

Test a Perceptual Phenomenon

September 25, 2017

0.0.1 Analyzing the Stroop Effect

Perform the analysis in the space below. Remember to follow [the instructions](#) and review the [project rubric](#) before submitting. Once you've completed the analysis and write up, download this file as a PDF or HTML file and submit in the next section.

- (1) What is the independent variable? What is the dependent variable?

Independent Variable: The two task conditions.

Dependent Variable: Time taken to complete each task.

- (2) What is an appropriate set of hypotheses for this task? What kind of statistical test do you expect to perform? Justify your choices.

Null Hypothesis: The time taken to complete both the tasks are equal.

Ho: $\mu_1 = \mu_2$, where Ho is Null Hypothesis and 1 and 2 are population mean of Congruent and Incongruent words condition tasks respectively.

Alternative Hypothesis: The time taken to complete both the task are not equal.

Ha: $\mu_1 \neq \mu_2$, where Ha is Alternative Hypothesis and 1 and 2 are population mean of Congruent and Incongruent words condition tasks respectively.

The main intention of Stroop task is to determine whether the people can complete both tasks at the same time. That is what I intend to find from the given dataset.

- (3) Report some descriptive statistics regarding this dataset. Include at least one measure of central tendency and at least one measure of variability. The name of the data file is 'stroop-data.csv'.

```
In [44]: # Perform the analysis here
import pandas as pd
import scipy.stats as stats

data = pd.read_csv('stroopdata.csv')

congruent = data['Congruent'].values.tolist()
incongruent = data['Incongruent'].values.tolist()

data_desc = data.describe()
data_medain = data.median()
```

```

data_variance = data.var()

print ('General Description')
print (data_desc)
print ('\n')

print ('Median')
print (data_medaian)
print ('\n')

print ('Variance')
print (data_variance)

```

General Description

	Congruent	Incongruent
count	24.000000	24.000000
mean	14.051125	22.015917
std	3.559358	4.797057
min	8.630000	15.687000
25%	11.895250	18.716750
50%	14.356500	21.017500
75%	16.200750	24.051500
max	22.328000	35.255000

Median

Congruent	14.3565
Incongruent	21.0175

dtype: float64

Variance

Congruent	12.669029
Incongruent	23.011757

dtype: float64

1.Congruent

Mean: 14.051125

Median: 14.3565

Variance: 12.669029

Standard Deviation: 3.559358

2.Incongruent

Mean: 22.015917

Median: 21.0175

Variance: 23.011757

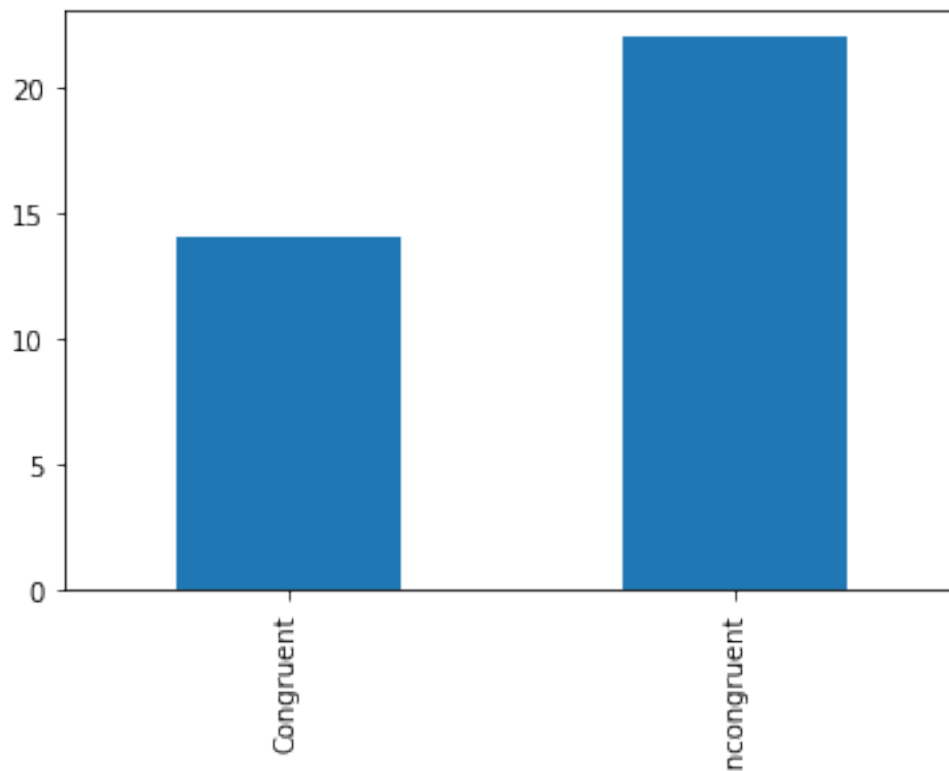
Standard Deviation: 4.797057

- (4) Provide one or two visualizations that show the distribution of the sample data. Write one or two sentences noting what you observe about the plot or plots.

```
In [45]: # Build the visualizations here
```

```
%matplotlib inline  
  
data.mean().plot('bar')
```

```
Out[45]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f0ae01956d8>
```



The bar chart of mean of the samples clearly states that the time taken to complete the incongruent words condition task is more than the time taken to complete the congruent words condition task. It is evident from here that our alternative hypothesis is right. But, we must not arrive to conclusion before performing t-test.

- (5) Now, perform the statistical test and report the results. What is the confidence level and your critical statistic value? Do you reject the null hypothesis or fail to reject it? Come to a conclusion in terms of the experiment task. Did the results match up with your expectations?

```
In [43]: # Perform the statistical test here
```

```
stats.ttest_rel(congruent, incongruent)
```

```
Out[43]: Ttest_relResult(statistic=-8.020706944109957, pvalue=4.1030005857111781e-08)
```

The given samples are related. Both the tasks are performed by the same person and that is why we are performing a t-test on related sample. Since our null hypothesis states that time taken to complete both the tasks are equal, we must perform a two-tailed t-test.

Confidence level: 95%

t-critical value: ± 2.069

t-statistical value: -8.020706944109957

p-value: 4.1030005857111781e-08

The t-statistical value is much lower than the t-critical value.

Therefore, we reject the Null Hypothesis.

This states that the time taken to complete Incongruent words condition task is much greater than the time taken to complete Congruent words condition task.

The result we obtained is exactly what we predicted from the bar chart. So, this is not much of a surprise.

The reason why we came to this conclusion is pretty simple. Of course, it is tough for people to perform Incongruent words condition task. Our brain definitely takes time to process the color and make us say it out loud instead of the word written. The result has been all over from the very beginning when we calculated the central tendency.