

# GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

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Status	Finished
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Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

Flag question

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that  $A[i] - A[j] = k, i \neq j$ .

Input Format

- 1. First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:
- 2. N, followed by N integers of the array
- 3. The non-negative integer k

Output format

Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.

Example

Input:

1  
3 1 3 5  
4

Output:

1

1  
3 1 3 5  
99

Output:  
  
0

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int t;
5     scanf("%d",&t);
6     while(t--)
7     {
8         int n;
9         scanf("%d",&n);
10        int a[n];
11        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
12        {
13            scanf("%d",&a[i]);
14        }
15        int k;
16        scanf("%d",&k);
17        int flag=0;
18        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
19        {
20            for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
21            {
22                if(a[i]-a[j]==k)
23                {
24                    flag=1;break;
25                }
26            }
27            if(flag)
28                break;
29        }
30        printf("%d\n",flag);
31    }
32 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1 3 1 3 5 4	1	1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Marked out of  
5.00🚩 [Flag question](#)

Sam loves chocolates and starts buying them on the 1st day of the year. Each day of the year,  $x$ , is numbered from 1 to  $Y$ . On days when  $x$  is odd, Sam will buy  $x$  chocolates; on days when  $x$  is even, Sam will not purchase any chocolates.

Complete the code in the editor so that for each day  $N_i$  (where  $1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$ ) in array `arr`, the number of chocolates Sam purchased (during days 1 through  $N$ ) is printed on a new line. This is a function-only challenge, so input is handled for you by the locked stub code in the editor.

## Input Format

The program takes an array of integers as a parameter.

The locked code in the editor handles reading the following input from `stdin`, assembling it into an array of integers (`arr`), and calling `calculate(arr)`.

The first line of input contains an integer,  $T$  (the number of test cases). Each line  $i$  of the  $T$  subsequent lines describes the  $i$ th test case as an integer,  $N_i$  (the number of days).

## Constraints

$$1 \leq T \leq 2 \times 10^5$$

$$1 \leq N \leq 2 \times 10^6$$

$$1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$$

For each test case,  $T_i$  in arr, your calculate method should print the total number of chocolates Sam purchased by day  $N_i$  on a new line.

Sample Input 0

3

1

2

3

Sample Output 0

1

1

4

Explanation

Test Case 0:  $N = 1$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, giving us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 1:  $N = 2$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1 and 0 on day 2. This gives us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 2:  $N = 3$

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, 0 on day 2, and 3 on day 3. This gives us a total of 4 chocolates. Thus, we print 4 on a new line.

```
2  int main()
3  {
4      int t;
5      scanf("%d",&t);
6      while(t-->0)
7      {
8          int n,c=0;
9          scanf("%d",&n);
10         for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)
11         {
12             if(i%2!=0)
13                 c=c+i;
14         }
15         printf("%d\n",c);
16     }
17 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3	1	1	✓
	1	1	1	
	2	4	4	
	3			
✓	10	1296	1296	✓
	71	2500	2500	
	100	1849	1849	
	86	729	729	
	54	400	400	
	40	25	25	
	9	1521	1521	
	77	25	25	
	9	49	49	
	13	2401	2401	
	98			

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **3**

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

Flag question

The number of goals achieved by two football teams in matches in a league is given in the form of two lists. Consider:

- Football team A, has played three matches, and has scored { 1 , 2 , 3 } goals

matches, and has scored { 2, 4 } goals in each match respectively.

- Your task is to compute, for each match of team B, the total number of matches of team A, where team A has scored less than or equal to the number of goals scored by team B in that match.
- In the above case:
- For 2 goals scored by team B in its first match, team A has 2 matches with scores 1 and 2.
- For 4 goals scored by team B in its second match, team A has 3 matches with scores 1, 2 and 3.

Hence, the answer: {2, 3}.

Complete the code in the editor below. The program must return an array of  $m$  positive integers, one for each  $\text{maxes}[i]$  representing the total number of elements  $\text{nums}[j]$  satisfying  $\text{nums}[j] \leq \text{maxes}[i]$  where  $0 \leq j < n$  and  $0 \leq i < m$ , in the given order.

It has the following:

$\text{nums}[\text{nums}[0], \dots, \text{nums}[n-1]]$ : first array of positive integers

$\text{maxes}[\text{maxes}[0], \dots, \text{maxes}[n-1]]$ : second array of positive integers

Constraints

- $2 \leq n, m \leq 105$
- $1 \leq \text{nums}[j] \leq 109$ , where  $0 \leq j < n$ .
- $1 \leq \text{maxes}[i] \leq 109$ , where  $0 \leq i < m$ .

Input Format For Custom Testing

The first line contains an integer  $n$ , the number of elements in `nums`.

The next  $n$  lines each contain an integer describing `nums[j]` where  $0 \leq j < n$ .

The next line contains an integer  $m$ , the number of elements in `maxes`.

The next  $m$  lines each contain an integer describing `maxes[i]` where  $0 \leq i < m$ .

#### Sample Case 0

#### Sample Input 0

```
4
1
4
2
4
2
3
5
```

#### Sample Output 0

```
2
4
```

#### Explanation 0

We are given  $n = 4$ , `nums` = [1, 4, 2, 4],  $m = 2$ , and `maxes` = [3, 5].

1. For `maxes[0]` = 3, we have 2 elements in `nums` (`nums[0]` = 1 and `nums[2]` = 2) that are  $\leq$  `maxes[0]`.

2. For `maxes[1]` = 5, we have 4 elements in `nums` (`nums[0]` = 1, `nums[1]`

Thus, the function returns the array [2, 4] as the answer.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

5  
2  
10  
5  
4  
8  
4  
3  
1  
7  
8

Sample Output 1

1  
0  
3  
4

Explanation 1

We are given,  $n = 5$ ,  $nums = [2, 10, 5, 4, 8]$ ,  $m = 4$ , and  $maxes = [3, 1, 7, 8]$ .

1. For  $maxes[0] = 3$ , we have 1 element in  $nums$  ( $nums[0] = 2$ ) that is  $\leq maxes[0]$ .
2. For  $maxes[1] = 1$ , there are 0 elements in  $nums$  that are  $\leq maxes[1]$ .
3. For  $maxes[2] = 7$ , we have 3 elements in  $nums$  ( $nums[0] = 2$ ,  $nums[2]$



elements in nums (nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, nums[3] = 4, and nums[4] = 8) that are  $\leq$  maxes[3].

Thus, the function returns the array [1, 0, 3, 4] as the answer.

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int m,n,co=0;
5     scanf("%d\n",&m);
6     int a[m];
7     for(int i=0;i<m;i++){scanf
8     scanf("%d",&n);
9     int b[n],c[n];
10    for(int j=0;j<n;j++){sca
11
12    for(int k=0;k<n;k++)
13    {
14        for(int p=0;p<m;p++)
15        c[k]=co;
16        co=0;
17    }
18    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
19        printf("%d\n",c[i]);
20    }
21    return 0;
22 }
23
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	2	2	✓
	1	4	4	
	4			
	2			
	4			
	2			
	3			
	5			
✓	5	1	1	✓
	2	0	0	
	10	3	3	
	5	4	4	
	4			
	8			
	4			

	8			
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Passed all tests! ✓

Finish review