ECE 322 Assignment 2

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October 20, 2019

1 Credit Union

Conditions	Rules			
	1	2	3	4
city dweller	1	X	0	X
male	1	1	0	1
female	0	0	1	0
age < 25	X	1	0	0
25 < age < 65	X	0	1	0
age > 65	X	0	0	1
Actions				
Show Product A	1	x	x	x
	1			А
Show Product B	\mathbf{X}	1	\mathbf{x}	\mathbf{X}
Show Product C	\mathbf{x}	\mathbf{x}	1	X
Do Not Show Product D	0	0	0	1

Note: Do Not Show Product D=0 means that Product D will be shown.

a) Maximal number of rules

Given there are 2 possibilities for gender (in this problem), 2 possibilities for city dweller, and 3 possibilities for age, the maximal number of rules is $2 \times 2 \times 3 = 12$.

b) Simplified table

The table above is already simplified, so here are the resulting test cases:

Test	city dweller	$_{\mathrm{male}}$	female	age < 25	25 < age < 65	age > 65	Expected
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	Show Product A
2	1	1	0	1	0	0	Show Product B
3	0	0	1	0	1	0	Show Product C
4	1	1	0	0	0	1	Do Not Show Product D

use a specific age in the test cases

2

For the given subdomain, the following lines form the boundaries:

- $y = 5, 0 \le x \le 7$
- $x = 0, 0 \le y \le 5$
- $y = -x, 0 \le x \le 1$
- $y = x 2, 1 \le x \le 7$

a) EPC Strategy

From the boundary lines, we see that the maximum value that x can have is 7, its minimum is -1, and that the maximum value that y can have is 5 while its minimum value is 0. Using the EPC testing strategy, $4^2 + 1 = 17$ test cases are expected. The extreme points chosen are (7,7.1,0,-0.1) for x, and (5,5.1,0,-0.1) for y. For the additional test case within the boundary, (x=1,y=1) is chosen. The full list of suggested test cases is found below:

test id	X	У
1	7	5
2	7	5.1
3	7	-1
4	7	-0.1
5	7.1	5
6	7.1	5.1
7	7.1	-1
8	7.1	-0.1
9	0	5
10	0	5.1
11	0	-1
12	0	-0.1
13	-0.1	5
14	-0.1	5.1
15	-0.1	-1
16	-0.1	-0.1
17	1	1

b) Weak n x 1 Strategy

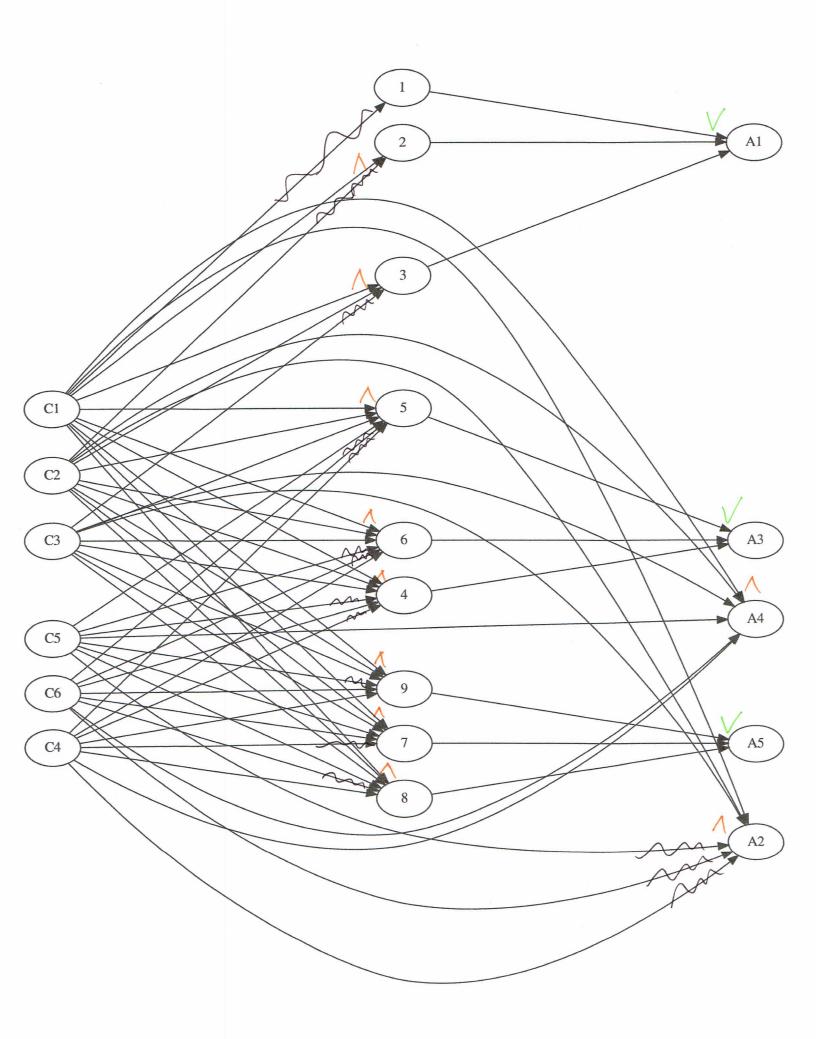
Given that there are 4 boundaries, we expect 4(2+1)+1=13 test cases. The dimensionality is 2, so 2 points are chosen on each boundary, as well as one additional point just outside of each boundary. The last test case is one point inside the boundaries. The full list of suggested test cases is found below:

test id	description	\mathbf{x}	У
1	on $y = 5, 0 \le x \le 7$ boundary	2	5
2	on $y = 5, 0 \le x \le 7$ boundary	4	5
3	outside $y = 5, 0 \le x \le 7$ boundary	3	5.1
4	on $x = 0, 0 \le y \le 5$ boundary	0	2
5	on $x = 0, 0 \le y \le 5$ boundary	0	4
6	outside $x = 0, 0 \le y \le 5$ boundary	-0.1	3
7	on $y = -x, 0 \le x \le 1$ boundary	0.3	-0.3
8	on $y = -x, 0 \le x \le 1$ boundary	0.7	-0.7
9	outside $y = -x, 0 \le x \le 1$ boundary	0.5	-0.6
10	on $y = x - 2, 1 \le x \le 7$ boundary	3	1
11	on $y = x - 2, 1 \le x \le 7$ boundary	5	3
12	outside $y = x - 2, 1 \le x \le 7$ boundary	4	1.9
13	Inside the boundaries	1	1

3 Cause-Effect Graph

From the following decision table, the cause effect graph below is generated:

Conditions		- , -					1				
C1: $a < b + c$?	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	U	1	_	_		_	1	_	1	1	_
C2: $b < a + c$?	\mathbf{x}	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
C3: $c < a + b$?	\mathbf{x}	\mathbf{x}	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
C4: $a = b$?	\mathbf{x}	\mathbf{x}	X	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
C5: $a = c$?	X	X	X	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0
C6: $b = c$?	\mathbf{x}	X	X	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Actions											
A1: Not a Triangle	1	1	1	x	X	\mathbf{x}	X	X	X	\mathbf{x}	\mathbf{x}
A2: Scalene	\mathbf{x}	1									
A3: Isosceles	X	X	X	\mathbf{x}	X	X	1	\mathbf{x}	1	1	X
A3: Equilateral	\mathbf{x}	X	X	1	X	\mathbf{x}	X	X	X	X	\mathbf{x}
A4: Impossible	x	X	X	x	1	1	x	1	x	X	x



4 Test Cases

The following description table is derived from the cause effect graph (Because of

		1	2	3	4	5
	Conditions					
	C3	1	0	0	X	0
	C4	\mathbf{x}	X	1	X	0
the requires, $(C3 = 1, C6 = 0)$ will never happen)	C5	1	X	1	0	X
	C6	1	0	1	X	X
	Effects					
	E	1	0	1	0	0

From the decision table above, the following test cases are generated:

Test	C3	C4	C5	C6	Expected
1	1	0	1	1	1
2	0	1	1	0	0
3	0	1	1	1	1
4	1	1	0	1	0
5	0	0	1	1	0

5 Combinatorial Testing

There are $2\times 3\times 3\times 3\times 3\times 2\times 3\times 3=2916$ total possible combinations to test. Ideally, the orthogonal array should be 2^23^6 , resulting in

some fucking mag	ic later:	(#to	odo: ex-				
	PRINTERS	PLUGINS	BROWSERS	OPERATING SYSTEMS	SERVER\$	MONITORS	EMAIL SYSTE
1	printer2	plugin2	browser3	os1	server2	monitor2	email1
2	printer1	plugin1	browser1	os3	server1	monitor1	email2
3	printer1	plugin2	browser1	os2	server3	monitor2	email3
4	printer2	plugin1	browser2	os2	server2	monitor1	email1
5	printer2	plugin2	browser2	os3	server3	monitor2	email2
The following $m_{\tilde{\gamma}}^{6}$	niprinter 1	toplugin1	browser3	os1	server1	monitor1	email3
The following map	printer2	plugin2	browser3	os2	server1	monitor1	email2
8	printer1	plugin1	browser2	os3	server2	monitor2	email3
9	printer1	plugin1	browser3	os3	server3	monitor1	email1
10	printer2	plugin1	browser1	os1	server1	monitor2	email1
11	printer2	plugin1	browser2	os2	server1	monitor2	email3
12	printer1	plugin1	browser2	os1	server3	monitor1	email2
13	printer1	plugin2	browser1	os2	server2	monitor2	email2

resulting in 13 test cases, as opposed to 2916 if we were to test all possible combinations, a huge improvement.