

Introduction to Principal Component Analysis

What have we covered till now?

- Feature Selection/Reduction
 - Missing value ratio
 - Low variance
 - High correlation
 - Backward feature elimination
 - Forward feature selection

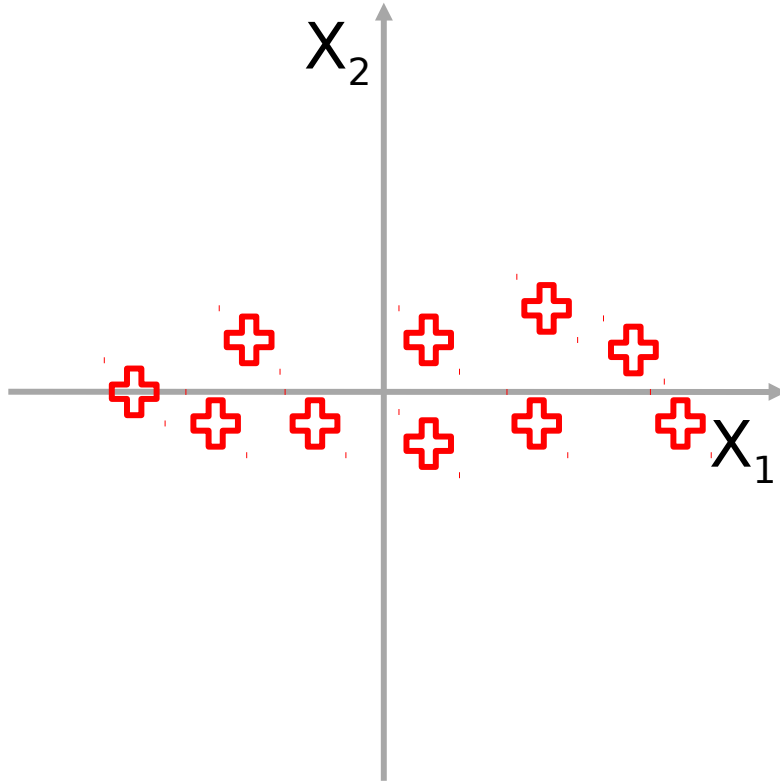
What have we covered till now?

- Feature Selection/Reduction
 - Missing value ratio
 - Low variance
 - High correlation
 - Backward feature elimination
 - Forward feature selection
- Advanced Feature Reduction Techniques
 - Principal Component Analysis (PCA)
 - Factor Analysis

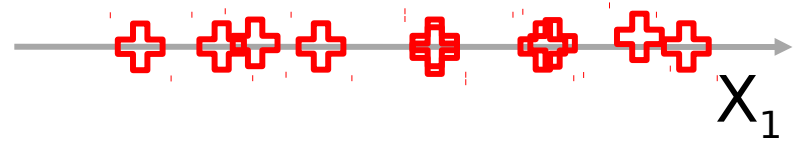
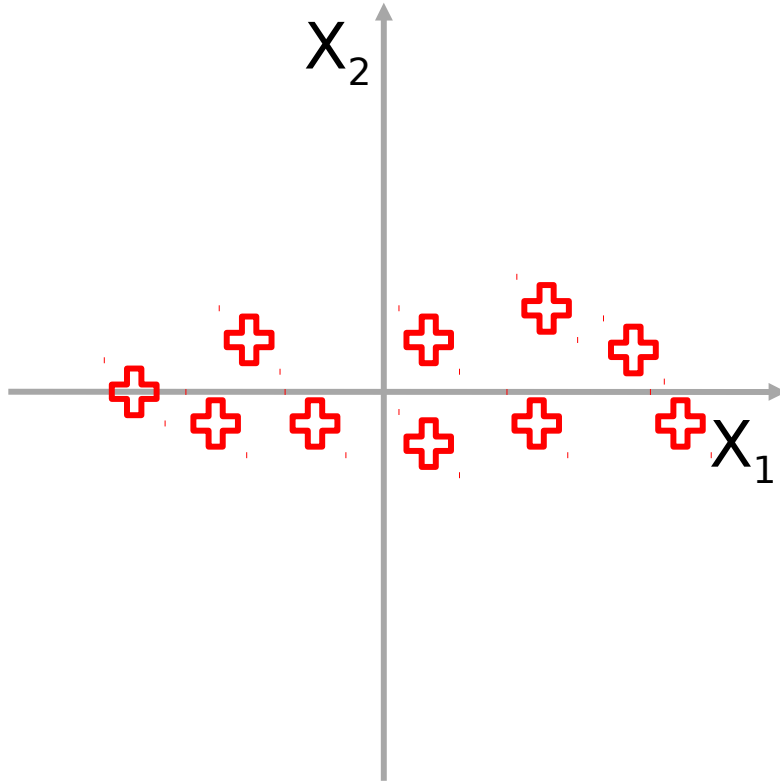
What are Principal Components?

The 2-Dimensional Case

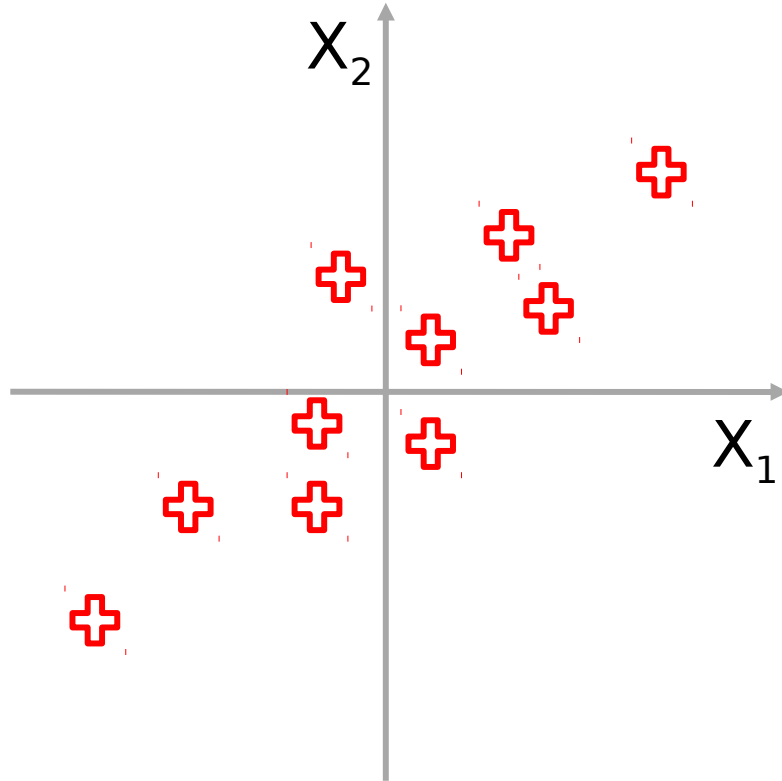
The 2-Dimensional Case



The 2-Dimensional Case

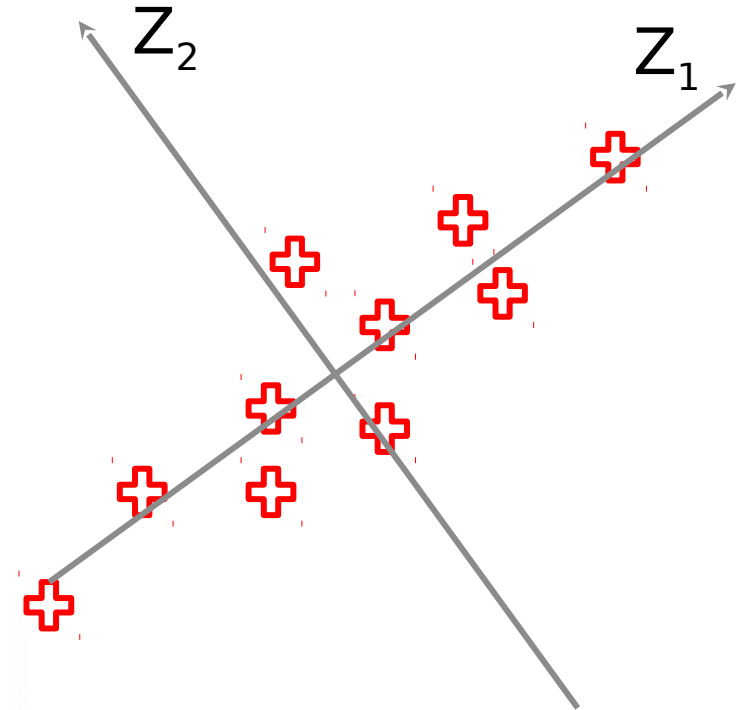
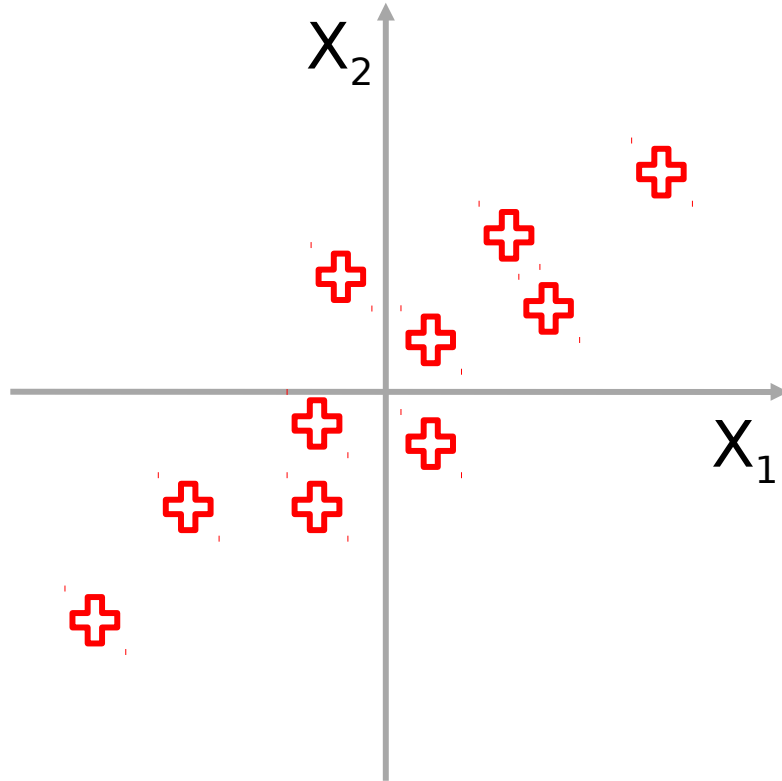


The 2-Dimensional Case

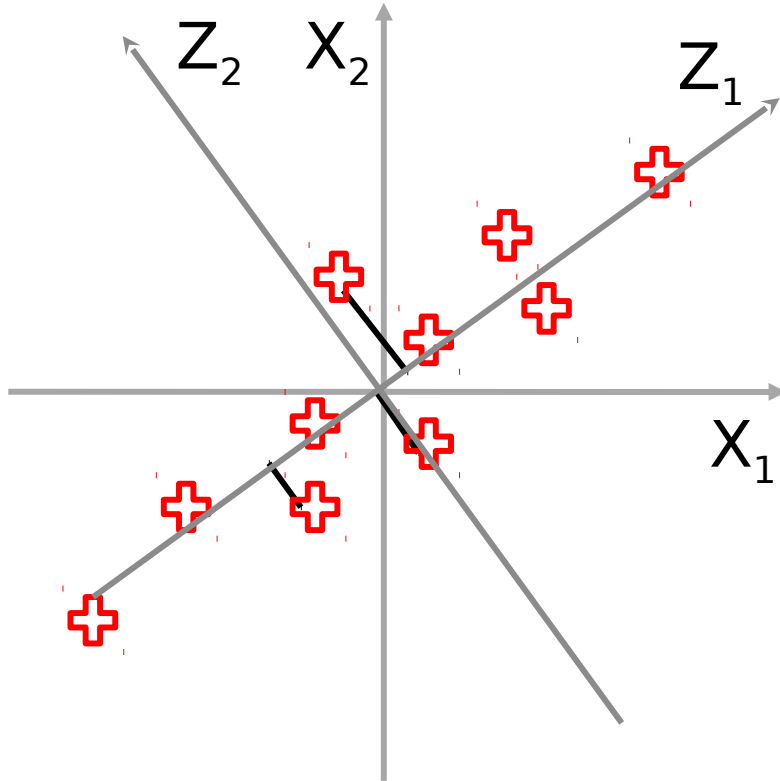


None of the features has low variance

The 2-Dimensional Case



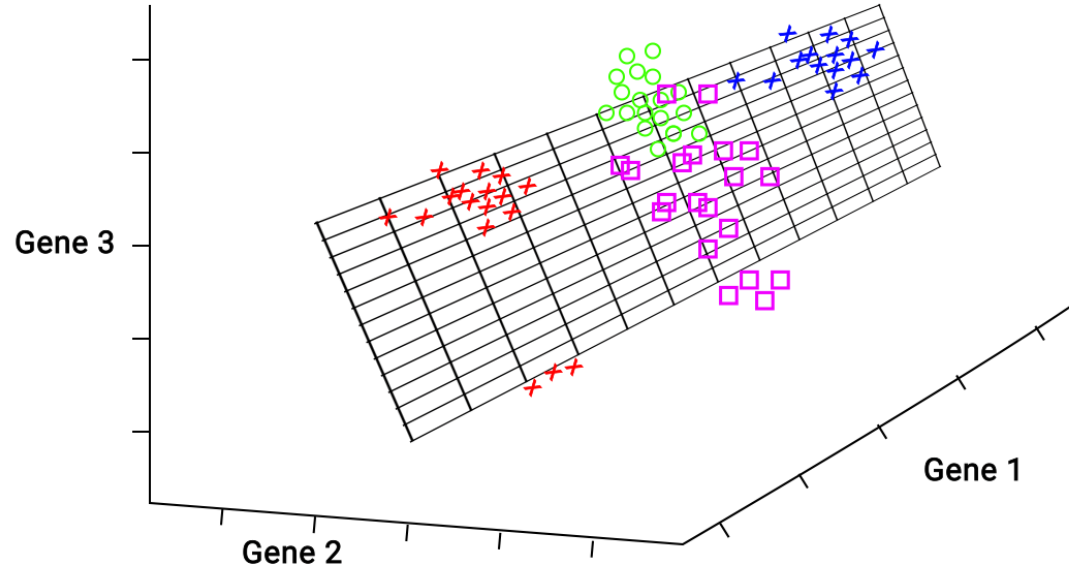
The 2-Dimensional Case



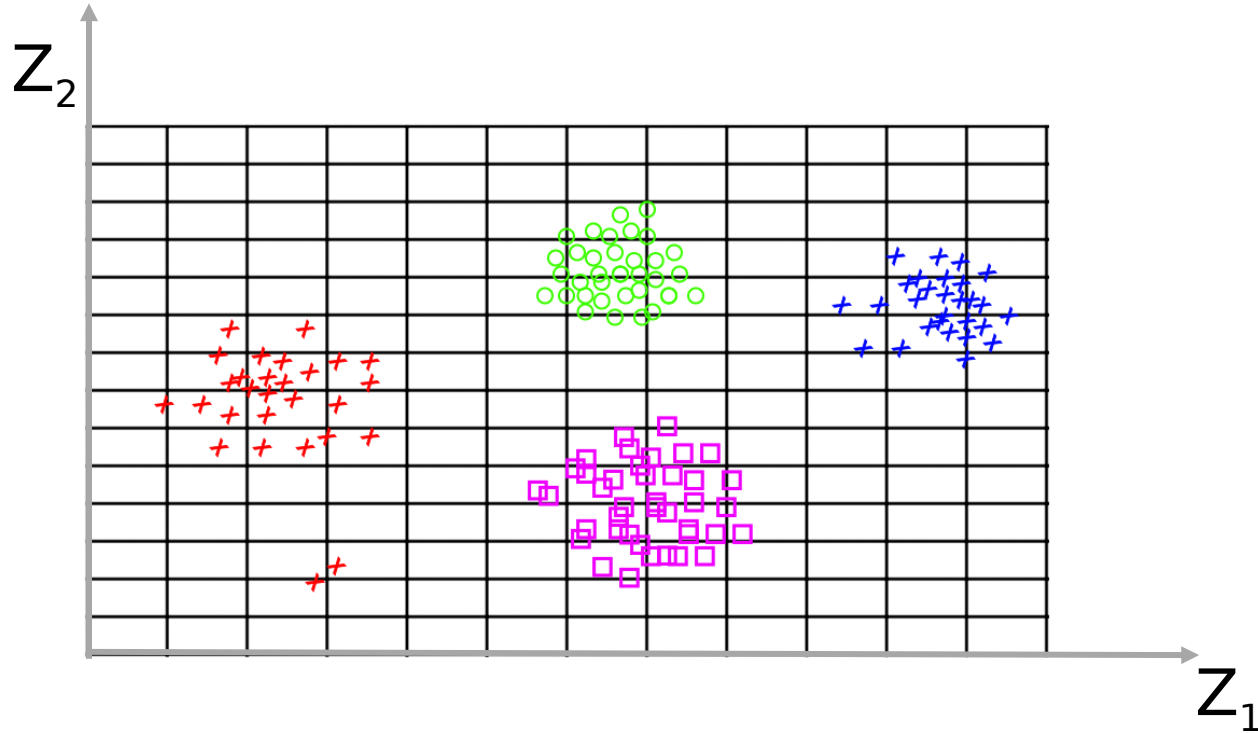
- Find Z_1 and Z_2
- Take projection of each data point along
- Z_1 is called the **Principal Component**

The 3-Dimensional Case

The 3-Dimensional Case



The 3-Dimensional Case



The n-Dimensional Case

The n-Dimensional Case

- n features $f_1, f_2, \dots, f_n \rightarrow k$ directions Z_1, Z_2, \dots, Z_k
- $k < n$
- k Principal Components
- Meaning of new features is not interpretable

Thank
You!