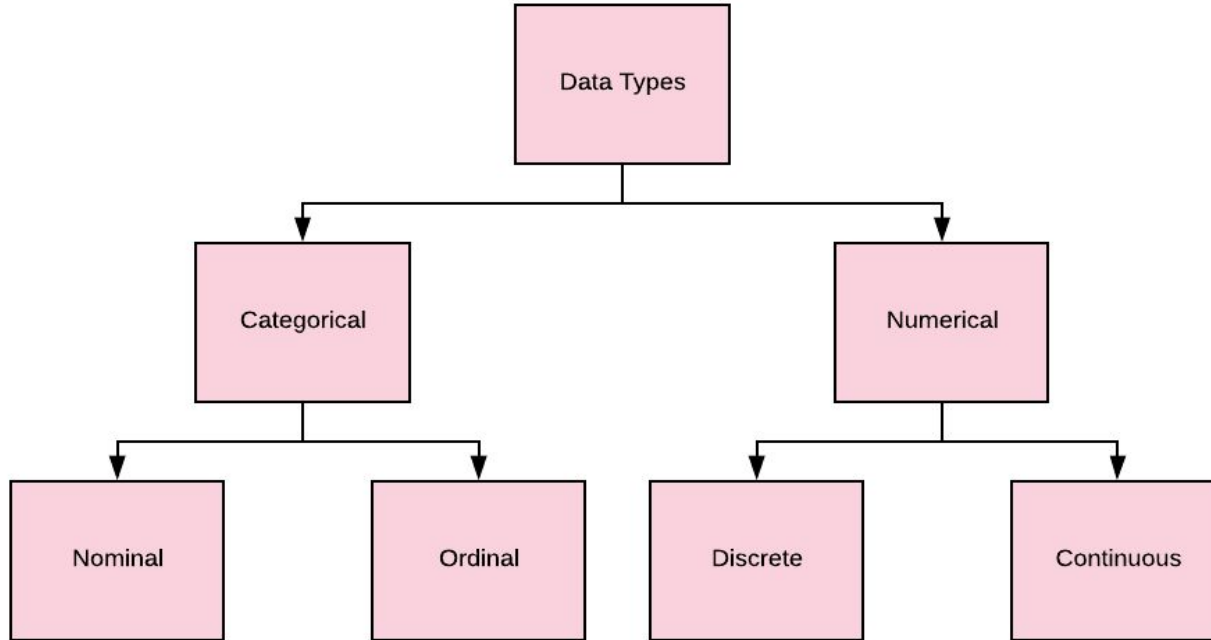
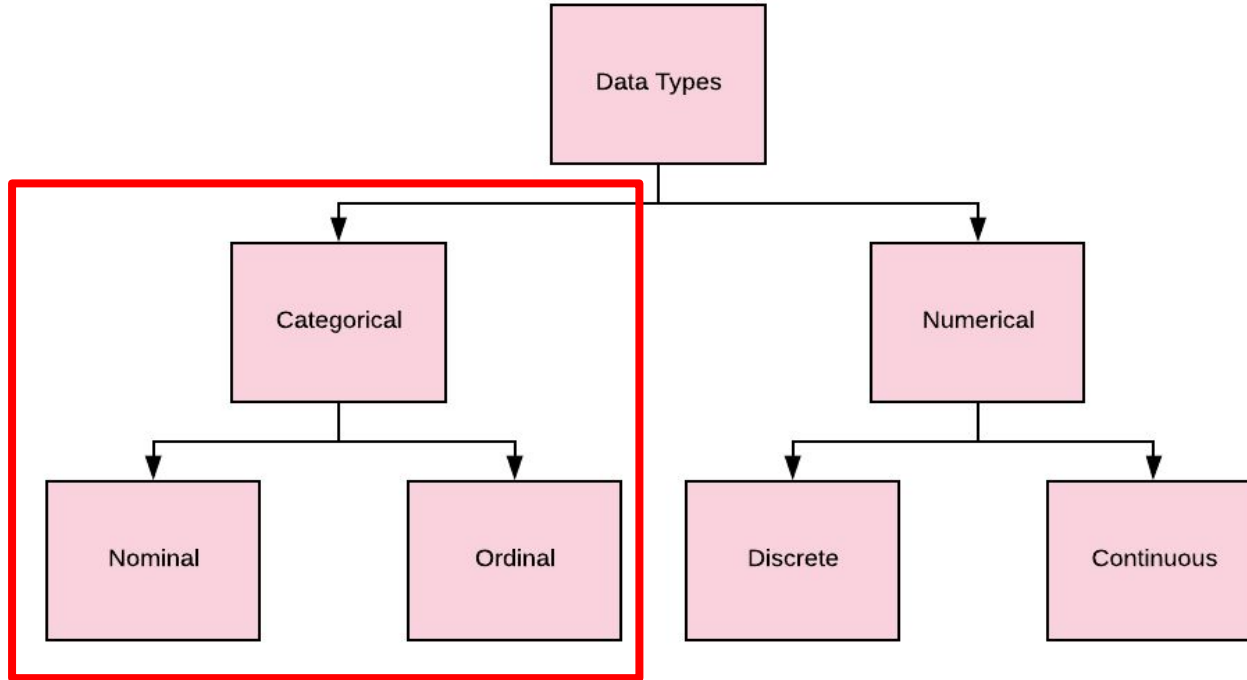


# Variables Types

# Data Types



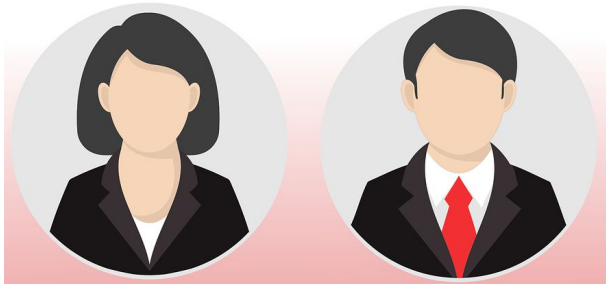
# Data Types



# Categorical Data

- Also known as Qualitative Data
- Represent Characteristics or Qualities

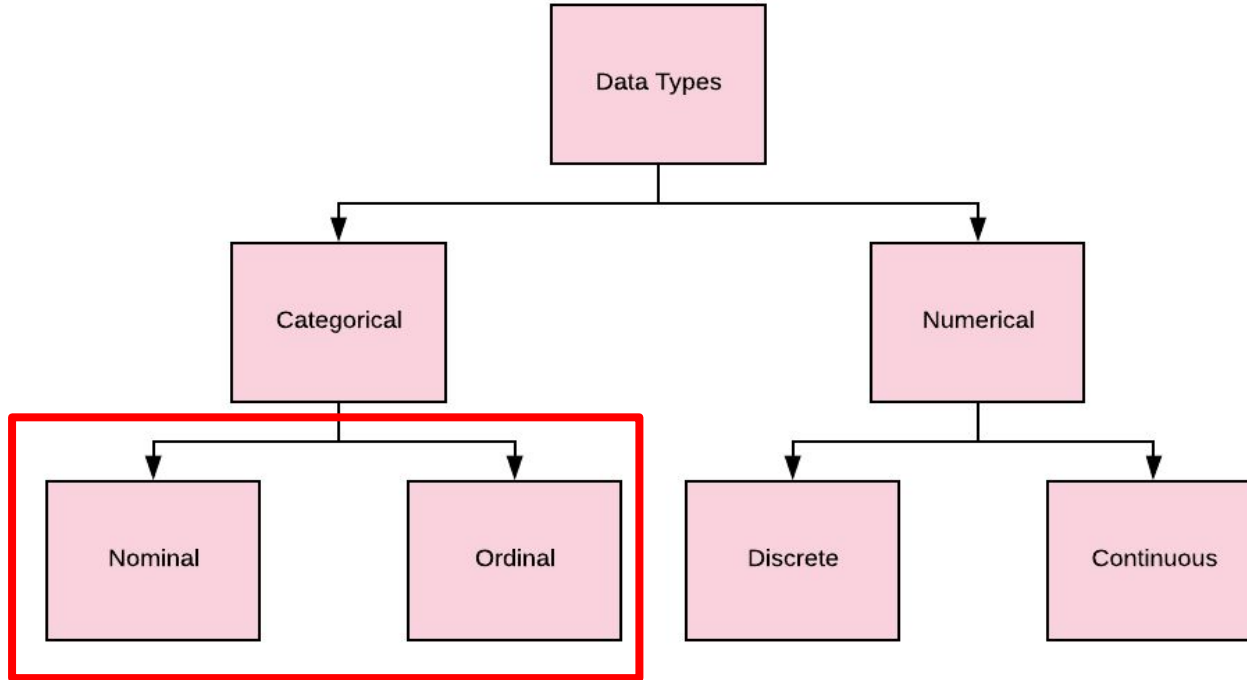
Ex. Your Gender ?



Horse racing?



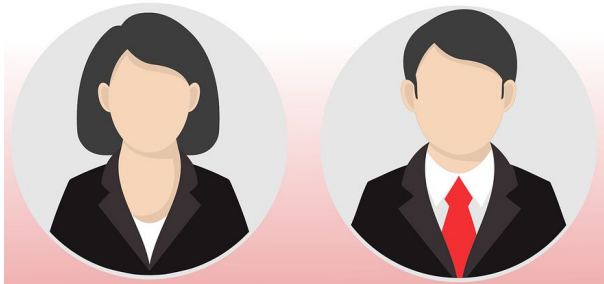
# Data Types



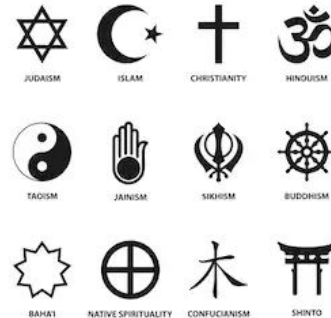
# Nominal Data

- Discrete
- No Specific Order
- Changing Label doesn't impact Meaning

Ex. Your Gender ?



Your religious Preference?



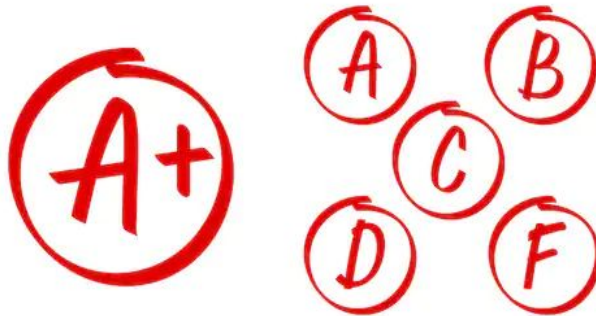
# Ordinal Data

- Discrete
- Specific Order
- Labels represent Meaning

Horse racing?



Your Grades?

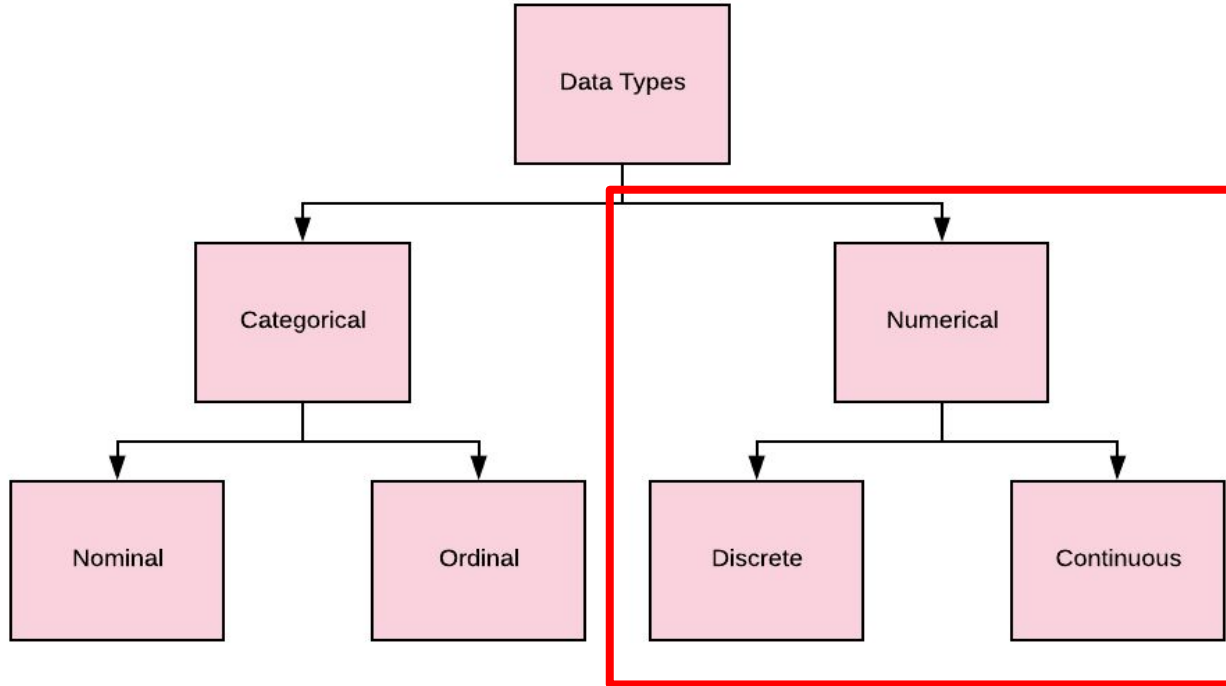


# Nominal vs Ordinal

- Name vs Order
- Quantitative Meaning
- Information type



# Data Types



# Numerical Data

- Quantitative
- Numerical significance

Ex. Your sleeping hours ?

Ex. When did you sleep last night?



Do both these  
questions  
represent similar  
values ?

# Discrete Data

- Takes only certain values
- Can be counted

Ex. Your sleeping hours ?



# Continuous Data

- Can take any value
- Can not be counted but measured

Ex. When did you sleep last night?



Thank You!

# How Data is Stored in Pandas

Pandas dtype	Python type	NumPy type	Usage
object	str or mixed	string_, unicode_, mixed types	Text or mixed numeric and non-numeric values
int64	int	int_, int8, int16, int32, int64, uint8, uint16, uint32, uint64	Integer numbers
float64	float	float_, float16, float32, float64	Floating point numbers
bool	bool	bool_	True/False values
datetime64	NA	datetime64[ns]	Date and time values
timedelta[ns]	NA	NA	Differences between two datetimes
category	NA	NA	Finite list of text values

# Data Type: Integers and Float

- Integer and Float are kinds of numerical data
  - Integer is number without decimal point (example - 5, 902, 12)
  - Float is number with decimal point (example - 0.5, 22.7)

- Numerical operations

Example: Age of Customer (int)



Current Balance  
(float)



# Data Type: Boolean

- Boolean variable has only two possible values:- True/False

- Comparison

Ex.  $((7 > 3) \& (5 > 6))$   
False

Ex.  $((7 > 3) | (5 > 6))$   
True

- Conditional Statements

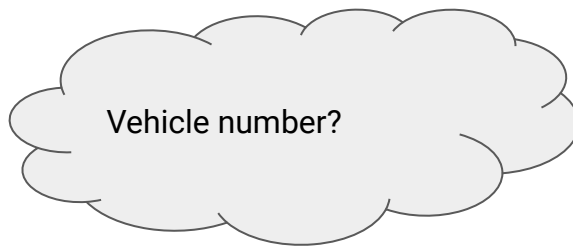
Identify all such 40 years old customers who are prone to churn?





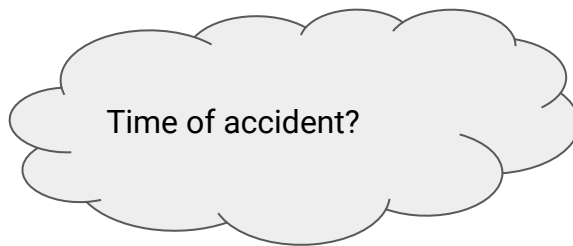
# Data Type: Object

- Object can be single or mixed type of variables
  - Text (Movie Script)
  - Mixed numeric (Passport ID)
  - Non numeric values (Currency Symbol)



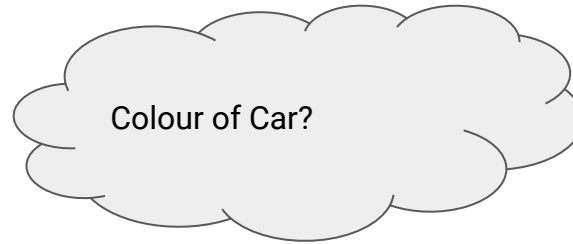
# Data Type: Date Time

- Date time variable for date and time values
- Timedelta variable for difference between two datetimes



# Data Type: Category

- Categorical variable is used to represent the categorical data.
- Can Specifying an order.



# Date Time

