GE23131-Programming Using C-2024



Status	Finished	
Started	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM	
Completed	Thursday, 21 November 2024, 9:41 AM	
Duration	32 days 7 hours	

Correct

Marked out of
3.00

Flag question

Question 1

The k-digit number N is an Armstrong number if and only if the k-th power of each digit sums to N.

Given a positive integer N, return true if and only if it is an Armstrong number.

Example 1:

Input:

153

Output:

true

Explanation:

153 is a 3-digit number, and $153 = 1^3 + 5^3 + 3^3$.

Example 2:

Input:

123

false Explanation: 123 is a 3-digit number, and 123 != 1^3 + $2^3 + 3^3 = 36.$ Example 3: Input: 1634 Output: true Note: 1 <= N <= 10^8 **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h> 2 #include<math.h> 3 int main() 4 ▼ { 5 int n; scanf("%d",&n); 6 7 int x=0, n2=n; 8 🔻 while(n2!=0){ 9 x++; 10 n2=n2/10;} 11

12

13

14 🔻

15

16

17

18 19

20 21

22

23

}

int sum=0;

return 0;

}

int n3=n,n4;

while (n3!=0){

n4=n3%10;

n3=n3/10;

sum=sum+pow(n4,x);

if(n==sum){printf("true")
else {printf("false");}

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	153	true	true	~
~	123	false	false	~

Passed all tests! <

Question ${\bf 2}$

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

▼ Flag question

Take a number, reverse it and add it to the original number until the obtained number is a palindrome. Constraints 1<=num<=99999999 Sample Input 1 32 Sample Output 1 55 Sample Input 2 789 Sample Output 2 66066

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
 3 ▼ {
 4
         int rn,n,nt=0,i=0;
         scanf("%d",&n);
 5
 6 ▼
         do {
 7
 8
             nt=n;rn=0;
 9 •
             while(n!=0){
10
                 rn=rn*10+n%10;
11
                 n=n/10;
12
                 n=nt+rn;
13
                 i++;
14
         while(rn!=nt||i==1);
15
16
         printf("%d",rn);
17
         return 0;
18
19
20
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	32	55	55	~
~	789	66066	66066	~

Passed all tests! <

Question **3** A number is considered lucky if it contains Correct either 3 or 4 or 3 and 4 both in it. Write a Marked out of program to print the nth lucky number. 7.00 Example, 1st lucky number is 3, and 2nd ▼ Flag question lucky number is 4 and 3rd lucky number is 33 and 4th lucky number is 34 and so on. Note that 13, 40 etc., are not lucky as they have other numbers in it. The program should accept a number 'n' as input and display the nth lucky number as output. Sample Input 1: 3 Sample Output 1: 33 Explanation: Here the lucky numbers are 3, 4, 33, 34., and the 3rd lucky number is 33. Sample Input 2: 34 Sample Output 2:

33344

```
int main()
  2
  3 ▼
      {
           int n=1,i=0,nt,o=0,e;
  4
  5
           scanf("%d",&e);
  6 🔻
          while(i<e){</pre>
  7
               nt=n;
               while(nt!=0){
  8 ,
  9
               o=<mark>0</mark>;
            if(nt%10!=3 && nt%10!=4
 10 🔻
 11
                o=1;
 12
               break;
            }
 13
 14
 15
            nt=nt/10;}
 16
            if(o==0){i++;}
 17
            n++;}
           printf("%d",--n);
 18
 19
            return 0;
 20
 21
      Input Expected
                        Got
      34
             33344
                        33344
Passed all tests! <
                           Finish review
```