ALHCA



Test Booklet Code

ZZ

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.

Important Instructions:

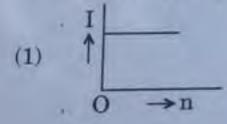
- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on Side-1 and Side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and this Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **ZZ**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is not permissible on the Answer Sheet.

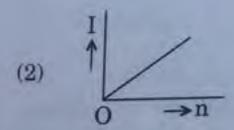
- 1. A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a glass tube. The length of the air column in this tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At room temperature of 27°C two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm of column length. If the frequency of the tuning fork is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at 27°C is
 - (1) 330 m/s
 - (2) 339 m/s
 - (3) 300 m/s
 - (4) 350 m/s
- 2. An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance h in a uniform and vertically upward directed electric field E. The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance h. The time of fall of the electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is
 - (1) smaller
 - (2) 5 times greater
 - (3) equal
 - (4) 10 times greater
- 3. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is 20 m/s² at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is
 - (1) $2\pi s$
 - (2) πs
 - (3) 1s
 - (4) 2s
- 4. The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having a charge Q and area A, is
 - (1) independent of the distance between the plates.
 - (2) linearly proportional to the distance between the plates.
 - (3) inversely proportional to the distance between the plates.
 - (4) proportional to the square root of the distance between the plates.

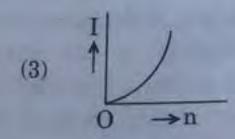
- 5. Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is
 - (1) 40Ω
 - (2) 25 Ω
 - (3) 500Ω
 - (4) 250 Ω
- B. A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from
 - (1) the current source
 - (2) the magnetic field
 - (3) the induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field
 - (4) the lattice structure of the material of the rod
- 7. An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100 μ F and a resistor 50 Ω are connected in series across a source of emf, $V = 10 \sin 314 t$. The power loss in the circuit is
 - (1) 0·79 W
 - (2) 0·43 W
 - (3) 1·13 W
 - (4) 2:74 W
- A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m⁻¹ is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is
 - (1) 7·14 A
 - (2) 5.98 A
 - (3) 11·32 A
 - (4) 14·76 A

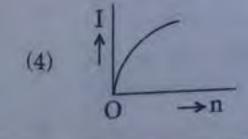


- 9. A carbon resistor of $(47 \pm 4.7) \text{ k}\Omega$ is to be marked with rings of different colours for its identification. The colour code sequence will be
 - (1) Violet Yellow Orange Silver
 - (2). Yellow Violet Orange Silver
 - (3) Green Orange Violet Gold
 - (4) Yellow Green Violet Gold
- 10. A set of 'n' equal resistors, of value 'R' each, are connected in series to a battery of emf 'E' and internal resistance 'R'. The current drawn is I, Now, the 'n' resistors are connected in parallel to the same battery. Then the current drawn from battery becomes 10 I. The value of 'n' is
 - (1) 10
 - (2) 11
 - (3) 9
 - (4) 20
- 11. A battery consists of a variable number 'n' of identical cells (having internal resistance 'r' each) which are connected in series. The terminals of the battery are short-circuited and the current I is measured. Which of the graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n?









- 12. In Young's double slit experiment the separation d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength λ of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0·20°. To increase the fringe angular width to 0·21° (with same λ and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to
 - (1) 1.8 mm
 - (2) 1.9 mm
 - (3) 1·7 mm
 - (4) 2·1 mm
- 13. An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of
 - (1) small focal length and large diameter
 - (2) large focal length and small diameter
 - (3) small focal length and small diameter
 - (4) large focal length and large diameter
- 14. Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index 'μ'. At a particular angle of incidence 'i', it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation?
 - (1) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence
 - (2) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence
 - (3) $i = tan^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$
 - $(4) \quad i = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$

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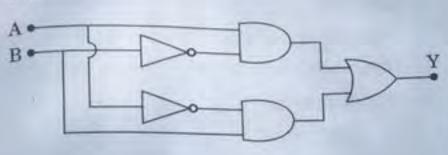
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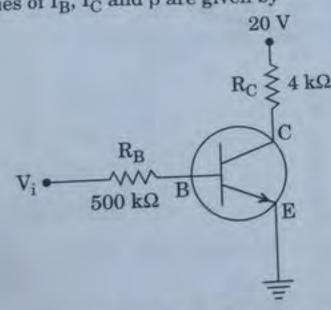
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In the combination of the following gates the 26. output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and Bas

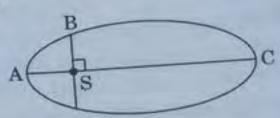


- A.B (1)
- $A.\bar{B} + \bar{A}.B$
- A + B(3)
- A.B + A.B (4)
- In the circuit shown in the figure, the input 24. voltage V_i is 20 V, $V_{BE} = 0$ and $V_{CE} = 0$. The values of IB, IC and β are given by

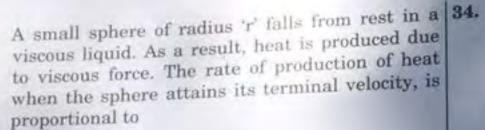


- (1) $I_B = 40 \mu A$, $I_C = 10 mA$, $\beta = 250$
- $I_B = 25 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 200$
- $I_B = 40 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 125$
- (4) $I_B = 20 \mu A$, $I_C = 5 mA$, $\beta = 250$
- In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature 25. due to heating
 - affects only reverse resistance
 - affects only forward resistance (2)
 - affects the overall V I characteristics of (3)p-n junction
 - does not affect resistance of p-n junction

- A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere?
 - Angular velocity (1)
 - Moment of inertia (2)
 - Angular momentum (3)
 - Rotational kinetic energy
- The kinetic energies of a planet in an elliptical orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are 27. KA, KB and KC, respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure. Then



- (1) $K_A < K_B < K_C$
- (2) $K_A > K_B > K_C$
- $K_B > K_A > K_C$
- KB < KA < KC
- If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were 28. ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is not correct?
 - Raindrops will fall faster.
 - Walking on the ground would become more (2)difficult.
 - 'g' on the Earth will not change. (3)
 - Time period of a simple pendulum on the (4)Earth would decrease.
 - A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy (Kt) as well as rotational kinetic energy (K_r) simultaneously. The ratio $K_t:(K_t+K_r)$ for the sphere is
 - 7:10 (1)
 - 5:7 (2)
 - 2:5 (3)
 - 10:7 (4)



- (1) r^3
- (2) r²
- (3) r4
- (4) r⁵

31. A sample of 0·1 g of water at 100°C and normal pressure (1·013 × 10⁵ Nm⁻²) requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert to steam at 100°C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167·1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample, is

- (1) 104·3 J
- (2) 208·7 J
- (3) 84·5 J
- (4) 42·2 J

32. Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by Δl on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount?

- (1) 9 F
- (2) 6 F
- (3) F
- (4) 4 F

33. The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength, λ_0 . If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates maximum energy at wavelength $\frac{3}{4}\lambda_0$, the power radiated by it becomes nP. The value of n is

- (1) $\frac{3}{4}$
- (2) $\frac{4}{3}$
- (3) $\frac{81}{256}$
- (4) $\frac{256}{81}$

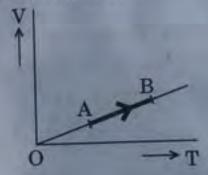
At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere?

(Given:

Mass of oxygen molecule (m) = 2.76×10^{-26} kg Boltzmann's constant $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}$ J K⁻¹)

- (1) $2.508 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (2) 8·360 × 10⁴ K
- (3) $1.254 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$
- (4) 5·016 × 10⁴ K

The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is



- (1) $\frac{2}{5}$
- (2) $\frac{2}{3}$
- (3) $\frac{2}{7}$
- $(4) \frac{1}{3}$

36. The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is

- (1) 13·2 cm
- (2) 8 cm
- (3) 16 cm
- (4) 12.5 cm

37. The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water, is

- (1) 26.8%
- (2) 20%
- (3) 12.5%
- (4) 6.25%

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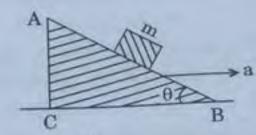
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A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to



- (1) $\frac{3}{2}$ D
- (2) D
- (3) $\frac{5}{4}$ D
- (4) $\frac{7}{5}$ D
- 39. Three objects, A: (a solid sphere), B: (a thin circular disk) and C: (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed ω about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation
 - (1) $W_C > W_B > W_A$
 - (2) $W_A > W_B > W_C$
 - $(3) \quad W_{\rm A} > W_{\rm C} > W_{\rm B}$
 - $(4) \quad \mathbf{W_B} > \mathbf{W_A} > \mathbf{W_C}$
- 40. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - (1) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.
 - (2) Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
 - (3) Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.
 - (4) Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
- 41. A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be
 - (1) 0.5
 - (2) 0.25
 - (3) 0.4
 - (4) 0.8

42. A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination θ as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and θ for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is



- (1) $a = \frac{g}{\csc \theta}$
- (2) $a = \frac{g}{\sin \theta}$
- (3) $a = g \tan \theta$
- (4) $a = g \cos \theta$
- A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field E. Due to the force qE, its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively
 - (1) 2 m/s, 4 m/s
 - (2) 1 m/s, 3 m/s
 - (3) 1.5 m/s, 3 m/s
 - (4) 1 m/s, 3·5 m/s
- 44. The moment of the force, $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} 6\hat{k}$ at (2, 0, -3), about the point (2, -2, -2), is given by
 - (1) $-8\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 7\hat{k}$
 - (2) $-4\hat{i} \hat{j} 8\hat{k}$
 - (3) $-7\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 8\hat{k}$
 - $(4) -7\hat{i} -8\hat{j} -4\hat{k}$
- ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of 0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is
 - (1) 0.521 cm
 - (2) 0.525 cm
 - (3) 0.529 cm
 - (4) 0.053 cm



- The difference between spermiogenesis and 50. spermiation is
 - In spermiogenesis spermatids are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
 - In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatids are formed.
 - (3) In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed, while in spermiation spermatozoa are released from sertoli cells into the cavity of seminiferous tubules.
 - In spermiogenesis spermatozoa from sertoli cells are released into the cavity of seminiferous tubules, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.
- The amnion of mammalian embryo is derived from
 - ectoderm and mesoderm (1)
 - endoderm and mesoderm (2)
 - ectoderm and endoderm (3)
 - mesoderm and trophoblast
- The contraceptive 'SAHELI' 48.
 - blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus, preventing eggs from getting implanted.
 - increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females.
 - is a post-coital contraceptive.
 - is an IUD. (4)
- Hormones secreted by the placenta to maintain 49. pregnancy are
 - hCG, hPL, progestogens, prolactin
 - hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin (2)
 - hCG, progestogens, estrogens, (3) glucocorticoids
 - hCG, hPL, progestogens, estrogens

- Match the items given in Column I with those in Maten all and select the correct option given below: Column II Column 1 Proliferative Phase i. Breakdown of endometrial
 - lining ii. Follicular Phase Secretory Phase b. iii. Luteal Phase Menstruation

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- (1) iii
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- All of the following are part of an operon except 51.
 - an operator (1)

ii

(4)

- structural genes (2)
- a promoter (3)
- an enhancer
- A woman has an X-linked condition on one of her 52. chromosomes. This chromosome can be inherited by
 - Only daughters
 - Only sons (2)
 - Both sons and daughters (3)
 - Only grandchildren (4)
- 53. According to Hugo de Vries, the mechanism of
 - Multiple step mutations
 - (2)Saltation
 - Minor mutations (3)
 - (4) Phenotypic variations
- 54. AGGTATCGCAT is a sequence from the coding strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding sequence of the transcribed mRNA?
 - AGGUAUCGCAU (1)
 - (2) UGGTUTCGCAT
 - (3) UCCAUAGCGUA
 - ACCUAUGCGAU (4)

- Among the following sets of examples divergent evolution, select the incorrect option:
 - Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah
 - Heart of bat, man and cheetah (2)
 - Eye of octopus, bat and man (3)
 - Brain of bat, man and cheetah
- (4) Conversion of milk to curd improves nutritional value by increasing the amount of
 - Vitamin D (1)
 - Vitamin A (2)
 - Vitamin E (3)
 - Vitamin B₁₂ (4)
- Which of the following is not an autoimmune 63. disease?
 - Psoriasis (1)
 - Rheumatoid arthritis
 - Vitiligo (3)
 - Alzheimer's disease (4)
- The similarity of bone structure in the forelimbs of many vertebrates is an example of
 - Homology (1)
 - Analogy (2)
 - Adaptive radiation (3)
 - Convergent evolution
- Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans? 59.
 - Dominance a.
 - Co-dominance b.
 - Multiple allele C.
 - Incomplete dominance d.
 - Polygenic inheritance
 - b, c and e (1)
 - a, b and c (2)
 - a, c and e (3)
 - b, d and e (4)
- does mosquito transmitted In which disease inflammation chronic 60. cause pathogen lymphatic vessels?
 - Elephantiasis
 - Ascariasis (2)
 - Amoebiasis (3)
 - Ringworm disease (4)

- All of the following are included in 'Ex-situ conservation' except
 - Wildlife safari parks
 - Sacred groves (2)
 - Seed banks (3)
 - Botanical gardens
- Which part of poppy plant is used to obtain the drug "Smack"?
 - Flowers (1)
 - Latex (2)
 - Leaves (3)
 - Roots (4)
- In a growing population of a country,
 - pre-reproductive individuals are more than the reproductive individuals.
 - reproductive individuals are less than the post-reproductive individuals. (2)
 - pre-reproductive individuals are less than the reproductive individuals. (3)
 - pre-reproductive and reproductive individuals are equal in number.
 - population following interactions is widely used in medical science for the Which 64. the production of antibiotics?
 - Commensalism (1)
 - Mutualism (2)
 - Amensalism (3)
 - Parasitism (4)
 - Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given 65. below:

Column II Column 1 **UV-B** radiation Eutrophication a. ii. Deforestation Sanitary landfill b. iii. Nutrient

Snow blindness C. enrichment

iv. Waste disposal Jhum cultivation

d a iv iii ii (1)ii iv iii (2)

iii iv ii (3) ii i

iv iii (4)



- 66. Which of the following options correctly represents the lung conditions in asthma and emphysema, respectively?
 - (1) Inflammation of bronchioles; Decreased respiratory surface
 - (2) Increased number of bronchioles; Increased respiratory surface
 - (3) Decreased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles
 - (4) Increased respiratory surface; Inflammation of bronchioles
- 67. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

Dei	Column I		Column II
a.	Tricuspid valve	i.	Between left atrium and left ventricle
b.	Bicuspid valve	ii.	Between right ventricle and pulmonary artery

c. Semilunar valve iii. Between right atrium and right ventricle

(1)	iii	i	ii
(2)	i	iii	ii
(3)	îi	i	iii
(4)	i	ii	iii

68. Match the items given in Column I with those in Column II and select the correct option given below:

	Col	umn I			Column II
a.	Tid	al volur	ne	i.	2500 – 3000 mL
b.	Insp		Reserve	ii.	1100 – 1200 mL
c.	Exp		Reserve	iii.	500 – 550 mL
d.	Resi	dual vo	lume	iv.	1000 – 1100 mL
	a	b	c .	d	
(1)	iii	ii	i	iv	
(2)	iii	i	iv	ii	
(3)	iv	iii	ii	1	

iii

ii

iv

- Which of the following is an amino acid derived 73.
 - (1) Epinephrine
 - (2) Ecdysone
 - (3) Estriol
 - (4) Estradiol
 - 70. Which of the following structures or regions is incorrectly paired with its function?
 - Medulla oblongata : controls respiration and cardiovascular reflexes.
 - (2) Limbic system : consists of fibre tracts that interconnect different regions of brain; controls movement.
 - (3) Corpus callosum : band of fibers connecting left and right cerebral hemispheres.
 - (4) Hypothalamus : production of releasing hormones and regulation of temperature, hunger and thirst.
 - 71. The transparent lens in the human eye is held in its place by
 - (1) ligaments attached to the ciliary body
 - (2) ligaments attached to the iris
 - (3) smooth muscles attached to the ciliary body
 - (4) smooth muscles attached to the iris
 - 72. Which of the following hormones can play a significant role in osteoporosis?
 - (1) Aldosterone and Prolactin
 - (2) Progesterone and Aldosterone
 - (3) Parathyroid hormone and Prolactin
 - (4) Estrogen and Parathyroid hormone

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- (1) Chie
- (2) Muc
- (3) Pari
- (4) Gob
- Match the Column below:
 - a. Fi
 - ъ.
 - c.
 - (1) (2)
 - (3)
 - (4)
- 75. Which
 - (1)
 - (3)
 - (4)
 - 76.
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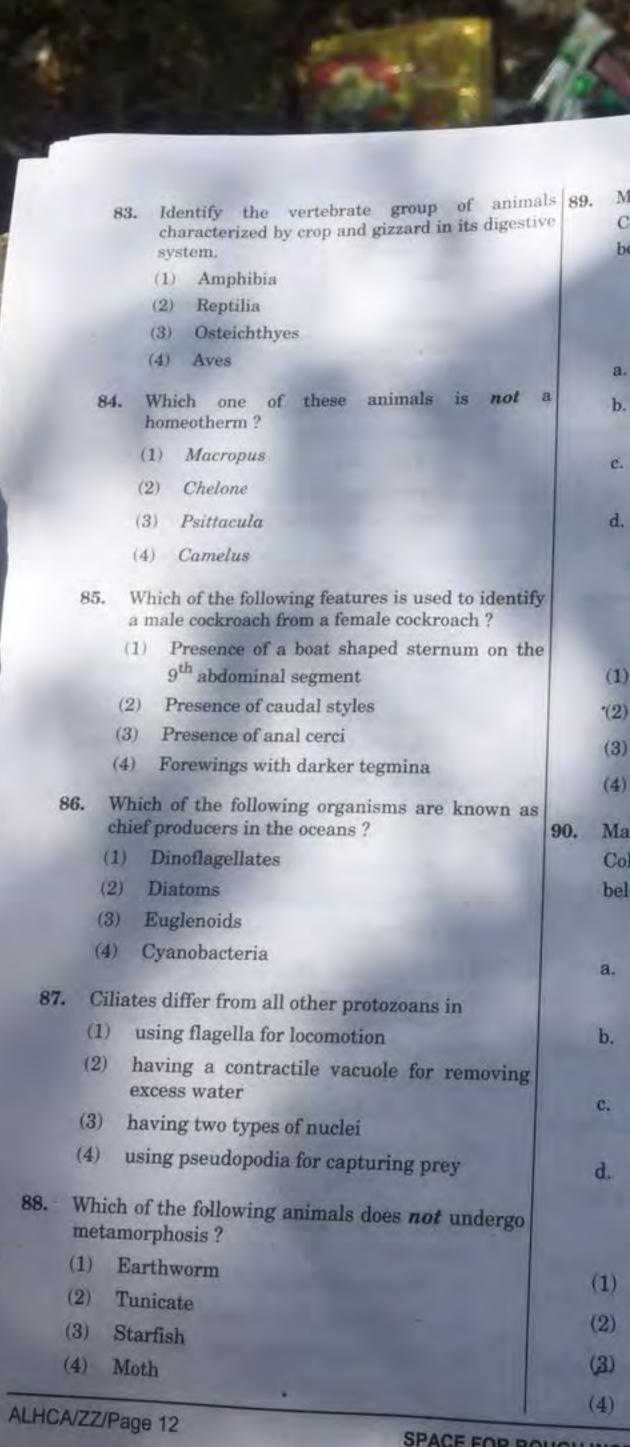
- Which of the following gastric cells indirectly 77. help in erythropoiesis?
 - Chief cells (1)
 - Mucous cells (2)
 - Parietal cells (3)
 - Goblet cells (4)
- Match the items given in Column I with those in 78. Column II and select the correct option given 74. below:

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Desc	Colui	nn I		Column II
a.	Fibrinogen		i.	Osmotic balance
	Glob		ii.	Blood clotting
b.	Albu		iii.	Defence mechanism
	а	b	c	
(1)	iii	ii	i	
(2)	i	ii	iii	
(3)	ii	iii	i	
(4)	i	iii	ii	

- Which of the following is an occupational 75. respiratory disorder?
 - Anthracis (1)
 - Silicosis (2)
 - Emphysema (3)
 - Botulism (4)
- muscle important in skeletal Calcium 76. contraction because it
 - binds to troponin to remove the masking of active sites on actin for myosin. (1)
 - activates the myosin ATPase by binding to (2)
 - prevents the formation of bonds between the myosin cross bridges and the actin (3) filament.
 - detaches the myosin head from the actin (4) filament.

- Select the incorrect match:
 - Diplotene bivalents Lampbrush chromosomes Sex chromosomes
 - Allosomes
 - Oocytes of amphibians (2)Polytene (3)
 - Submetacentric L-shaped chromososmes (4) chromosomes
 - Nissl bodies are mainly composed of
 - Proteins and lipids (1)
 - DNA and RNA (2)
 - Free ribosomes and RER (3)
 - Nucleic acids and SER (4)
 - Which of these statements is incorrect? 79.
 - Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix.
 - Glycolysis occurs in cytosol. (2)
 - Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in outer mitochondrial membrane. (3)
 - Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms. (4)
 - Which of the following events does not occur in rough endoplasmic reticulum? 80.
 - Protein folding (1)
 - Protein glycosylation (2)
 - Phospholipid synthesis (3)
 - Cleavage of signal peptide (4)
 - Many ribosomes may associate with a single mRNA to form multiple copies of a polypeptide 81. simultaneously. Such strings of ribosomes are termed as
 - Polysome
 - Polyhedral bodies (2)
 - Nucleosome (3)
 - Plastidome
 - Which of the following terms describe human 82. dentition?
 - Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont (1)
 - Thecodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont (2)
 - Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont (3)
 - Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont (4)

English

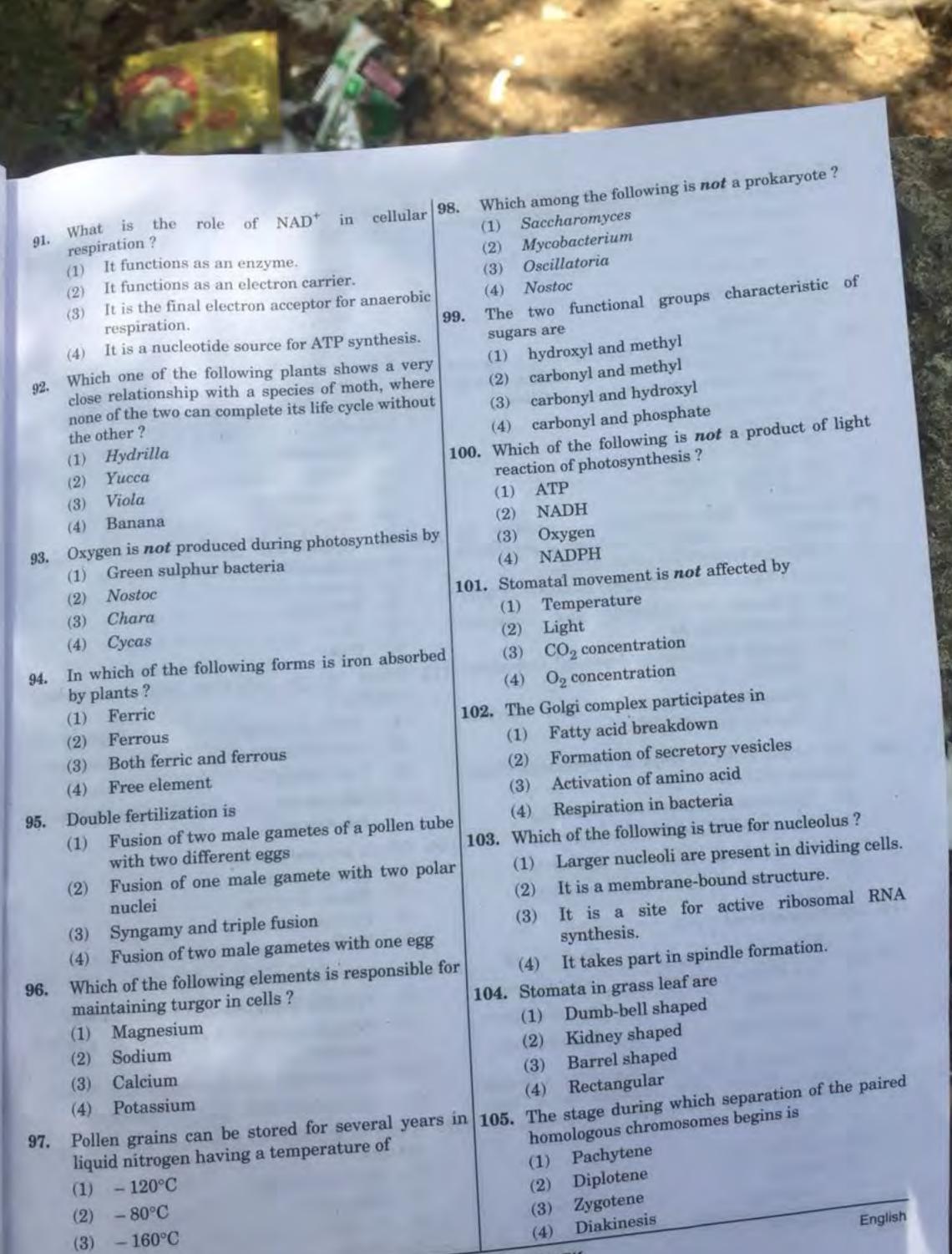


bel	ow:	I			Column II	
		umn I nction)			(Part of Excretory System)	
a.	Ultrafiltration			i.	Henle's loop	
b.	Con of u	centration	on	ii.	Ureter	
c.	Transport of urine			iii.	Urinary bladder	
d. S		age of u	rine	iv.	Malpighian corpuscle	
				v.	Proximal convoluted tubule	
	a	b	c	ć	1	
(1)	iv	v	ii	i	ii	
(2)	iv	i	ii	i	ii	
(3)	V	iv	i	i	ii	
(4)	y	iv	i	i	i	
	ımn I				lumn I with those i	
	Colu	mn I		Column II		

a.	Glyd	cosuria	i. ,	Accumulation of uric acid in joints
b.	Gout Renal calculi Glomerular nephritis		ii.	Mass of crystallised salts within the kidney
c.			iii.	Inflammation in glomeruli
d.			iv.	Presence of glucose in urine
	a	b	c	d
(1)	iii	ii	iv	i
(2)	i	ii	iii	iv
(3)	iv.	i,	iř	iii
(4)	ii	iii	î	iv
1 WOR	ok .			

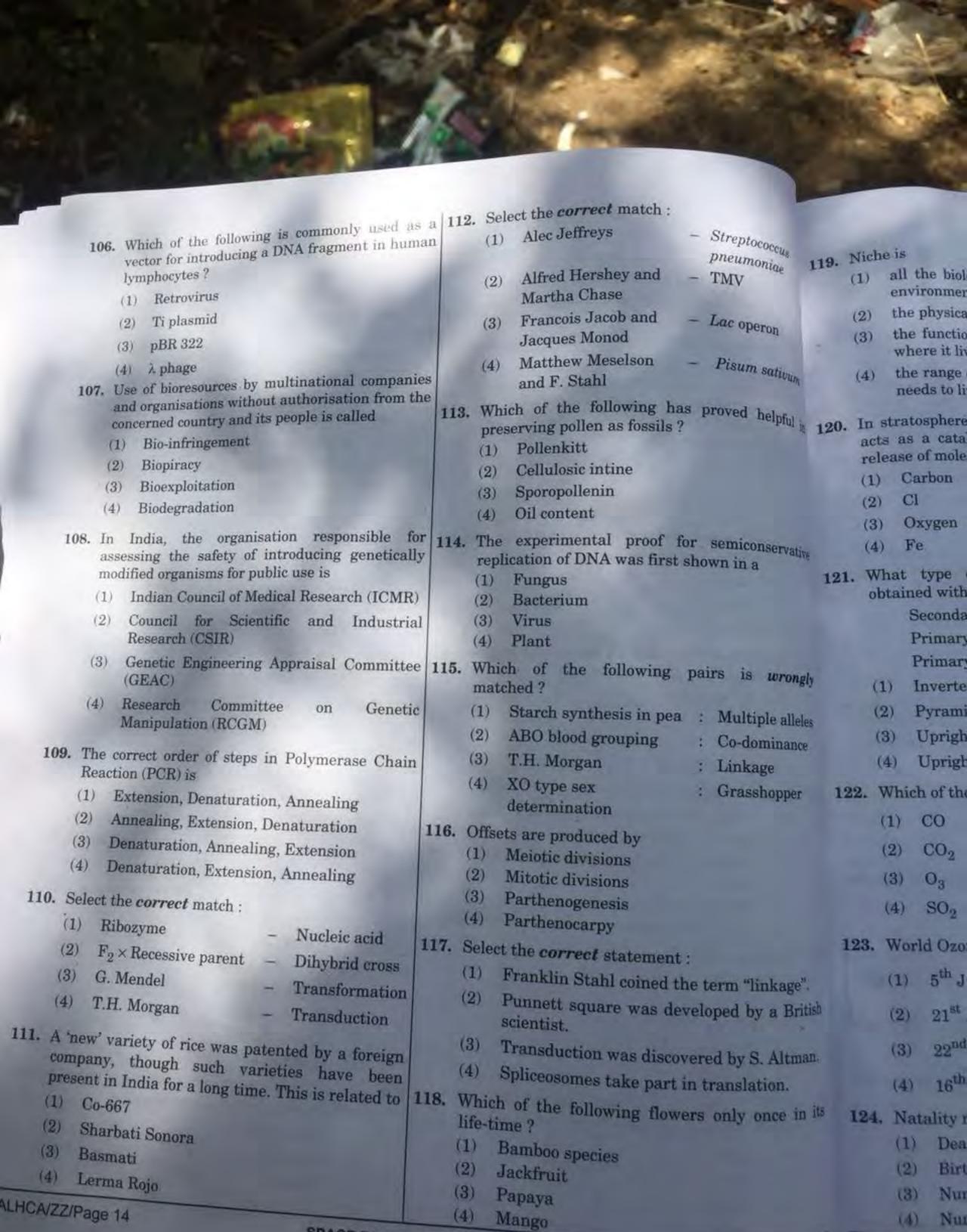
What is the 91. respiration?

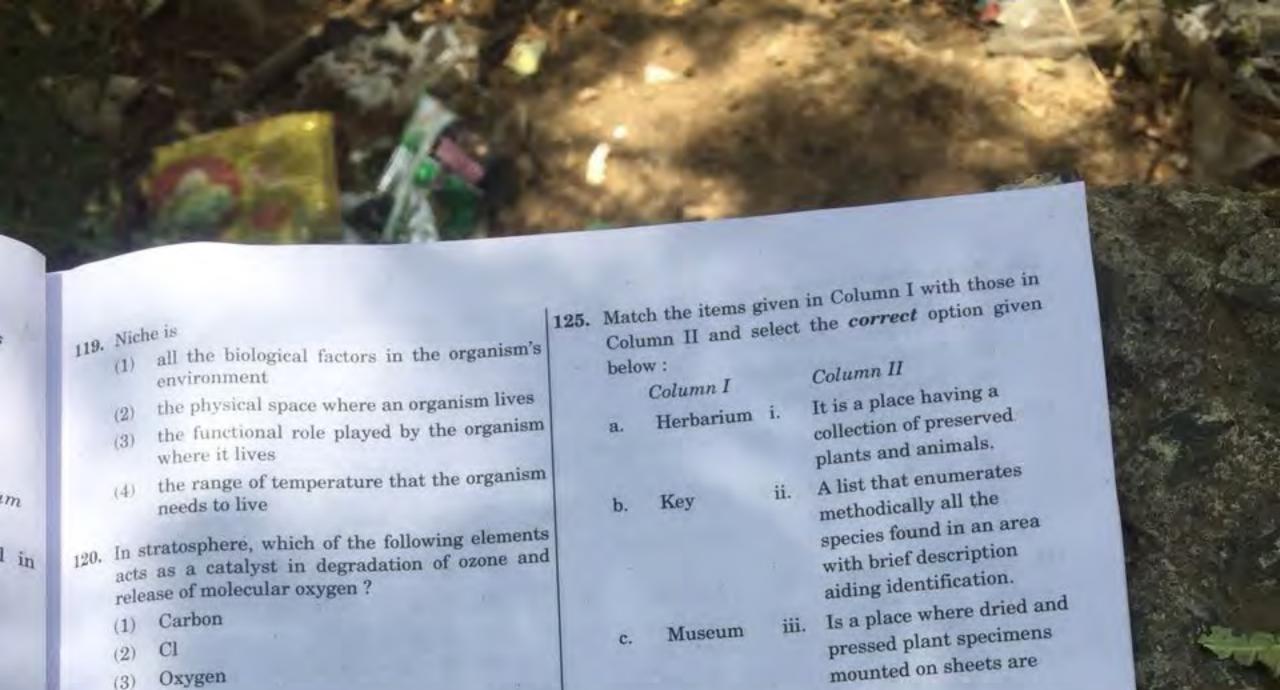
- It functions:
- It functions
- It is the fina respiration.
- It is a nucle
- Which one of th 92. close relationshi none of the two the other?
 - Hydrilla
 - Yucca
 - Viola (3)
 - Banana
- Oxygen is not 93.
 - Green su
 - Nostoc
 - Chara (3)
 - Cycas (4)
- In which of t by plants?
 - Ferric
 - Ferrous
 - Both fe
 - Free el
- Double ferti 95.
 - Fusion
 - with t (2)Fusion
 - nuclei
 - Synga
 - Fusio
 - 96. Which of the maintainii
 - (1) Magn
 - (2)Sodi
 - (3) Calc
 - (4) Pota
 - Pollen gra 97. liquid nit
 - -12
 - (2)-80
 - (3) - 16 (4)



(4)

-196°C





Fe

121. What type of ecological pyramid

obtained with the following data?

Primary consumer: 60 g

Primary producer: 10 g

Pyramid of energy

123. World Ozone Day is celebrated on

16th September

Secondary consumer: 120 g

Inverted pyramid of biomass

Upright pyramid of biomass

Upright pyramid of numbers

Which of the following is a secondary pollutant?

Number of individuals entering a habitat

Number of individuals leaving the habitat

(4)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(3)

CO

CO2

 O_3

 SO_2

(1) 5th June

(2) 21st April

(3) 22nd April

124. Natality refers to

(2)

(3)

(4)

ALHCA/ZZ/Page 15

(1) Death rate

Birth rate

122.

tive

gly

les

sh

ts

kept.

iii

Catalogue iv.

iv

ü

iv

iv

Gemma cups

produced exogenously in

Saccharomyces

128. Winged pollen grains are present in

Neurospora

Alternaria

Agaricus

Mustard

Cycas

Pinus

Mango

Which one is wrongly matched?

Uniflagellate gametes

Biflagellate zoospores

127. After karyogamy followed by meiosis, spores are

Unicellular organism

(1)

(2)

(3)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(2)

(3)

(2)

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

126.

iii

iii

A booklet containing a list

helpful in identification of

Polysiphonia

Brown algae

Marchantia

English

Chlorella

of characters and their

alternates which are

various taxa.

142 difference between amylose and amylopectin

- Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6 \alpha$ -linkage
 - Amylose have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6 \beta$ -linkage
 - Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose
 - Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and 1 → 6 β-linkage
- 148 Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is incorrect?
 - They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains.
 - They are formed from bi- and tri-functional monomers.
 - They contain strong covalent bonds in their polymer chains.
 - Examples are bakelite and melamine.
- 14. A mixture of 2.3 g formic acid and 4.5 g oxalic acid is treated with conc. H2SO4. The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets. Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be
 - 1.4 (1)

its

e

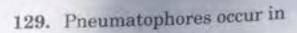
- 3.0
- 4.4 (3)
- 2.8 (4)
- 145. Which of the following oxides is most acidic in nature?
 - MgO
 - BeO
 - CaO
 - (4) BaO
- gives m-nitroaniline because
 - In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position.
 - In electrophilic substitution reactions (2)amino group is meta directive.
 - In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present (3)as anilinium ion.
 - (4) In absence of substituents nitro group always goes to m-position.

- 147. The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, and with PCl5 gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order
 - C₂H₅OH, C₂H₆, C₂H₅Cl
 - C2H5OH, C2H5Cl, C2H5ONa
 - C2H5OH, C2H5ONa, C2H5Cl
 - C2H5Cl, C2H6, C2H5OH
- 148. Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is
 - $CH \equiv CH$
 - $CH_2 = CH_2$ (2)
 - CH
 - CH3-CH3 (4)
- 149. The compound C7H8 undergoes the following reactions:

$$C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3 \text{ Cl}_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{\text{Br}_2/\text{Fe}} B \xrightarrow{\text{Zn}/\text{HCl}} C$$

The product 'C' is

- m-bromotoluene
- o-bromotoluene (2)
- p-bromotoluene
- 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene
- 146. Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also 150. Which oxide of nitrogen is not a common pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?
 - $N_{2}O_{5}$ (1)
 - NO2 (2)
 - NO (3)
 - N_2O (4)



- (1) Halophytes
- (2) Free-floating hydrophytes
- (3) Submerged hydrophytes
- (4) Carnivorous plants

130. Plants having little or no secondary growth are

- (1) Grasses
- (2) Deciduous angiosperms
- (3) Cycads
- (4) Conifers

131. Casparian strips occur in

- (1) Epidermis
- (2) Pericycle
- (3) Endodermis
- (4) Cortex

132. Secondary xylem and phloem in dicot stem are produced by

- (1) Apical meristems
- (2) Vascular cambium
- (3) Axillary meristems
- (4) Phellogen

133. Select the wrong statement:

- (1) Cell wall is present in members of Fungi and Plantae.
- (2) Mushrooms belong to Basidiomycetes.
- (3) Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell in all kingdoms except Monera.
- (4) Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding structures in Sporozoans.

134. Which of the following statements is correct?

- Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in gymnosperms.
- (2) Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia is homosporous.
- (3) Stems are usually unbranched in both Cycas and Cedrus.
- (4) Horsetails are gymnosperms.

135. Sweet potato is a modified

- (1) Stem
- (2) Adventitious root
- (3) Rhizome
- (4) Tap root

- 136. The correct order of N-compounds in decreasing order of oxidation states is
 - (1) HNO3, NO, N2, NH4CI
 - (2) HNO₃, NO, NH₄Cl, N₂
 - (3) NH₄Cl, N₂, NO, HNO₃
 - (4) HNO3, NH4Cl, NO, N2
- 137. The correct order of atomic radii in group 13 elements is
 - (1) B < Al < In < Ga < Tl
 - (2) B < Al < Ga < In < Tl
 - (3) B < Ga < Al < In < Tl
 - (4) B < Ga < Al < Tl < In
- 138. Considering Ellingham diagram, which of the following metals can be used to reduce alumina?
 - (1) Fe
 - (2) Zn
 - (3) Cu
 - (4) Mg
- 139. Which one of the following elements is unable to form MF_6^{3-} ion?
 - (1) Ga
 - (2) Al
 - (3) In
 - (4) B
- 140. Which of the following statements is not true for halogens?
 - (1) All form monobasic oxyacids.
 - (2) All are oxidizing agents.
 - (3) Chlorine has the highest electron-gain enthalpy.
 - (4) All but fluorine show positive oxidation states.
- 141. In the structure of ClF₃, the number of lone pairs of electrons on central atom 'Cl' is
 - (1) one
 - (2) two
 - (3) three
 - (4) four

143.

144.

- 151. Which of the following molecules represents the 154. In the reaction order of hybridisation sp2, sp2, sp, sp from left to right atoms?
 - $HC \equiv C C \equiv CH$
 - $CH_2 = CH C = CH$
 - (3) $CH_3 CH = CH CH_3$
 - (4) $CH_2 = CH CH = CH_2$
- 152. Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?

- 153. Which of the following is correct with respect to - I effect of the substituents ? (R = alkyl)
 - $-NH_2 < -OR < -F$
 - $-NR_2 < -OR < -F$
 - $-NR_2 > -OR > -F$
 - $-NH_2 > -OR > -F$

OH
$$+ \text{CHCl}_3 + \text{NaOH} \longrightarrow \text{O}^-\text{Na}^+$$

the electrophile involved is

- dichloromethyl cation (CHCl2) (1)
- formyl cation (CHO) (2)
- dichlorocarbene (:CCl2) (3)
- dichloromethyl anion (CHCl2)
- 155. Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehydes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their
 - formation of intramolecular H-bonding
 - formation of carboxylate ion
 - formation of intermolecular H-bonding
 - more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals force of attraction
- 156. Compound A, C8H10O, is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell.

A and Y are respectively

(1)
$$H_3C$$
 \longrightarrow CH_2 – OH and I_2

(2)
$$\bigcirc$$
 CH₂ - CH₂ - OH and I₂

(3)
$$CH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3$$
 OH and I_2

(4)
$$\sim$$
 CH – CH₃ and I₂ OH

Identify the major products P, Q and R in the 159. For the redox reaction sequence of reactions: following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Anhydrous} \\ & \text{AlCl}_3 \\ \\ \text{P} \xrightarrow{\text{(i) O}_2} & \text{Q + R} \end{array}$$

Na+

-CHO

ts than

of

ols

eir

ng

tion

boxylic

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H) and

eristic

nglish

$$(1) \begin{picture}(200) \put(0,0){\line(1,0){1000}} \put(0,0){\line(1,0$$

$$_{(2)}$$
 \bigcirc CH₂CH₂CH₃ CHO COOH \bigcirc , \bigcirc , \bigcirc

(3)
$$CH(CH_3)_2$$
 $CH_3 - CO - CH_3$

(4)
$$CH(CH_3)_2$$
 OH $CH_3CH(OH)CH_3$

158. Which of the following compounds can form a zwitterion?

- Aniline (1)
- Acetanilide (2)
- Glycine (3)
- Benzoic acid

$$MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^+ \longrightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$$

the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

	MnO_4^-	$C_2O_4^{2-}$	H ⁺
(1)	16	5	2
(2)	2	5	16
(3)	5	16	2
(4)	2	16	5

160. Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the reaction,

$$A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \Delta_r H = -X kJ$$
?

- Low temperature and high pressure
- Low temperature and low pressure (2)
- High temperature and low pressure (3)
- High temperature and high pressure (4)
- 161. When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order reaction
 - is halved (1)
 - is doubled (2)
 - remains unchanged (3)
 - is tripled (4)
- 162. The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to
 - density of the gas molecules (1)
 - volume of the gas molecules (2)
 - forces of attraction between the (3)molecules
 - electric field present between the gas (4) molecules
- 163. The bond dissociation energies of X2, Y2 and XY are in the ratio of 1:0.5:1. ΔH for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol-1. The bond dissociation energy of X2 will be
 - 200 kJ mol-1
 - 100 kJ mol-1 (2)
 - 400 kJ mol-1 (3)
 - 800 kJ mol^{-1} (4)

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

English

 2.42×10^{-3} gL⁻¹ at 298 K. The value of its

(Given molar mass of BaSO₄ = 233 g mol⁻¹)

173. Following solutions were prepared by mixing

 $60 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 40 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$

b. $55 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 45 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$

c. $75 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{5} \text{ HCl} + 25 \text{ mL } \frac{\text{M}}{5} \text{ NaOH}$

 $100 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ HCl} + 100 \text{ mL} \frac{\text{M}}{10} \text{ NaOH}$

pH of which one of them will be equal to 1?

coagulating power of an ion depend?

(3) The sign of charge on the ion alone

Size of the ion alone

The magnitude of the charge on the ion

(4) Both magnitude and sign of the charge on

Given van der Waals constant for NH3, H2, O2

and CO2 are respectively 4.17, 0.244, 1.36 and

3.59, which one of the following gases is most

different volumes of NaOH and HCl of different

solubility product (Ksp) will be

(1) $1.08 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$

(2) $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$

(4) $1.08 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$

concentrations:

alone

easily liquefied?

 NH_3

 $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$

- does not the rate pend on
- does not of
- [A] 1 does
- ne rate lepend
- zed; a zed
- water

and

- onic

- as

- (2)

(1)

- H_2
- CO_2 (3)
- 02 (4)

- rst- and 172. The solubility of BaSO₄ in water is 176. Iron carbonyl, Fe(CO)₅ is

 - mononuclear (2)
 - dinuclear (3)
 - trinuclear (4)
 - 177. The type of isomerism shown by the complex [CoCl2(en)2] is
 - Geometrical isomerism
 - Coordination isomerism (2)
 - Linkage isomerism (3)
 - Ionization isomerism (4)
 - 178. Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well?
 - CrO₄²⁻

 - (3) MnO_4^{2-}
 - MnO4
 - 179. The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex [Ni(CO)4] are
 - square planar geometry and diamagnetic (1)
 - tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic (2)
 - tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic
 - square planar geometry and paramagnetic
 - On which of the following properties does the 180. Match the metal ions given in Column I with the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the correct code:

Column I	
n.	

- Column II
- √8 B.M.
- √35 B.M. ii.
- Fe³⁺ C. Ni²⁺ d.
- √3 B.M. $\sqrt{24}$ B.M.
- iv. √15 B.M. v.
- d b c a
- ii (1) iv
- iii iv ii (2)
- ii iii (3)
- iii ii iv (4)



Read carefully the following instructions:

- 1. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 2. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 3. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 4. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 5. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 6. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 7. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.