Week 4 Quiz

Quiz, 7 questions

7/7 points (100%)

✓	Congratulations! You passed!	Next Item
	1/1	
	point	
1. Using Ir	mage Generator, how do you label images?	
	You have to manually do it	
	It's based on the file name	
	TensorFlow figures it out from the contents	
0	It's based on the directory the image is contained in	
Corre	ect	
~	1 / 1 point	
2.		
What m	nethod on the Image Generator is used to normalize the image?	
	normalize_image	
	normalize	
0	rescale	
Corre	ect	
	Rescale_image	



1/1 point

Week 4 Quiz Quiz, Howsdid we specify the training size for the images? 7/7 points (1009)			
	The training_size parameter on the validation generator		
	The training_size parameter on the training generator		
0	The target_size parameter on the training generator		
Corr	rect		
	The target_size parameter on the validation generator		
~	1/1 point		
4. When	we specify the input_shape to be (300, 300, 3), what does that mean?		
0	Every Image will be 300x300 pixels, with 3 bytes to define color		
Corr	rect		
	Every Image will be 300x300 pixels, and there should be 3 Convolutional Layers		
	There will be 300 images, each size 300, loaded in batches of 3		
	There will be 300 horses and 300 humans, loaded in batches of 3		
~	1 / 1 point		
5. If you r	training data is close to 1.000 accuracy, but your validation data isn't, what's the risk h	ere?	
	You're overfitting on your validation data		
	You're underfitting on your validation data		
0	You're overfitting on your training data		
Corr	rect		
	No risk, that's a great result		

, 7 questi	Quiz ons	7/7 points (100
~	1 / 1 point	
6.		
Convo	lutional Neural Networks are better for classifying images like horses and hum	ans because:
	In these images, the features may be in different parts of the frame	
	There's a wide variety of horses	
	There's a wide variety of humans	
0	All of the above	
Corr	ect	
~	1 / 1 point	
7. After r	educing the size of the images, the training results were different. Why?	
	The training was faster	
	There was less information in the images	
	There was more condensed information in the images	
	We removed some convolutions to handle the smaller images	



