Using Mapping Data Flows with CDM in ADF and Synapse

Private Preview

5/5/2020

Overview

Mapping data flows, available in ADF and Synapse, can be used to read from and write to entities in a CDM Folder. CDM entities can be used as data sources and sinks in data flows like any other supported sources and sinks, allowing data to be transformed to and from entities using the full set of mapping and transformation capabilities supported by mapping data flows.

CDM support and the GitHub linked service are currently in Private Preview, for limited customer evaluation. **During private preview, use of this feature in production applications is not recommended or supported.** Details of the feature and the user experience will likely change before this is released.

Mapping data flows uses a 'known schema to known schema' approach. The entity definitions referenced must have been pre-defined out of band. See CDM documentation for help in defining CDM documents using CDM 0.9 or greater. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/common-data-model/

Enabling CDM support

To activate the preview, add the following switch to the ADF or Synapse editor URL: &feature.cdm=true

Capabilities

The following capabilities are supported in the private preview release.

- Supports CDM folders in ADLS gen2.
- Supports **CSV data files**; Parquet will be supported later.
- Supports reading from manifest and model.json and writing to manifest files.

Supported scenarios

The following scenarios are supported:

- Reading data from entities in CDM folders for mapping and transforming
- Writing data to entities in a CDM folder using entity definitions from a published model file

Data partition locations can be configured when writing to a CDM entity.

How to reference a CDM entity in a mapping data flow and execute

- 1. Create a pipeline with a mapping data flow.
- 2. In the mapping data flow, add a data source to read from an entity in a CDM folder and/or a data sink to write to an entity in a CDM folder.
- 3. Configure the data source or data sink to connect to the entity in the CDM folder (see below).
- 4. Connect the data source and sink in the mapping data flow like any other source or sink to map and transform data to or from CDM.

5. Execute the pipeline to test (use a debug environment to speed up testing).

More information is provided below.

Configuring a CDM data source or data sink

Entity data sources and sinks are defined by **configuring use of a Linked Service** associated with the ADLS gen2 storage account or a GitHub account containing the CDM folder. You **do not create and use a Dataset** for a CDM entity.

Working with Manifest files (read and write)

ADF mapping data flows support read and write to CDM folders described by a manifest file (*.manifest.cdm.json).

Referencing the CDM entity definition

Both the data source and sink configuration require a reference to the entity in a CDM definition file and to the manifest in the CDM folder. The referenced entity definition can be independent of the CDM folder and manifest. For example, the entity definition might part of an enterprise CDM model managed centrally. Thus, the CDM folder and manifest may be in different ADLS Gen2 or GitHub accounts referenced by different Linked Services.

Note: if the CDM definition file that contains the entity being referenced imports other CDM definition files, whether directly or indirectly, all the referenced files must also be available for reference by ADF at runtime. If imported files are referenced in separate folders, it is important to ensure the entire corpus, or body, of referenced CDM definitions is accessible in the linked service and that the folder structures are retained. When configuring a source or sink, you reference the root of the corpus.

Referencing the entity in the CDM folder

When writing a CDM entity to a CDM folder, if needed, ADF will create the required folders and update the manifest with the entity reference and include a resolved entity definition in the CDM folder. You can choose where the entity information is located within the folder. A common pattern is to place entities in a sub-folder. Doing this, isolates entities and makes the CDM folder easier to understand. ADF uses a sub-manifest for each entity and will place this in an entity folder if created and will write data files into separate timestamped data subfolders.

When configuring a data source to read from an entity, the location of the entity definition, the CDM folder, and the entity location are also needed (this requirement may be removed in future).

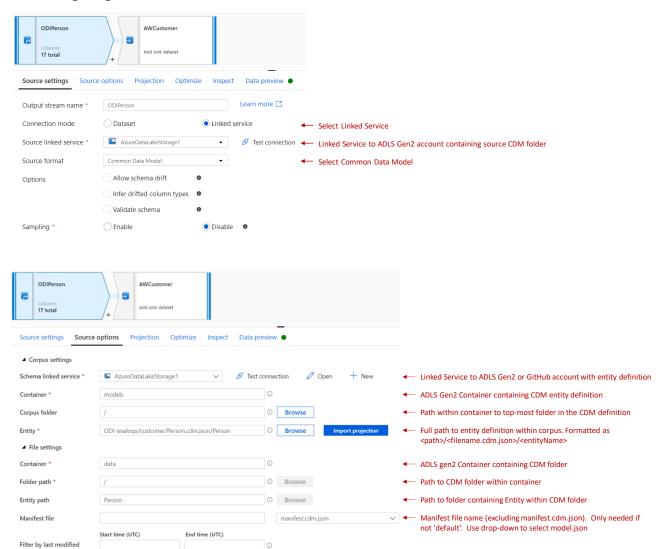
Working with model.json

Mapping data flows support reading from entities in a CDM folder described using the older model.json format. To use a model.json, reference it in place of the manifest file in the source options tab when configuring the data source options (see screenshot below). Note that a model.json file must be named exactly 'model.json', so there can only be one in a folder, unlike manifests, which can represent potentially overlapping subsets of the data in a CDM folder.

Example Screen Shots

The following annotated screen shots show how to configure a data source and data sink to use CDM entities. You will need to have previously configured an ADLS Gen2 Linked Service for the CDM Folder and if necessary, a separate ADLS Gen2 or GitHub Linked Service for the CDM entity definition.

Configuring a Data Source



Configuring a Data Sink

