ECE 321 Lab

Software Requirements Engineering Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering University of Alberta

404 Team Name Not Found

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1 Customer:

Client: Alberta Traffic Supply Ltd.

7798 16 th Street

Edmonton, Alberta, T6P 1L9

Western Canada largest traffic sign manufacture and traffic control company

2 Definitions

Labels 1,2,3,P1,P2,P3,B3,S2,G1,G3 can be found in Figure 1.

- 1. TLMS Traffic Light Monitoring System
- 2. RB Reset Button
- 3. M Hardware malfunction: 1 indicates a malfunction, 0 for normal operation
- 4. **1** Light on Road 1
- 5. $\mathbf{2}$ Light on Road 2
- 6. $\mathbf{3}$ Light on Road 3
- 7. P1 Pedestrian light on road 1
- 8. **P2** Pedestrian light on road 2
- 9. **P3** Pedestrian light on road 3
- 10. **t1** Timer for **1**
- 11. t2 Secondary timer for everything else
- 12. **G1** Left turn signal on road 1
- 13. **G3** Left turn signal on road 3
- 14. $\bf S2$ Magnetic sensor which detects if a car/motorcycle is waiting on $\bf 2$ Outputs: 1 if vehicle waiting, 0 otherwise
- 15. B3 Button on road 3 which a pedestrian can hit to request to cross the intersection
- 16. **BG B**linking **G**reen
- 17. BR Blinking Red
- 18. **D D**ay (6:00-20:00)
- 19. **N N**ight (20:00-6:00)
- 20. \mathbf{Clock} \mathbf{Can} have value \mathbf{D} or \mathbf{N}

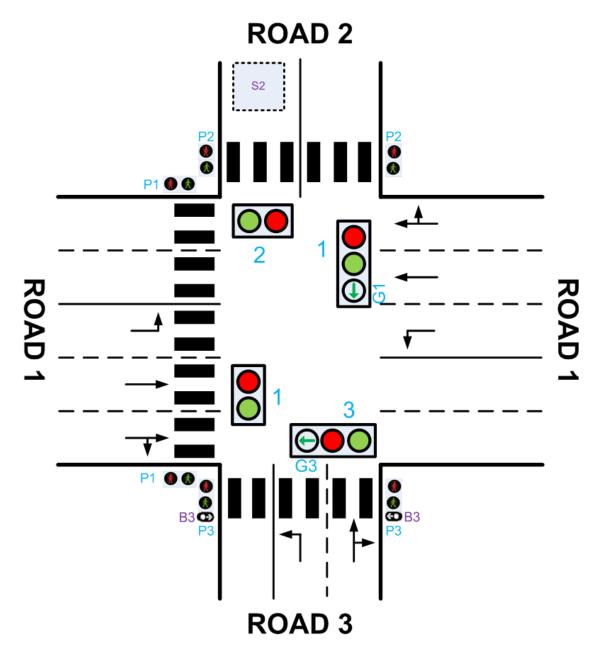


Figure 1: INSERT CAPTION HERE

3 Requirements

1. The software will be running on embedded system with a $550 \mathrm{KB}$ hard drive and $50 \mathrm{KB}$ RAM.

- 2. The software design should obey regulations on traffic lights posted by the Canadian Transportation Agency (CTA).
- 3. The software design should focus on safety, reliability and correctness. The system should be operating with minimal downtime.
- 4. The software should use different timers. Timer 1 is used for road 1 only, and timer 2 is used for the rest.
- 5. Road 1 and 3 are main roads, and road 2 is secondary. Priority should be given in the sequence of road 1, road 3, road 2.
- 6. Pedestrian lights should turn green when it is safe to cross.
- 7. System should go to emergency state when there is a hardware malfunction, and go back to default mode when exiting emergency state.
- 8. The system should have a physical button for reset. During a reset, the system should go to emergency mode first, and then the default mode.
- 9. The system should be tested using emulations. It should also demonstrate satisfactory performance before puting in use.

4 Nice-to-haves

- 1. Data logging system, but design should account for the limited storage.
- 2. Indication of which part of the system is malfunctioning.
- 3. Configurable timing for traffic flow optimization purpose.
- 4. Protection of the sensor S2.
- 5. Ability to change **t1** and **t2** in the future

5 State description

Note:

- Labels 1,2,3,P1,P2,P3,B3,S2,G1,G3 are defined on page 2 and in Figure 1 on page 1.
- Green and Red text indicate what colour the light should be in the respective state

1. Default

- 1,P2
- 2,3,P1,P3,G1,G3
- t1 activated
- M: 0

• Clock: D

2. Green G1

- G1,P1
- 1,2,3,P2,P3,G3
- \bullet **t2** activated
- M: 0
- Clock: D

Note:

- (a) Green G1 S2 is this state, but when S2=1
- 3. **Green 3**
 - 3,G3
 - 1,2,P1,P2,P3,G1
 - \bullet **t2** activated
 - **M**: 0
 - Clock: D

Note:

- (a) Green 3 S2 is this state, but when S2=1
- 4. Green P3
 - 1,P2,P3
 - 2,3,P1,G1,G3
 - t2 activated
 - **M**: 0
 - Clock: D

Note:

- (a) Green P3 S2 is this state, but when S2=1
- 5. Green 2&3
 - **2,3**
 - 1,P1,P2,P3,G1,G3
 - \bullet **t2** activated
 - **M**: 0
 - Clock: D
- 6. Night

- 1 BG
- 2,3 BR
- \bullet P1,P2,P3,G1,G3 are turned off
- M: 0
- Clock: N

7. Emergency

- 1 BG
- 2,3 BR
- \bullet P1,P2,P3,G1,G3 are turned off
- M: 1
- Clock: D or N

Note:

(a) When the system first starts up, it should briefly go into emergency mode with M=0 then immediately switch to default mode. (Because hardware malfunctions should be fixed before the system starts.)

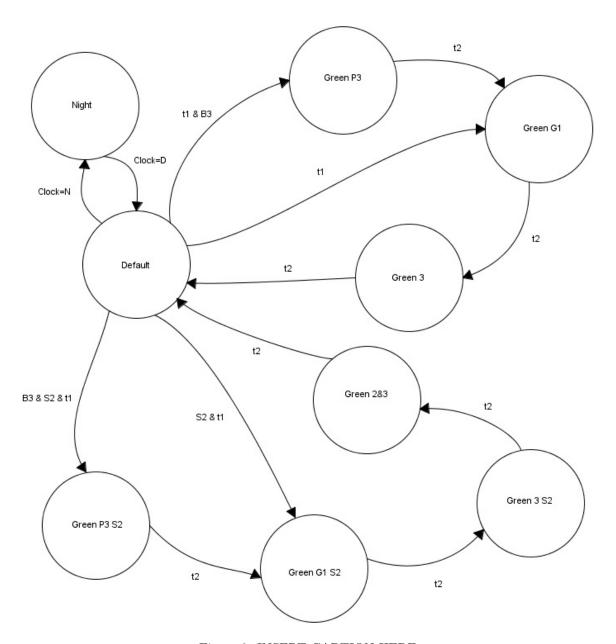


Figure 2: INSERT CAPTION HERE

6 Special considerations

1. Security

- (a) The embedded traffic system and reset buttons should be locked, and inaccessible by the public.
- (b) Control mechanisms should be secure so that someone cannot hack into the system to control the lights.
- (c) Software best practices should be used to keep the system secure.

2. Reliability

(a) The system should be tested in a virtual environment and tested thoroughly before being deployed.

3. Synced timings

(a) The timing of the traffic lights changing states should be in sync with nearby intersections to relieve congestion.