

**Code : 011620**

**B.Tech 6th Semester Examination, 2017**

**Design of Steel Structures**

**Time : 3 hours**

**Full Marks : 70**

**Instructions :**

- (i) There are Nine Questions in this Paper
- (ii) Attempt Five questions in all.
- (iii) Question No. 1 is Compulsory.
- (iv) The marks are indicated in the right-hand margin

1. Write short answer (any seven) of the following:  $2 \times 7 = 14$

- (a) A propped cantilever of span  $L$  is subjected to a concentrated load of mid span. If  $M_P$  is plastic moment capacity of beam then find the value of collapse load.
- (b) Give disadvantages of welded joints.
- (c) What is slenderness ratio? How does it affect the load carrying capacity of column.
- (d) Give the factor by which effective length of battered column is altered
- (e) A groove weld is to connect two plates  $180 \text{ mm} \times 18 \text{ mm}$  each. Determine the design bending strength of the joint, if it is subjected to a moment of  $13 \text{ kNm}$ . Also, determine the adequacy of the joint, if the shear force at the joint is

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200 kN. Assume the welds to be of double-U shop welded

- (f) Give, in detail, various load considered for the design of roof Trusses.
- (g) Calculate the value of the least radius of gyration for a compound column consisting of 1 SHB 250 @  $536.6 \text{ N/m}$  with one cover plate  $300 \text{ mm} \times 20 \text{ mm}$  on each flange.
- (h) What is the difference in behaviour of long and intermediate column?
- (i) Differentiate between the bending and buckling of beam.
- (j) Why is a reduction of live loads done for the columns of multi-storey structures?

2. (a) A 120 mm diameter and 6 mm thick pipe is fillet welded to a 14 mm plate. It is subjected to a vertical factored load of 4.5 kN at 1.0 m from the welded end and a factored twisting moment of  $1.8 \text{ kNm}$ . Design the joint assuming shop welding and steel of grade Fe 410. 12
- (b) In what situation are concave fillet welds recommended? 2

3. Explain the term 'plastic hinge'. Explain the theorems of plastic collapse. Find out the collapse load for a fixed beam subjected to a point load 'W' at its mid span. 14

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4. (a) Explain various modes of failure (behaviour) of bolted connections, with neat sketches. 3
- (b) Two flats (Fe 410 Grade steel), each 210 mm × 8 mm, are to be jointed using 20 mm diameter, 4.6 grade bolts, to form a lap joint. The joint is supposed to transfer a factored load of 250 kN. Design the joint and determine suitable pitch for the bolts. 11
5. Design a bridge truss diagonal subjected to a factored tensile load of 300 kN. The length of the diagonal is 3.0 m. The tension member is connected to a gusset plate 16 mm thick with one line of 20 mm diameter bolts of grade, 8.8. 14
6. Design a double angle discontinuous strut to carry a factored load of 135 kN, resulting from combination with wind load. The length of the strut is 3.0 m between intersections. The two angles are placed back-to-back (with long legs connected) and are tack bolted. Use steel of grade Fe 410.
- (i) Angles are placed on opposite sides of 12 mm gusset plate.
- (ii) Angles are placed on same side of 12 mm gusset plate. 14
7. Design a welded plate girder 24 m in span and laterally restrained throughout. It has to support a uniform load of 100 kN/m through the span exclusive of self-weight. Design the girder without intermediate transverse stiffeners. The steel for the flange and web plates is of grade Fe 410. Design the

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cross section, the end load bearing stiffener and connections 14

8. (a) An I-section beam is fabricated with plates of following dimensions

Flanges : 600 × 20 mm

Web : 1600 × 12 mm

Classify flanges, web and the section. Also determine the plastic moment capacity of the beam about its strong axis, if the grade of steel is Fe 410. 7

- (b) Determine the design bending strength of ISI B 350/a 486 N m considering the beam to be laterally unsupported. The design shear force  $V$  is less than the design shear strength. The unsupported length of the beam is 3.0 m. Assume steel of grade Fe 410. 7

9. Design a strut in a roof truss for the following data. 14

Length of strut : 2.235 m

Factored compressive force : 50 kN (due to D.L. and L.L.)

Factored tensile force : 17.80 kN (due to D.L. and W.L.)

Grade of steel : Fe 410

Grade of bolts : 4.6

Bolt diameter : 20 mm

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