Stat 235

Lab 2

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Lab EL12

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1 Normal Density

1.a

As σ increases, there is more variation in the tensile strength (makes sense, since $\sigma^2 = V(x)$). This is seen visually as the curve flattening as a result of the frequency count of the mode being lowered, and the frequency counts at the more extreme ends being increased. In terms of tensile strength, an increase in σ does not change the mean but it increases the variation in tensile strength. This does, however mean that less of the alloy produced will be around the mean tensile strength, and it would increase the fraction of alloy slabs with unacceptable tensile strength.

1.b

With lower μ ($\mu=280$ for example), the graph appears left-skewed. This increases the fraction of unacceptable alloys with TS<275. At $\mu=285$, the graph appears to be symmetric, and at higher μ ($\mu=290$ for example), the graph appears right-skewed. This increases the fraction of unacceptable alloys with TS>295. Overall, as μ increases, the tensile strength of the alloys increase, which causes the fraction of unacceptable alloys below 275 to decrease and the fraction above 295 to increase.

2 How changes in the Mean and Std. Deviation affect the fraction of alloy slabs that do not meet the TS Specifications

	Parameters	Problem	Answer
a)	$\mu = 285$ and $\sigma = 5$	Fraction of unacceptable	0
	$\mu = 283$ and $\sigma = 5$	Fraction of unacceptable	0
b)	$\mu = 285$ and $\sigma = 6$	Fraction of unacceptable	0
c)	$\mu = 285 \text{ and } \sigma = 5$	Within 1 std. deviation	0
		Within 2 std. deviations	0
d)	$\mu = 285 \text{ and } \sigma = 5$	Strength exceeded by 95%	0
		Strength exceeded by 99%	0
e)	$\mu = 285$	σ so that 1% have $TS < 275$ or $TS > 295$	0

Table 1: My caption

3 Random Number Generator

3.a

I got 10 for the number of unacceptable slabs. Idk if this is consistent because I haven't done #2 yet

3.b

The generated random numbers should be consistent with the 68-95-99.7 rule.

k	Within k Std. Deviations of the mean $\mu = 285$	Frequency	Relative Frequency
1	(0,0)	0	0
2	(0,0)	0	0
3	(0,0)	0	0

Table 2: My caption

3.c

It's a normalized standard distibution. – Do I need a number here??

3.d

Using the *Descriptive Statistics Tool*, we find the following from the standardized values:

$$mean = -0.0546$$

 $std.\ deviation = 1.0221$

4 Changes in Manufacturing Process

4.a Summary Statistics

Using the Descriptive Statistics Tool, we find that

$$mean = XX.XXXX$$

 $std.\ deviation = XX.XXXX$

This is consistent / inconsistent

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- 4.b Histogram
- **4.c**
- **4.**d
- 5 Binomial Probabilities
- **5.**a
- **5.**b