

Radon ← I2

i) $n \in \mathbb{N}, x_1, \dots, x_n \in \mathbb{R}, y_1, \dots, y_n \in \mathbb{R}^+ \Rightarrow \sum \frac{x_i^2}{y_i} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^2}{\sum y_i}$ ✓

Proof: $\sum \frac{x_i^2}{y_i} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^2}{\sum y_i}$

Equality Case: $\frac{x_i^2}{y_i} = c \Leftrightarrow \frac{|x_i|}{y_i} = \sqrt{c} \Rightarrow \frac{|x_i|}{y_i} = \frac{|x_j|}{y_j} = \dots$

ii) $n \in \mathbb{N}, x_1, \dots, x_n \in \mathbb{R}^+, y_1, \dots, y_n \in \mathbb{R}^+, m \geq 0 \Rightarrow \sum \frac{x_i^{m+1}}{y_i^m} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^{m+1}}{(\sum y_i)^m}$

I) $m \in \mathbb{N} \Rightarrow \sum \frac{x_i^{m+1}}{y_i^m} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^{m+1}}{(\sum y_i)^m}$

II) $m \in \mathbb{Q}$ $\left(\sum \frac{x_i^{\frac{p+q}{q}}}{y_i^{\frac{p}{q}}} \right)^q \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^{p+q}}{(\sum y_i)^p}$ $\Leftrightarrow \frac{(\sum y_i)^p}{(\sum x_i)^p} \left(\sum \frac{x_i^{\frac{p+q}{q}}}{y_i^{\frac{p}{q}}} \right)^q \geq \left(\sum \sqrt[p+q]{\frac{x_i^{p+q}}{y_i^p}} \right)^{p+q} = (\sum x_i)^{p+q}$

III) $m \in \mathbb{R}$ $f(x_1, \dots, x_n, y_1, \dots, y_n) = \sum \frac{x_i^{m+1}}{y_i^m} - \frac{(\sum x_i)^{m+1}}{(\sum y_i)^m}$, $x \in (\mathbb{R}^+)^n \Rightarrow \forall m \in \mathbb{R}^+ \Rightarrow g(m) := \sum \frac{x_i^{m+1}}{y_i^m} - \frac{(\sum x_i)^{m+1}}{(\sum y_i)^m}$

دعا: تابعی مثبت است بر \mathbb{R}^+

$\forall m \in \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow f(m) \geq 0$
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اثبات: با روشی دیگر:
 $m \in \mathbb{Q}^+ \Rightarrow \lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} q_i = r \Rightarrow \lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} (f(q_i) - f(q_i)) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow \exists \{q_i\}_{i=1}^\infty \Rightarrow \lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} q_i = r \Rightarrow \lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} (f(q_i) - f(q_i)) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow \lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} f(q_i) = f(r) \Rightarrow f(r) \geq 0$

- i) $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^+ \Rightarrow c^x$ مثبت
- ii) f و g مثبت اند
- iii) f و g مثبت اند

IV) Radon: $\forall n \in \mathbb{N}, x_1, \dots, x_n \in \mathbb{R}^+, y_1, \dots, y_n \in \mathbb{R}^+, m \geq 0, p \neq 1$

$\Rightarrow \sum \frac{x_i^{m+p}}{y_i^m} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i y_i^{\frac{p-1}{p}})^{m+p}}{(\sum y_i^p)^{\frac{m+p}{p}}}$

Corollary I: Hölder \leftrightarrow Bernoulli \leftrightarrow Radon \leftrightarrow ...

Jensen Proof: $U_n(p) = \sum x_i y_i^{p-1}, V_n(p) = \sum y_i^p$
 $\Rightarrow \sum \frac{x_i^{m+p}}{y_i^m} = V_n(p) \sum \frac{y_i^p}{V_n(p)} \left(\frac{x_i}{y_i} \right)^{m+p} \geq U_n(p)^{m+p}$
 $U_n(p)^{m+p} = \left(\sum x_i y_i^{p-1} \right)^{m+p} \geq \left(\sum x_i \right)^{m+p} \left(\sum y_i^{p-1} \right)^{m+p}$
 $\Rightarrow \sum \frac{x_i^{m+p}}{y_i^m} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^{m+p}}{(\sum y_i^p)^{\frac{m+p}{p}}}$

Bernoulli Inequality: i) $\forall r \in \mathbb{Z}^+, n \in \mathbb{R}^+ \Rightarrow (1+n)^r \geq 1+rn$, EC: $n=0, r=1$ استر
 ii) $\forall r \in \mathbb{Z}^+, n \in \mathbb{R}^+ \Rightarrow (1+n)^r \geq 1+rn$ حالت بنده استر
 iii) $\forall r \in \mathbb{R}^+, n \in \mathbb{R}^+ \Rightarrow (1+n)^r \geq 1+rn$
 iv) $\forall r \in [0,1], n \in \mathbb{R}^+ \Rightarrow (1+n)^r \leq 1+rn$ اثبات با مشتق

$\sum \frac{x_i^{m+p}}{y_i^m} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i y_i^{\frac{p-1}{p}})^{m+p}}{(\sum y_i^p)^{\frac{m+p}{p}}}$, $m = \frac{a}{c}$, $p = \frac{b}{c} \Rightarrow b \geq c$
 $\Rightarrow \sum \frac{x_i^{\frac{a+b}{c}}}{y_i^{\frac{a}{c}}} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i y_i^{\frac{b-c}{c}})^{\frac{a+b}{c}}}{(\sum y_i^{\frac{a+b-c}{c}})^{\frac{a+b}{c}}}$
 $\Leftrightarrow (\sum y_i)^{\frac{a+b-c}{c}} \left(\sum \frac{x_i^{\frac{a+b}{c}}}{y_i^{\frac{a}{c}}} \right)^c \geq (\sum x_i y_i^{\frac{b-c}{c}})^{a+b} \Rightarrow m, p \in \mathbb{Q}$

$U_n(p) = \sum x_i y_i^{p-1}, V_n(p) = \sum y_i^p$
 $\sum \frac{x_i^{m+p}}{y_i^m} \geq \frac{U_n(p)^{m+p}}{V_n(p)^{\frac{m+p}{p}}} \Leftrightarrow \sum \frac{x_i^{m+p}}{y_i^m} \frac{V_n(p)^{\frac{m+p}{p}}}{U_n(p)^{m+p}} \geq 1$
 $\sum \frac{x_i^{m+p}}{y_i^m} \frac{V_n(p)^{\frac{m+p}{p}}}{U_n(p)^{m+p}} = \sum \left(\frac{x_i}{y_i} \right)^{m+p} \frac{y_i^{\frac{m+p}{p}}}{U_n(p)^{m+p}} = \sum \frac{y_i^p}{V_n(p)} \left(\frac{x_i y_i^{\frac{p-1}{p}}}{U_n(p)} \right)^{m+p}$
 $= \sum \frac{y_i^p}{V_n(p)} \left(1 + \frac{x_i y_i^{\frac{p-1}{p}} - y_i U_n(p)}{y_i U_n(p)} \right)^{m+p} \geq \sum \frac{y_i^p}{V_n(p)} \left(1 + (m+p) \frac{x_i y_i^{\frac{p-1}{p}} - y_i U_n(p)}{y_i U_n(p)} \right)$

$1 = \sum \left(\frac{y_i^p}{V_n(p)} + (m+p) \left(\frac{y_i^{\frac{p-1}{p}} x_i}{U_n(p)} - \frac{y_i^p}{V_n(p)} \right) \right) \leq \sum \left(\frac{y_i^p}{U_n(p)} \right)^{m+p} \frac{V_n(p)^{m+p-1}}{y_i^m}$
 $= \frac{(\sum y_i^p)^{m+p-1}}{(\sum y_i^p)^{m+p-1}} + \sum \frac{y_i^p}{V_n(p)} = 1$

Corollary: $n \in \mathbb{N}, x_1, \dots, x_n \in \mathbb{R}^+, y_1, \dots, y_n \in \mathbb{R}^+, r \geq s+1$
 $\sum \frac{x_i^r}{y_i^s} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^r}{(\sum y_i)^{\frac{r}{s+1}}}$

Generalized Radon: $\forall n \geq 2, p > 0, x_1, \dots, x_n \in \mathbb{R}^+, y_1, \dots, y_n \in \mathbb{R}^+$
 $\sum \frac{x_i^{p+1}}{y_i^p} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^{p+1}}{(\sum y_i)^p} + p \frac{\sum_{i \neq j} x_i x_j (y_i + y_j)^p}{\sum y_i y_j (y_i + y_j)^p}$

Corollary: $\sum \frac{x_i^{p+1}}{y_i^p} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^{p+1}}{(\sum y_i)^p} + \frac{p}{n(n-1)} \sum \frac{(x_i + x_j)^{p+1} y_i y_j (y_i + y_j)^p}{(y_i + y_j)^p}$

Proof: $n \geq 2$
 Let i, j provide the max \Rightarrow
 $\sum \frac{x_i^{p+1}}{y_i^p} = \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{x_i^{p+1}}{y_i^p} + \left(\frac{x_i^{p+1}}{y_i^p} + \frac{x_j^{p+1}}{y_j^p} \right) \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^{p+1}}{(\sum y_i)^p} + \frac{(x_i + x_j)^{p+1}}{(y_i + y_j)^p} + (n-2) \frac{x_i x_j (y_i + y_j)^p}{y_i y_j (y_i + y_j)^p}$

$A = \sum x_i, C = x_i + x_j, D = y_i + y_j$
 $\frac{A^{p+1}}{B^p} + \frac{C^{p+1}}{D^p} \geq \frac{(A+D)^{p+1}}{(B+D)^p} \Rightarrow \sum \frac{x_i^{p+1}}{y_i^p} \geq \frac{(\sum x_i)^{p+1}}{(\sum y_i)^p} + (n-2) \frac{x_i x_j (y_i + y_j)^p}{y_i y_j (y_i + y_j)^p}$

$\frac{a^{p+1}}{b^p} + \frac{c^{p+1}}{d^p} \geq \frac{(a+c)^{p+1}}{(b+d)^p} + \frac{(ac)^p bd \left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{c}{d} \right)^2}{(b+d)^p} p$
 $\frac{a^{p+1}}{b^p} + \frac{c^{p+1}}{d^p} - \frac{(a+c)^{p+1}}{(b+d)^p} \geq \frac{p(a+b)^{p-1} (a-b)(b-a)}{(b+d)^p}$

LHS = $\frac{a(bn-ab)^p + y(a(a+b))^p - (a+b)^p (ab(a+y))^p}{a^p b^p (a+b)^p}$
 $\frac{b(bn-ay)^p - a(bn-ay)^p}{a^p b^p (a+b)^p} = \frac{b(bn-ay)^p - a(bn-ay)^p}{a^p b^p (a+b)^p}$

$\frac{n(a(bn-ay)^p - b(bn-ay)^p) - y(a(bn-ay)^p - a(bn-ay)^p)}{a^p b^p (a+b)^p} \geq \frac{a^p b^p (a+b)^p}{a^p b^p (a+b)^p}$

$\frac{a^p b^p (a+b)^p}{a^p b^p (a+b)^p} \geq \frac{a^p b^p (a+b)^p}{a^p b^p (a+b)^p}$

$\sum \frac{a^p}{b+c-a} \geq \frac{(\sum a)^p}{(\sum (b+c-a))^p} = \frac{(\sum a)^p}{(\sum a)^p} = 1$