-1 RSA algorithm OP29-Prime numbers @ n=Px2 (3) P(n) = (p-1)(2-1) Esclect Cpublic Key) chack (i) 1 Le 2 9(n) the (ii) gcd(e, 9(n))=1 3 d= e mod p(n) public Par (ein) Prevate Pr (din) Private (6) Encytion: Public Key plaintext -> m

La private key

Eg' Problem. For DSA @ consider *P=17, 8 9=11 M - 88 On=Pxq =187 (2) p(n) = (p-1) × (q-1) - 160 choose e - public key Deletin gcd (e, 160) = 1 gcd. (160,e) = 1 1272160 d=e-mod 160 -7 private kay

(din)

Scanned with CamScanner

Scanned with CamScanner

Encryption N
$$\rightarrow$$
C

 $C = M^{8} \mod n$
 $= 88^{7} \mod 187$

Hawto calculate $88^{7} \mod 187$
 $= 88^{7} \mod 187$
 $= 88^{7} \mod 187$
 $= 7744 \mod 187$
 $= 7744 \mod 187$
 $= 132$
 $= 88^{7} \mod 187 = (88)(88^{2})(88)^{7}$
 $= 894432 \mod 187$
 $= 894432 \mod 187$

Scanned with CamScanner

Daryphon:
$$C \rightarrow M$$
 $M = c^{dB} \mod n$
 $= 11^{23} \mod n$
 $= 11 \mod 187$
 $= 11$
 $= 121 \mod 187$
 $= 121$
 $= 14641 \mod 187$
 $= 121$
 $= 14641 \mod 187$
 $= 3025 \mod 187$
 $= 332 \mod 187$
 $= 33$
 $= 332 \mod 187$
 $= 332 \mod 187$
 $= 332 \mod 187$
 $= 332 \mod 187$
 $= 332 \mod 187$

Dargpton:
$$C \rightarrow M$$
 $M = c^{d\beta} \mod n$
 $= 11^{23} \mod n$
 $=$

