CICD for Docker Containers Web App on Kubernetes Cluster

(Hands on Practice from Udemy)

Scenario

Consider a Multitier Java Web Application Stack consists of tomcat application server, MySQL db, memcache, rabbitmq, nginx is running. The current situation of this application is listed below.

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- Micro services Architecture of an application
- Containerized Application
- Continuous Code Changes
- Continuous Build & Test process
- Regular Build of Container images
- Regular Deployment requests to Ops Team.

Now, it is required to automate the Build and Release process.

Problem

Issues with the current situation are below.

- Operation team in charge of managing containers gets Continuous Deployment Requests
- Manual Deployment creates dependency
- Time Consuming

Solution

- Automate the build and release process of container images.
- Also continuously building the Docker images, and deploy continuously as fast as the code commits happening.
- Continuous Deployment pipeline for Kubernetes

Tools to be used

- Kubernetes Orchestration tool
- Docker Container Run Time
- Jenkins CICD Server
- Docker Hub Registry
- Helm (Packaging & Deploying on Kubernetes cluster)
- Git Version Control System
- Maven Build Tool
- Sonarqube –Code Analysis Server

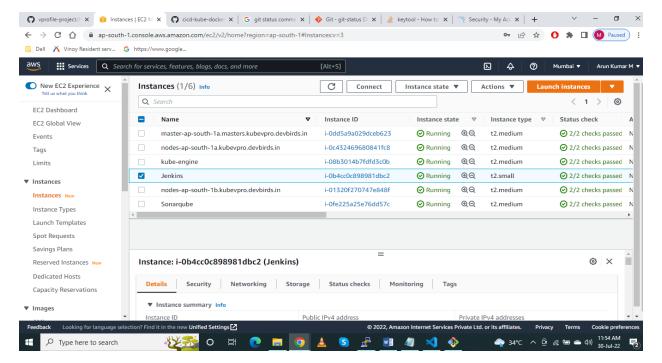
Objective

Continuous Delivery of Docker containers on Kubernetes cluster.

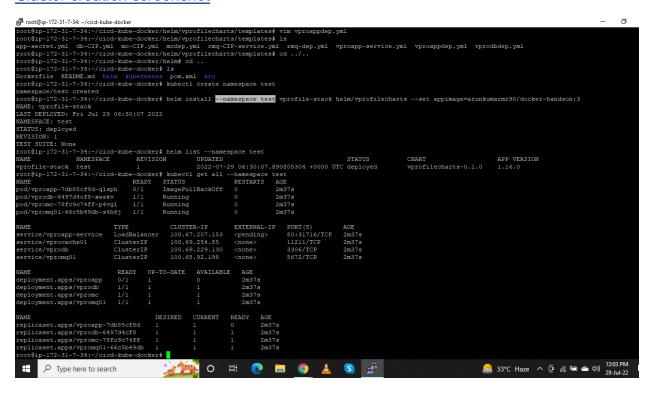
Steps to be followed:

- Launch one Ubuntu instance, and name it as Kube-engine.
- Create IAM user and configure with the instance.
- Create one hosted zone by using Route53 and sync with one DNS.
- Create a bucket in S3 to store the state files of Kubernetes cluster.
- Create the volume using EBS, give a name and tag then note down the volume id.
- Install Kubernetes CLI using Kubectl from official page.
- Download & install Kubernetes using KOPS. Validate the version of KOPS and Kubectl.
- Create Kubernetes Cluster on the same machine with the required specification of master and node components.
- Validate the cluster by checking the nodes whether it is up and the cluster should be returned as healthy to launch application.
- Launch 2 instances in AWS name it as Jenkins and SonarQube and configure accordingly
- Create a node in Jenkins and connect the node to Kops server by giving the RSA key to Jenkins and create security group accordingly
- Install the SonarQube plugin, Docker, pipeline utility plugins
- Add the Sonarqube token and Docker hub credential to Jenkins.
- Install Helm package on the Kops engine, and import the yaml definition file which we prepared for previous project in Git
- Write the pipeline script with various jobs such as build, test, build Docker image and deploy to Kubernetes.
- Once set up, run the pipeline script and start build jobs. Verify the Java application present in the image is working.

Screenshots of output and cluster ready and pipeline.



Cluster creation screenshot



Description of POD screenshot

Declarative: Checkout SCM	BUILD	UNIT TEST	INTEGRATION TEST	CODE ANALYSIS WITH CHECKSTYLE	Building image	Deploy Image	Remove Unused docker image	CODE ANALYSIS with SONARQUBE
497ms	13s	12s	17s	8s	7s	28s	318ms	20s
561ms	14s	12s	16s	8s	6s	28s	310ms	19s (paused for 2s)
687ms	13s	12s	16s	8s	7s	29s	311ms	19s (paused for 2s)
416ms	14s	12s	17s	8s	6s	27s	315ms	20s (paused for 2s)
403ms	13s	12s	17s	8s	7s	28s	309ms	20s (paused for 2s)
450ms	13s	12s	17s	8s	6s	28s	327ms	19s (paused for 2s)