

# CMPUT 466 W7

Arun Woosaree

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## Problem 1

Derive the gradient in softmax regression  $\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_{k,i}}, \frac{\partial J}{\partial b_k}$

$$y_k = \frac{e^{z_k}}{\sum_{k''} e^{z_{k''}}}$$

$$z_k = w_k^\top x + b$$

$$\begin{aligned} J &= - \sum_{k'} t_{k'}^{(m)} \log y_{k'}^{(m)} \\ &= - \sum_k t_{k'}^{(m)} \left( \log e^{z_{k'}} - \log \sum_{k''} e^{z_{k''}^{(m)}} \right) \\ &= - \sum_k t_{k'}^{(m)} \left( z_{k'}^{(m)} - \log \sum_{k''} e^{z_{k''}^{(m)}} \right) \\ &= - \left( \sum_{k'} t_{k'}^{(m)} z_{k'}^{(m)} - \sum_{k'} t_{k'}^{(m)} \log \sum_{k''} e^{z_{k''}^{(m)}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$\sum_{k'}$  is not needed for the second term because one  $t_k$  is one

$$\begin{aligned} J &= - \left( \sum_{k'} t_{k'}^{(m)} z_{k'}^{(m)} - \log \sum_{k''} e^{z_{k''}^{(m)}} \right) \\ \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_k} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z_k} - \left( t_k^{(m)} z_k^{(m)} - \log \sum_{k''} e^{z_{k''}^{(m)}} \right) \\ &= -t_k^{(m)} + \frac{e^{z_k^{(m)}}}{\sum_{k''} e^{z_{k''}^{(m)}}} \\ &= y_k^{(m)} - t_k^{(m)} \end{aligned}$$

For one sample,

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_{k,i}} &= \frac{\partial J}{z_k} \frac{\partial z_k}{\partial w_{k,i}} = (y_k^{(m)} - t_k^{(m)}) \frac{\partial z_k}{\partial w_{k,i}} \\ &= (y_k^{(m)} - t_k^{(m)}) x_i^{(m)}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial b_k} = \frac{\partial J}{z_k} \frac{\partial z_k}{\partial b_k} = y_k^{(m)} - t_k^{(m)}$$

Total loss of m samples:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_{k,i}} &= \sum_{m=1}^M (y_k^{(m)} - t_k^{(m)}) x_i^{(m)} \\ \frac{\partial J}{\partial b_k} &= \sum_{m=1}^M y_k^{(m)} - t_k^{(m)}\end{aligned}$$

## Problem 2

Show that logistic regression can also be reduced to 2-way softmax. i.e. for any parameter of the logistic regression model, there exists some parameter of the softmax regression model that does the same thing

$$\begin{aligned}y &= \sigma(w^\top x + b) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w^\top x + b)}} \\ &= \frac{e^{w^\top x + b}}{1 + e^{w^\top x + b}} \\ &= \frac{e^{w^\top x + b}}{e^{\mathbf{0}^\top x + \mathbf{0}} + e^{w^\top x + b}}\end{aligned}$$

This is equivalent to a two-way softmax with weights  $\begin{bmatrix} w^\top \\ \mathbf{0}^\top \end{bmatrix}$

and a bias of  $\begin{bmatrix} b \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

## Problem 3

Give a mapping from  $\mathbf{y}$  to  $\hat{t}$  that maximizes the total expected utility.

$$\mathbb{E}_{t \sim y}[u] = \sum_k y_k u_k \mathbb{I}\{\hat{t} = k\}$$

Choosing

$$\hat{t} = \arg \max_k y_k u_k$$

maximizes the utility