

REACT ROUTER

<Route> Functions like an *if-statement*, conditionally renders the given component based on the URL path

<Link> Functions like an *a tag* link, “tricks” user that they are going to a new page, but doesn’t truly cause a page refresh

<Switch> Let only 1 route get matched

<BrowserHistory> Uses the Browser history (back and forward buttons) to simulate going from one page to another

EXAMPLES

Router and Redux need `src/index.js` modifications (imports omitted).

```
let store = createStore(reducer);
ReactDOM.render(
```

```
  <Provider store={store}>
    <BrowserRouter>
      <App />
    </BrowserRouter>
  </Provider>,
```

```
  document.getElementById("root"));
```

Put top-level routes in `App.js`:

```
<Switch>
  <Route path="/about/"
    component={About} />
  <Route path="/post/:id/"
    component={BlogPost} />
</Switch>
```

Link examples:

```
<Link to="/about/">About</Link>
<Link to={"/post/"+postId+"/"}>
  Read More...</Link>
```

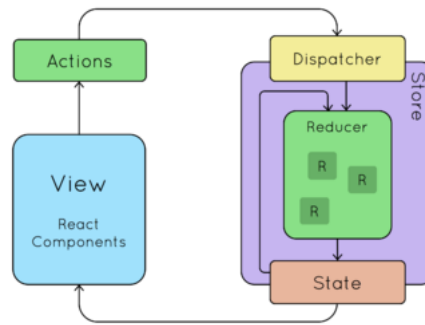
MERN STACK

MongoDB NoSQL database that stores JSON *documents*, with no built-in schema-enforcement

Express.js Most popular backend web framework for Node.js

React + Redux State-management library, popular with large React projects where state gets too huge for the App component

REACT REDUX



Store The Redux “ORM”, used most for data fetched from back-end

Action Represents an “event” that occurs, e.g. an action is *dispatched* when data is *fetched* from the back-end, and another when the response comes back

Reducer Triggered when an action is dispatched, a reducer modifies (a duplicate of) the state based on the action that happened

REACT REDUX CODE

Action Creators (found in actions/)

```
const doIncrement = () => {
  return { type: INCREMENT }; }
const addTodo = (item) => {
  return { type: ADD, text: item }; }
```

Dispatching (found in components/)

```
let action =
  addTodo(this.state.text);
this.props.dispatch(action);
```

Reducers (found in reducers/)

```
const initialState = {
  count: 0,
  todoList: [],
};
const todo = (state, action) => {
  switch (action.type) {
    case ADD:
      return Object.assign({}, state, {
        count: state.count + 1,
      });
    case INCREMENT:
      return Object.assign({}, state, {
        todoList: todoList.concat([
          text: action.text
        ]),
      });
  }
  /* ... */
}
```

MONGODB

noSQL database A database that doesn’t use SQL and traditional table / row / column organization

document *row* in SQL, single item of data in NoSQL, represented by BSON (a JSON variant)

collection *table* in SQL, group of documents with a name

ObjectID Long random string serving as unique ID for each document

MONGODB CRUD

```
db.userprofiles.find(
  {name: "janeqhacker"})
db.userprofiles.insertOne({
  name: "janeqhacker",
  mood: "happy",
  posts: [] })
db.userprofiles.update(
  { name: "janeqhacker" }, {
    $push: { posts: "Good idea" },
    $set: { mood: "thoughtful" } })
db.userprofiles.deleteOne(
  {name: "janeqhacker"})
```

EXPRESS.JS + MONGO

```
const express = require('express');
const app = express();
app.get("/", (req, res) => {
  res.send("Hello World!");
});
app.get("/find", (req, res) => {
  db.collection("userprofiles")
    .find({name: "janeqhacker"},
    (err, data) => {
      if (err) throw err;
      res.json(data);
    });
});
app.post("/create", (req, res) => {
  const data = {name: "janeqhacker"};
  db.collection("userprofiles")
    .insertOne(data, (err, data) => {
      /* ...snip... */
    });
});
app.listen(3000, () => {
  console.log("ready @ :3000");
});
```