

Batch: Roll No: Experiment No:

**Aim:** To plan and design Home page for Website using HTML5 tags.

**Resources needed:** Notepad++, Bracket, Sublime Text, any Web Browser and Internet.

# Theory:

HyperText Markup Language, commonly referred to as HTML, is the standard markup language used to create web pages. HTML describes the structure of a website semantically along with cues for presentation, making it a markup language, rather than a programming language. HTML is the Web's core language for creating documents and applications for everyone to use, anywhere.

The language is written in the form of HTML elements consisting of *tags* enclosed in angle brackets (like <html>). Browsers do not display the HTML tags and scripts, but use them to interpret the content of the page. HTML can embed scripts written in languages such as JavaScript which affect the behavior of HTML web pages. HTML can be edited by using professional HTML editors like: Microsoft WebMatrix, Sublime Text etc. However, for learning HTML we recommend a text editor like Notepad (PC) or TextEdit (Mac).

All HTML documents must start with a type declaration: <!DOCTYPE html>.

The HTML document itself begins with <html> and ends with </html>.

The visible part of the HTML document is between **<body>** and **</body>**.

## Sample HTML Document

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>PageTitle</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>MyFirstHeading</h1>
Myfirstparagraph.
</body>
</html>
```

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# **HTML Tags**

The basic structure of an HTML document includes tags, which surround content and apply meaning to it. HTML tags are **keywords** (tag names) surrounded by **angle brackets**.

## **Attributes**

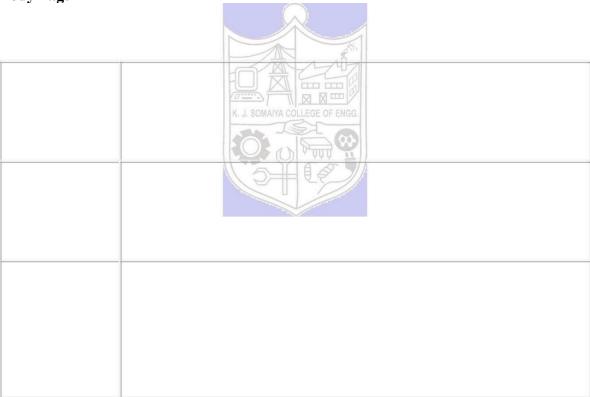
Tags can also have **attributes**, which are extra bits of information. Attributes appear inside the opening tag and their values sit inside quotation marks. They look something like <tag attribute="value">Margarine</tag>.

# **Heading Tags**

Any document starts with a heading. HTML also has six levels of headings, which use the elements <h1>, <h2>, <h3>, <h4>, <h5>, and <h6>

Format: <h1> A Heading </h1>





## Paragraph Tag

The tag offers a way to structure your text into different paragraphs. Each paragraph of text should go in between an opening and a closing tag

*Format:* Some text

### **Font Tag**

The FONT tags allow you to set the color and size of a specific piece of text. Unlike the BODY tag the FONT tag only changes the text between the opening <FONT> and closing </FONT> tag.

COLOR	The COLOR attribute allows you to set the color of the text:
	<font color="red">Red Text </font>
SIZE	The SIZE attribute allows you to set the size of the text:
	<font size="6">Big Text </font>

# Line Break Tag

The BR tag inserts a line break in the page.

*Format*: <br/>
Some text

# **Centering Content**

The CENTER tags align the text between them in the center of the page

Format: <center>Some text</cen

### **Horizontal Lines**

Horizontal lines are used to visual creates a line from the current pos line accordingly.

*Format:* <hr> Some text

a document. The **<hr>>**tag<br/>
the right margin and breaks the

### Links

The A tag is used for links and and nother page HREF is set equal to the URL of that page. If the NAME attribute is included instead of the HREF attribute then the A tag is being used to mark a spot in the page that can later be pointed to by a link.

Format: <a HREF="a URL">the link</a> <a NAME=ANCHORNAME></a>

# **Images**

This tag is used to insert an image into a page. The image is displayed where the <IMG> tag is inserted. The SRC tag tells the browser what image to insert. The width tag tells the browser what the dimensions of the image should be. If the dimensions of the image are different than what is given the browser stretches the image to make it fit. The height tag tells the browser what the dimensions of the image should be. If the dimensions of the image are different than what is given the browser stretches the image to make it fit.

Format: <img src="photo.jpg">

#### **Tables**

The tag must surround an entire table. It's attributes determine how the table looks.

BORDER	This defines how big the borders of a table will be.
	This defines how far from the edge of a cell the content in that cell will
CELLPADDING	be
CELLSPACING	This defines how far apart the cells of the table will be.
WIDTH	This defines the width of the table
BGCOLOR	This defines the background color of the table. If a color is specified in the TR or TD tags BGCOLOR is ignored for that row, or cell
	respectively.

### List

The LI tag creates a new element in an ordered or unordered list. The OL tags start and end an ordered list. All of the elements in the list must be inside these two tags. Format:

- <OL>
- <LI>element one.
- <LI>element two.
- </OL>

HTML 5 is latest version of HTML standard and is currently under development. HTML is mark-up language – provides a way to describe structure of text and graphics on a web page using its set of elements and attributes, deals with alignment of elements on the web page too, derived from SGML

HTML 5.0 was started by World Wide Consortium (W3C) and the Web Hypertext Application Technology Working Group (WHATWG). HTML 5.0 reduces the need for external plug-ins.

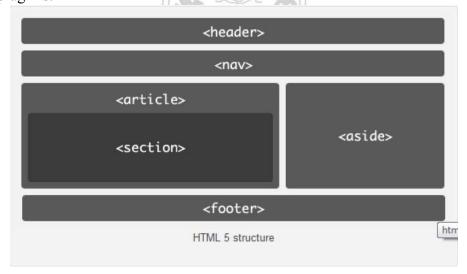


Fig 1. HTML 5 structure

### **New features in HTML5.0**

New content specific Structural elements like article, footer, header, nav , section...etc

New Form elements and attributes like calendar, date, time, email, url, search Canvas Element to draw graphic on a web page using JavaScript Video and Audio elements for media playback

#### Geo Location

**Browser support:** HTML5 is not yet an official standard, and no browsers have full HTML5 support. But all major browsers (Safari, Chrome, Firefox, Opera, Internet Explorer) continue to add new HTML5 features to their latest versions.

# Video Tag

Video element is used for playing videos or movies. HTML 5 video element is a standard way to include video. You can play the video without the help of external plugins like flash player.

### **Syntax:**

#### **Video Attributes:**

Attributes	Value	Description
src	url	Specify the location of the video file
height	pixels	Sets the height of the video player
width	pixels	Sets the width of the video player

# **Audio Tag**

Audio element is used for playing audio files. Audio element represents a audio or sound stream HTML 5 audio element is a standard way to include audio You can play the audio without the help of external plug-ins like flash player. Content can be given between the opening and closing of the audio tag. This content should not be shown by the user agents and is intended for the older browsers which do not support audio tag.

## **Syntax:**

- 1. src attribute is used to identify the media
- 2. controls attribute is used to specify whether or not to display audio controls.

# **Audio attributes:**

Attributes   Value		Description
src	url	Specify the location of the video file
controls	Boolean- any value sets this to true	If present, then the browser will display the default media controls

### The different types of input types for selecting date and time are:

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<b>Input Types</b>	Description
date	Selects date, month and year
month	Selects month and year
week	Selects week and year
Time	Selects time (hour and minute)
datetime	Selects time, date, month and year(UTC time)

#### Search:

Search input is used for search fields like Yahoo search, Google search or Site search. **Syntax:** 

<input type="search" >

### Color:

Color input type is used for <u>input fields</u> that should contain a color. If you use color type, it will allow you to pick a color from the color picker. **Syntax:** 

<input type="color" >

### **Activities:**

To design a web page illustrating the following tags heading, content, background color, table, list and image, HTML structural elements tags, audio and video tags, To set the values of minimum three attributes for the above mentioned tags.

# Results: (Document printout as per the format discussed by the faculty t)

Display of the designe

h A

he code.

# **Questions:**

1. What is the difference l

ML5 tags.

able?

2. Write the HTML code

**3.** What are the different v

age contents?

# **Outcomes:**

### **Conclusion:**

(Conclusion to be based on objectives and outcomes achieved)

Grade: AA/AB/BB/BC/CC/CD/DD/FF

Signature of faculty in-charge with date

# References: Books/ Journals/ Websites:

- "Web Technologies: Black Book", Dreamtech publication
- http://www.w3schools.com/