Name: Nabira Khan Roll Number: 23K-0914

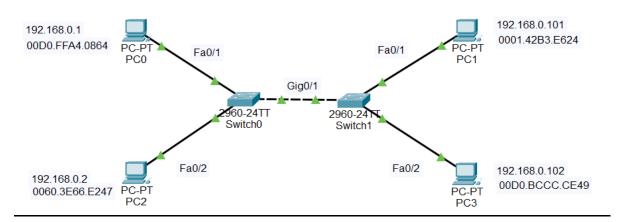
## LAB#02 PART(A) - TASK#01

- 1. DHCP prevents duplicate IPs by keeping a lease database and checking availability (via ARP/ping) before assigning.
- 2. For a network of 50 devices, the best IP addressing scheme is a private Class C network, specifically

**Option 1:** Use 192.168.1.0/24 (255.255.255.0)  $\rightarrow$  254 usable IPs, simple and scalable. **Option 2:** Use 192.168.1.0/26 (255.255.255.192)  $\rightarrow$  62 usable IPs, efficient for 50 devices.

- 3. Check IP/subnet config, cable/port status, VLAN membership, and firewall/ICMP settings.
- 4. Exclude the static IP from DHCP pool or change either the static IP or DHCP scope range.
- 5. A hub shares bandwidth (collisions), lacks security and sends traffic to all ports; a switch gives dedicated bandwidth per port, forwards only to the destination, and is more secure.
- 6. DHCP process (DORA): **Discover** client broadcasts request for IP, **Offer** server replies with available IP and config (unicast), **Request** client asks to lease that specific IP (broadcast) , **Acknowledge** server confirms and finalizes lease.

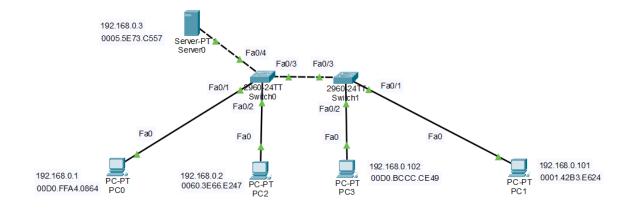
## **LAB#02 PART(A) - TASK#02**



Name: Nabira Khan Roll Number: 23K-0914

```
PC0 🎤
Physical
          Config Desktop Programming
                                            Attributes
 Command Prompt
 Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
 C:\>ping 192.168.0.101
 Pinging 192.168.0.101 with 32 bytes of data:
 Reply from 192.168.0.101: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
 Reply from 192.168.0.101: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
 Reply from 192.168.0.101: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.0.101: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
 Ping statistics for 192.168.0.101:
 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
 C:\>ping 192.168.0.2
 Pinging 192.168.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:
 Reply from 192.168.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
 Ping statistics for 192.168.0.2:
 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
      Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
 C:\>ping 192.168.0.102
 Pinging 192.168.0.102 with 32 bytes of data:
 Reply from 192.168.0.102: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.102: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.0.102: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
 Reply from 192.168.0.102: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
 Ping statistics for 192.168.0.102:
 Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
      Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

## LAB#02 PART(A) - TASK#03



Name: Nabira Khan Roll Number: 23K-0914

```
C:\>ping 192.168.0.2
Pinging 192.168.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.2: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 192.168.0.2:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>ping 192.168.0.101
Pinging 192.168.0.101 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.0.101: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 192.168.0.101:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\>ping 192.168.0.3
Pinging 192.168.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.0.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 192.168.0.3:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 6ms, Average = 1ms
```