedule** is said to be conflict serializable if:

- a) It can be transformed into a serial schedule by swapping non-conflicting operations
- b) It allows concurrent execution of all transactions
- c) It maintains the **ACID** properties of transactions
- d) It ensures no deadlocks occur

17. Given a relation **R(A, B, C)** with functional dependencies **{A → B, B → C}**, which of the following is a super key?

- a) A
- b) B
- c) C
- d) AB

18. For a relation **R(A, B, C, D)** with candidate keys **{A, BC}**, which normal form does it violate if **A → B** and **B → C** exist?

- a) 1NF
- b) 2NF
- c) 3NF
- d) BCNF

19. Given the following **relational algebra query**:  
 **$\pi_{name}(\sigma_{age > 30}(Employees))$**

What does this query return?

- a) All employee names
- b) Names of employees older than 30
- c) Ages of all employees
- d) Names and ages of employees

20. Which of the following techniques is used to handle branch hazards?

- a) Instruction Prefetch
- b) Branch Prediction
- c) Delayed Branch
- d) Both (b) and (c)

21. Which of the following is a key feature of a relational database?

- a) Data is stored as objects
- b) Data is stored in the form of tables
- c) Data is stored in XML format
- d) Data is stored as scripts

22. Which of the following is an example of a process scheduling algorithm?

- a) Round Robin
- b) Bubble sort
- c) DFS
- d) Quick sort

23. A CPU has a clock cycle time of 2 ns and executes a program with 1 billion instructions. The CPI of the processor is 1.5. What is the total execution time?

- a) 3 s
- b) 1 s
- c) 2 s
- d) 0.5 s

24. In a 4-way set associative cache, the total cache size is 64 KB and block size is 16 bytes. What is the number of sets in the cache?

- a) 256
- b) 1024
- c) 2048
- d) 512

25. Which of the following addressing modes is used in the instruction **MOV AX, [BX]**?

- a) Register Addressing
- b) Direct Addressing
- c) Register Indirect Addressing
- d) Immediate Addressing

26. A computer has 16 GB of RAM and a 32-bit virtual address space. If the page size is 4 KB, what is the size of the page table?

- a) 8 MB
- b) 16 MB
- c) 4 MB
- d) 32 MB

27. In a pipelined processor, the instruction throughput increases because:

- a) Each instruction uses fewer resources
- b) Multiple instructions are executed simultaneously
- c) The clock cycle time is reduced
- d) The instruction set is simplified

28. If a CPU has 4 registers and 32 instructions, how many bits are required for the opcode?

- a) 4
- b) 5
- c) 3
- d) 6

29. A system has a 32 KB 2-way set associative cache and a block size of 16 bytes. How many cache lines are in one set?

- a) 1024
- b) 2048
- c) 4096
- d) 8192

30. A system uses a direct-mapped cache with 512 blocks and a block size of 32 bytes. What is the size of the tag field for a 32-bit memory address?

- a) 19 bits
- b) 18 bits
- c) 17 bits
- d) 16 bits



31. Which memory type is the closest to the CPU and provides fast access to frequently used data?
- Cache memory
  - Main memory (RAM)
  - Virtual memory
  - Secondary memory (Hard Disk)
32. The prerequisite of the binary search algorithm is:
- Array should be sorted in descending order
  - Array should be randomly arranged
  - Array should be sorted in ascending order
  - None of these
33. In a binary heap, what is the time complexity of deleting the maximum element?
- $O(1)$
  - $O(\log n)$
  - $O(n)$
  - $O(\log \log n)$
34. In a max-heap with  $n$  elements, where are the leaf nodes stored?
- Levels 0 to  $\log n - 1$
  - Last level only
  - Levels  $\log n$  to  $n$
  - Randomly
35. A hash table is:
- A structure used to implement stack and queue
  - A structure used for storage
  - A structure that maps values to keys
  - A structure that maps keys to values
36. In a circular queue implemented with an array, how do you determine if the queue is full?
- $(\text{rear} == \text{front})$
  - $(\text{rear} + 1) \% \text{size} == \text{front}$
  - $(\text{rear} - \text{front}) == \text{size}$
  - $(\text{front} + \text{size}) \% \text{rear} == 1$
37. How many edges does a complete graph with  $n$  vertices have?
- $n(n-1)$
  - $n(n-1)/2$
  - $n^2$
  - $n^2 - n$
38. The data structure used in breadth-first search algorithm is:
- Queue
  - Stack
  - Heap
  - Hash table
39. What is the amortized time complexity of operations in a dynamic array?
- $O(1)$
  - $O(\log n)$
  - $O(n)$
  - $O(n^2)$
40. Which of the following traversal algorithms ensures elements are visited in sorted order for a binary search tree?
- Pre-order
  - Post-order
  - In-order
  - Level-order
41. What is the maximum number of nodes in a binary tree of height  $h$ ?
- $2^h - 1$
  - $2^{(h-1)} - 1$
  - $2^{(h+1)} - 1$
  - $2^h$
42. In a multi threaded environment, which of the following is used to avoid race conditions?
- Thread Pooling
  - Mutex
  - Paging
  - Deadlock
43. In a two-level directory structure, which of the following is true?
- Files in different directories can have the same name
  - Files in the same directory can have the same name
  - Directories cannot have sub directories
  - Each user can only have one file
44. A system is said to be in a deadlock state when:
- All processes are blocked
  - Processes are waiting for resources held by each other
  - CPU utilization is 0%
  - Processes are in the ready state
45. In a multi threaded program, a thread takes 100 ms for computation and 10 ms for I/O. If there are 5 such threads, what is the CPU utilization?
- 33.3%
  - 50%
  - 90.9%
  - 100%
46. A paging system has a 3-level page table. If the first, second, and third levels occupy 1 KB each, what is the minimum memory needed to store the page tables for a process with 2 MB of virtual memory and 4 KB page size?
- 2 KB
  - 4 KB
  - 6 KB
  - 8 KB
47. In a system with multiple processes, which synchronization mechanism ensures mutual exclusion?
- Semaphore
  - Paging
  - Spooling
  - Deadlock
48. A system has 5 processes and 3 resource types with the following allocation and request matrices: Allocation: [1, 0,

2], [0, 1, 0], [1, 3, 5], [1, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1] Request: [0, 0, 0], [1, 0, 2], [1, 1, 0], [0, 2, 1], [0, 0, 0] Available: [1, 1, 1] What is the state of the system?

- a) Safe
- b) Unsafe
- c) Deadlocked
- d) Indeterminate

49. Consider a paging system with a page size of 4 KB. How many bits are used for the offset in a 32-bit address?

- a) 10 bits
- b) 12 bits
- c) 14 bits
- d) 16 bits

50. What is the primary purpose of an operating system?

- a) To enable direct hardware control
- b) To manage system resources
- c) To compile programs
- d) To act as a debugger.

213

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