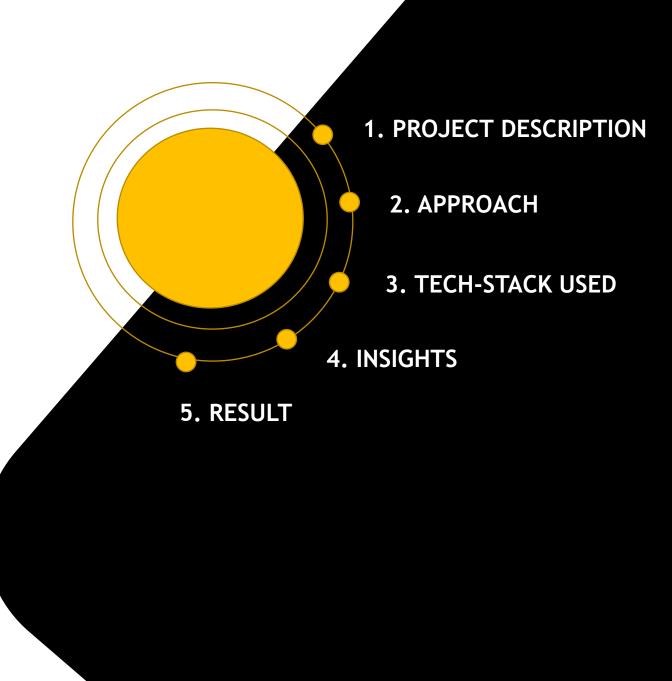
Hiring Process Analytics

View Slides

By: Arvindh Kumar V



1) Project Description

As a lead Data Analyst Lead in Google, i am provided with Statistic data sets, tables from which i must derive certain insights out of it and answer the questions. so it will be easy for me to handle it using **Excel and provide a detailed report**

S.no	Question
1	Hiring
2	Average Salary
3	Class Intervals
4	Charts and Plots
5	Charts

2) Approach

- 1. I revised 2-3 times the requirements Google.
- 2. Collected the Statistics Dataset.

3.

☐ Hiring: Process of intaking of people into an organization for different kinds of positions.

Your task: How many males and females are Hired?

Approach:

I have used countifs function with constraints status = hired and event name=male.

Average Salary: Adding all the salaries for a select group of employees and then dividing the sum by the number of employees in the group

Your task: What is the average salary offered in this company?

Approach:

using average function I have calculated average of offered salary

☐ Class Intervals: The class interval is the difference between the upper class limit and the lower class limit.

Your task: Draw the class intervals for salary in the company?

Approach:

I have made class interval by analyzing offered salary and using frequency function I have calculated offered within the range with help of upperbound.

□ Charts and Plots: This is one of the most important part of analysis to visualize the data.

Your task: Draw Pie Chart / Bar Graph (or any other graph) to show proportion of people working different department?

Approach:

using countifs function with constraint with department so that we can find how many people are there in each department and displayed it in a pie chart.

☐ Charts: Use different charts and graphs to perform the task representing the data.

Your task: Represent different post tiers using chart/graph?

Approach:

using countifs function I have calculated the count of each post name and displayed it in a 3d bar graph.

3) Tech-Stack Used

- **❖**I have used **Excel** software.
- * Excel is a tool **for organizing and performing calculations** on data.
- ❖It can analyze data, calculate statistics, generate **pivot table**, and represent data as **charts or graphs**.
- ❖I have used Excel 2019 version to complete this project.

4) Insights

I have learnt to handle or manage huge stores of structured data using Excel and also I have learnt about Functions like countifs(), average(),frequency() etc..

Countifs() – it counts cell in a range based on one or more true or flase condition.

Average() – returns average of numbers

Frequency() – this function will calculate and return a frequency distribution.

5) Result

A. Hiring:

```
=COUNTIFS(C2:C7169,''=Hired'',D2:D7169,''=Male'')
```

=COUNTIFS(C2:C7169,"=Hired",D2:D7169,"=Female")

Hiring:	
Male	2563
Female	1856

B. Average Salary:

=AVERAGE(G2:G7169)

Average salary:

Average

49983.02902

C. Class Intervals:

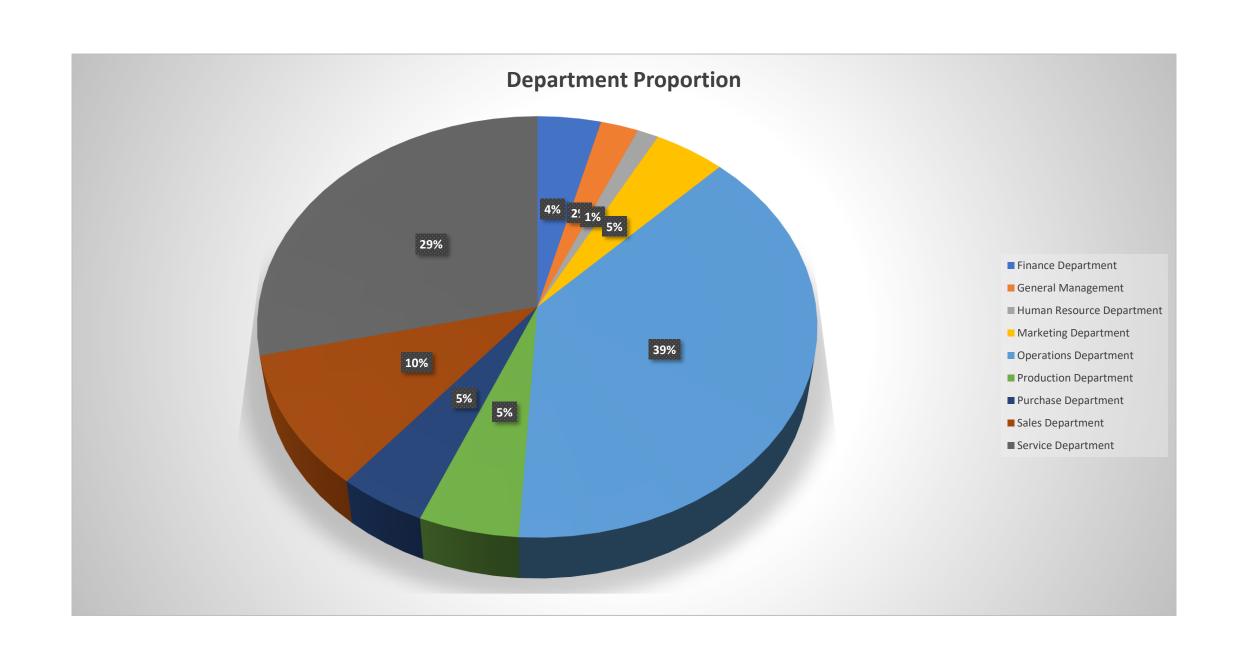
{=FREQUENCY(G2:G7169,M14:M21)}

Class Interval:		
Intervals	Frequency	Upper Bound
0 - 50000	3612	50000
50000 - 100000	3552	100000
100000 - 150000	0	150000
150000 - 200000	1	200000
200000 - 250000	0	250000
250000 - 300000	1	300000
300000 - 350000	0	350000
350000 - 400000	1	400000

D. Charts and Plots:

=COUNTIFS(E2:E7169,"=Finance Department") =M25/7169

Charts and Plots:				
			Count (Considering	Proportion Percentage (Considering
Departments	Proportion Percentage	Count	Hired)	Hired)
Finance Department	4.02%	288	176	2.46%
General Management	2.40%	172	113	1.58%
Human Resource				
Department	1.35%	97	70	0.98%
Marketing Department	4.53%	325	202	2.82%
Operations Department	38.65%	2771	1843	25.71%
Production Department	5.30%	380	246	3.43%
Purchase Department	4.64%	333	230	3.21%
Sales Department	10.42%	747	485	6.77%
Service Department	28.67%	2055	1332	18.58%



E. Charts:

=COUNTIFS(F2:F7169,"=-")

Post	Count	
-	1	
b9	463	
c-10	232	
c5	1747	
c8	320	
c9	1792	
i1	222	
i4	88	
i5	787	
i6	527	
i7	982	
m6	3	
m7	1	
n10	1	
n6	1	
n9	1	
Total	7168	

POST TIERS

