2025-26

SYLLABUS

English

Class-X

1. Reading Skills

- Unseen passage of upto 300 words followed by questions.
- Poster based comprehension followed by questions

2. English Main Course Book

- L-1 The Happy Prince
- L-2 Where is Science Taking Us?
- L-3 Secret of Happiness
- L-4 A Gift for Christmas
- L-5 Some Glimpses of Ancient Indian Thought and Practices
- L-6 The Home Coming
- L-7 The Making of the Earth
- L-8 The Rule of the Road

3. Poems

- P-1 Character of a Happy Man
- P-2 Death the Leveller
- P-3 A Ballad of Sir Pertab Singh
- P-4 Razia, the Tigress
- P-5 Where the Mind is Without Fear

4. Supplementary Reader

- L-1 Bed Number -29
- L-2 Half A Rupee Worth
- L-3 One Thousand Dollars
- L-4 The Dying Detective
- L-5 How Much Land Does a Man Need
- L-6 Return to Air

5. Vocabulary

- 1 Pairs of words generally confused (1 to 40)
- 2 Idioms (1to 40)
- 3 One word for many (1to 40)
- 4 Common errors (All)
- 5 Common proverbs (1 to 40)

6. Grammar

- 1 Use of Determiners, Prepositions, Modals and Sentence Connectors
- 2 Use and Kinds of Non-Finites
- 3 Simple, Complex and Compound Sentences
- 4 Voice
- 5 Reported Speech
- 6 Use of Tenses
- 7 Punctuation

7. Writing Skills

- 1 Notices and Note making
- 2 Messages
- 3 Advertisements
- 4 Paragraphs
- 5 Letters (Personal, Business and Official)

8. Translation from English to Punjabi/Hindi and Translation from Punjabi/Hindi to English.

Translation from English to Punjabi or Hindi

1. Happy Prince

- 1. Why are you weeping then?
- 2. They pulled down the statue of the Happy Prince.
- 3. I am waited for in Egypt.
- 4. It is very cold here.
- 5. I have a golden bed-room.
- 6. There is not a single cloud in the sky.

- 7. Then another drop fell.
- 8. My courtiers called me the Happy Prince.
- 9. I have come to bid you good bye.
- 10. How hungry we are!

2. Where is Science Taking us?

- 1. Where is Science taking us?
- 2. This is the age of the machine.
- 3. War is the worst example.
- 4. I wish I had another hundred years.
- 5. Here Science is actually doing less than nothing.
- 6. Who is to keep them?
- 7. Science goes on raising its problems.
- 8. What is really needed in the world today?
- 9. What is Science really after?
- 10. What is its goal?

3. Secret of Happiness

- 1. He never lost his calm.
- 2. I didn't want to die.
- 3. Fear is one of man's most common enemies.
- 4. You are greater than you think.
- 5. I wanted to get out of there.
- 6. Then you will have total peace of mind.
- 7. You must do it yourself.
- 8. A fear is not unlike a ghost.
- 9. God watches over you and cares for you.
- 10. This is a problem common to us all.

4. A Gift for Christmas

- 1. Her eyes were shining brilliantly.
- 2. Tears appeared in her eyes.
- 3. Della let fall her beautiful hair.
- 4. I sold the watch to get the money to buy your combs.
- 5. Will you buy my hair?
- 6. Della finished crying.
- 7. It was a platinum watch-chain.
- 8. Jim was never late.
- 9. She found it at last.
- 10. She stopped at a shop.

5. Some Glimpses of Ancient Indian Thought and Practices

- 1. The gods approached the sage Dadhichi.
- 2. Dadhichi took no time in laying down his life.
- 3. Eat only after you've shared your meal with others.
- 4. A well-known sage named Ashtavakra was also invited to this meeting.
- 5. The entire universe is one family.
- 6. This does not belong to me.
- 7. They chose to be bricked alive.
- 8. The history of this great land is full of examples.
- 9. The people of this country believe in the unity of life.
- 10. King Janak of Maithila called a meeting of the scholars.

6. The Home-Coming

- 1. The boys were puzzled for a moment.
- 2. Phatik refused to move.
- 3. Phatik Chakravarti was the ring-leader amongst the boys of the village.
- 4. He could not bear this injustice.
- 5. The stranger asked him again.
- 6. At last Bishamber asked the police to help him.

- 7. One day Phatik lost his lesson book.
- 8. The next morning Phatik was nowhere to be seen.
- 9. Bishamber brought in a doctor.
- 10. Mother, the holidays have come.

7. The Making of the Earth

- 1. The sun and the planets with their satellites form a happy family.
- 2. At night you see thousands of stars in the sky.
- 3. The real stars are like our sun.
- 4. So the earth started to cool.
- 5. Stars twinkle, planets do not.
- 6. Can you distinguish between a planet and a star?
- 7. The moon is called a satellite of the earth.
- 8. Our earth belongs to the family of the sun.
- 9. In reality our sun itself is a star.
- 10. We think the earth is very big.

8. The Rule of the Road

- 1. You may not think so.
- 2. I'm going to walk where I like.
- 3. He was obviously a well-intentioned person.
- 4. We must be a judicious mixture of both.
- 5. The great moments of heroism and sacrifice are rare.
- 6. I hope my friend in the railway carriage will reflect on this.
- 7. You have liberty to laugh at me.
- 8. Liberty is not a personal affair only but a social contract.
- 9. We have got liberty now.
- 10. I may be as free as I like.

Translation from Punjabi/Hindi to English

1-10. Modals related

- 1. भैं ਇਹ ਸਵਾਲ ਹੱਲ ਕਰ ਸਕਦਾ ਹਾਂ । / मैं यह प्रश्न हल कर सकता हूँ ।
- 2. ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਕਿਸੇ ਚੰਗੇ ਡਾਕਟਰ ਨੂੰ ਦਿਖਾਉਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ ।/ आपको किसी अच्छे डॉक्टर को दिखाना चाहिए।
- 3. ਸਾਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਮਾਤਾ ਪਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਕਹਿਣਾ ਮੰਨਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ ।/ हमें अपने माता-पिता का कहना मानना चाहिए।
- 4. ऑन ਰਾਤ ਵਰਖਾ ਹੋ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ।/ आज रात वर्षा हो सकती है।
- 5. ਉਹ ਇੱਥੇ ਰਿਹਾ ਕਰਦਾ ਸੀ। / वह यहाँ रहा करता था।
- 6. भिਹਨਤ ਕਰੋ, ਅਜਿਹਾ ਨਾ ਹੋਵੇ ਕਿ ਫ਼ੇਲ ਹੋ ਜਾਵੋ ।/ मेहनत करो, ऐसा न हो कि फ़ेल हो जाओ।
- 7. ਸਾਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਕਰਨੀ ਚਾਹੀਦੀ ਹੈ |/ हमें अपने देश की सेवा करनी चाहिए |
- 8. ਸਭ ਨੇ ਇੱਕ ਨਾ ਇੱਕ ਦਿਨ ਮਰਨਾ ਹੀ ਹੈ |/ सबको एक न एक दिन मरना ही हੈ|
- 9. वग्न भैं भभीत ਹੁੰਦਾ |/ काश ! मैं अमीर होता |
- 10. भेरी वी भनारु वि भैं उुगडा ਅਪभार वर्ग |/ मेरी क्या मज़ाल कि मैं आपका अपमान करूँ |

11-45.Tense based

- 11. भर्मी वि्वेट धेडरे गं |/ हम क्रिकेट खेलते हैं|
- 12. भेਰੀ ਘੜੀ ਠੀਕ ਸਮਾਂ ਨਹੀਂ ਦਿੰਦੀ ਹੈ |/ मेरी घड़ी सही समय नहीं देती है |
- 13. ਧਰਤੀ ਸੂਰਜ ਦੁਆਲੇ ਘੁੰਮਦੀ ਹੈ ।/ पृथ्वी सूर्य के इर्द गिर्द घूमती है ।
- 14. ਉਹ ਕਦੋਂ ਸੌਂਦੇ ਹਨ ?/ वे कब सोते हैं ?
- 15. भैं ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖ ਰਿਹਾ ਹਾਂ ।/ मैं पत्र लिख रहा हूँ ।
- 16. भुंडे प्रॆत भर्मा तये यह |/ लड़के शोर मचा रहे हैं |
- 17. वी ਚਪੜਾਸੀ ਘੰਟੀ ਵਜਾ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?/ क्या चपड़ासी घंटी बजा रहा है ?
- 18. उुमीं ਆਪਣੀਆਂ ਕਿਤਾਬਾਂ ਕਿਉਂ ਖਰਾਬ ਕਰ ਰਹੇ ਹੋ ?/ आप अपनी किताबें क्यों खराब कर रहे हो ?
- 19. ਮੈਂ ਆਪਣਾ ਕੰਮ ਖਤਮ ਕਰ ਲਿਆ ਹੈ |/ ਸੈਂਜੇ अपना काम समाप्त कर लिया है |
- 20. ਉਸਨੇ ਇਸ ਪਾਠ ਦੀ ਦੁਹਰਾਈ ਨਹੀਂ ਕੀਤੀ ਹੈ।/ उसने इस पाठ की दोहराई नहीं की है।
- 21. वी हिंच मुंच ਹੋ ਗਈ ਹੈ ?/ क्या वर्षा ऋतु शुरू हो गई है ?
- 22. ਉਹ ਕਦੇ ਆਗਰਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ ।/ वह कभी भी आगरा नहीं गया है ।
- 23. महेत ਤੋਂ ਬੂੰਦਾ-ਬਾਂਦੀ ਹੋ ਰਹੀਂ ਹੈ ।/ सुबह से बूँदा-बाँदी हो रही है ।
- 24. भैं ਦਸ ਸਾਲ ਤੋਂ ਇਸ ਸਕੂਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੜ੍ਹਾ ਰਹੀ ਹਾਂ ।/ मैं दस वर्ष से इस स्कूल में पढ़ा रही हूँ।
- 25. वी महेत ਤੋਂ भुमਲापात हतथा ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ ?/ क्या सुबह से मूसलाधार वर्षा हो रही है ?

- 26. ਕੀ ਮਾਲੀ ਸਵੇਰ ਤੋਂ ਪੌਦਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪਾਣੀ ਨਹੀਂ ਦੇ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?/ क्या माली सुबह से पौधों को पानी नहीं दे रहा है?
- 27. भैं वॅस्नु ਆਪਣੇ ਦੋਸਤ ਦੇ ਘਰ ਗਿਆ |/ मैं कल अपने मित्र के घर गया |
- 28. ਉਹ ਕੱਲ ਬਾਜ਼ਾਰ ਨਹੀਂ ਗਏ ।/ वे कल बाज़ार नहीं गए।
- 29. वी उुमीं ਆਪਣਾ ਸਮਾਂ ਬਰਬਾਦ ਕੀਤਾ ?/ क्या आपने अपना समय बर्बाद किया ?
- 30. भर्मीं ਚਾਹ ਪੀ ਰਹੇ ਸੀ।/ हम चाय पी रहे थे।
- 31. ਉਹ व्विवेट ਨਹੀਂ ਖੇਡ ਰਹੇ ਸਨ ।/ वे क्रिकेट नहीं खेल रहे थे।
- 32. वी ਉਹ ਸਕੂਲ ਜਾ ਰਹੇ ਸਨ ?/ क्या वे स्कूल जा रहे थे ?
- 33. ਮੇਰੇ ਸਕੂਲ ਪਹੁੰਚਣ ਤੋਂ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਘੰਟੀ ਵੱਜ ਚੁੱਕੀ ਸੀ ।/ मेरे स्कूल पहुँचने से पहले घंटी बज चुकी थी।
- 34. वी डावटਰ ਦੇ ਆਉਣ ਤੋਂ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਮਰੀਜ਼ ਮਰ ਚੁੱਕਾ ਸੀ ? / क्या डॉक्टर के आने से पहले रोगी मर चुका था?
- 35. ਮੁੰਡੇ ਦੋ ਦਿਨ ਤੋਂ ਨੱਚਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੈਕਟਿਸ ਕਰ ਰਹੇ ਸਨ ।/ लड़के दो दिन से नाचने का अभ्यास कर रहे थे ।
- 36. वी ਉਹ वाढी मभें ਤੋਂ विਤਾਬ ਲਿੱਖ ਰਿਹਾ ਸੀ ?/ क्या वह काफी समय से पुस्तक लिख रहा था ?
- 37. ਉਹ ਪਤੰਗ ਉਡਾਉਣਗੇ।/ वे पतंग उड़ायेंगे।
- 38. ਕੀ ਉਹ ਕੱਲ ਸਕੂਲ ਆਉਣਗੇ ?/ क्या वे कल स्कूल आयेंगे ?
- 39. ਉਹ ਆਪਣਾ ਪਾਠ ਯਾਦ ਕਰ ਰਹੇ ਹੋਣਗੇ ।/ वे अपना पाठ याद कर रहे होंगे ।
- 40. वी उुगडे भाउा नी धाटा घटा वर्ग ਹੋਣਗे ?/ क्या तुम्हारी माता जी खाना बना रही होंगी ?
- 41. भैं ਉਦੋਂ ਤੱਕ ਸੜਕ ਪਾਰ ਕਰ ਚੁੱਕਾ ਹੋਵਾਂਗਾ |/ मैं तब तक सड़क पार कर चुका हूँगा |
- 42. वी ਉਹ ਮੇਰੇ ਤੋਂ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਸਕੂਲ ਪਹੁੰਚ ਚੁੱਕਾ ਹੋਵੇਗਾ ?/ क्या वह मुझसे पहले स्कूल पहुँच चुका होगा ?
- 43. भैं से ਘੰਟੇ ਤੋਂ ਪੜ੍ਹ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੋਵਾਂਗਾ |/ मैं दो घंटे से पढ़ रहा हूँगा |
- 44. वी ਉਹ ਜਲੰਧਰ ਵਿੱਚ 1995 ਤੋਂ ਰਹਿ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੋਵੇਗਾ ?/ क्या वह जालंधर में 1995 से रह रहा होगा ?
- 45. येघी महेत उं वॅथੜे तर्जी ये तिरा ਹੋहेता ।/ धोबी सुबह से कपड़े नहीं धो रहा होगा ।

46-60. Imperative

- 46. ਕਦੇ ਝੂਠ ਨਾ ਬੋਲੋ ।/ कभी झूठ मत बोलो।
- 47. घुनी मैनाउ उें घर्चे । बुरी संगत से बचो ।
- 48. प्रॆेंत रा भर्मा ।/ शोर मत मचाओ ।
- 49. मरा मॅच घेसे । / सदैव सत्य बोलो ।
- 50. चुॅंथ ठठे ।/ चुप रहो ।
- 51. ਉਸਨੂੰ ਬੋਲਣ ਦਿਉ |/ उसको बोलने दो |

- 52. ਮੈਨੂੰ ਜਾਣ ਦਿਉ |/ ਸੂझੇ जाने दो |
- 53. ਆਉ, ਸੈਰ ਨੂੰ ਚੱਲੀਏ ।/ आओ] सैर के लिए चलें।
- 54. ਆਓ पुॅंਪे ਬੈਠੀਏ |/ आओ] धूप में बैठें |
- 55. भेवे ਲਈ ਪਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਗਲਾਸ ਮੰਗਵਾਓ।/ मेरे लिए पानी का गिलास मँगवाओ।
- 56. ਆਪਣਾ ਸਮਾਂ ਬਰਬਾਦ ਨਾ ਕਰੋ |/ अपना समय बर्बाद न करें |
- 57. ਮੇਰੀ ਗੱਲ ਸੁਣੋ |/ ਸੇरੀ बात सुनो |
- 58. घवराम ता वर्ते ।/ बकवास मत करो ।
- 59. ਇਹ ਪੱਤਰ ਡਾਕ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਾ ਦਿਉ ।/ यह पत्र डाक में डाल दो।
- 60. ਆਪਣੀਆਂ ਕਿਤਾਬਾਂ ਖੋਲੋ ।/ अपनी किताबें खोलो ।

61-70. Miscellaneous sentences

- 61. ਅੱਜ ਮੌਸਮ ਬਹੁਤ ਸੁਹਾਵਣਾ ਹੈ |/ आज मौसम बहुत सुहावना है |
- 62. ਅੱਜ ਬਹੁਤ ਗਰਮੀ ਹੈ ।/ आज बहुत गर्मी है ।
- 63. ਅੱਜ ਬਹੁਤ ਠੰਡ ਹੈ ।/ आज बहुत ठंड है ।
- 64. ਮੈਂ ਇੱਕ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਹਾਂ।/ मैं एक विद्यार्थी हूँ।
- 65. ਅੱਜ ਹਵਾ ਬੰਦ ਹੈ।/ आज हवा बंद है।
- 66. ਇਹ ਖਬਰ ਸੱਚੀ ਹੈ |/ यह खबर सच है |
- 67. ਦਿੱਲੀ ਭਾਰਤ ਦੀ ਰਾਜਧਾਨੀ ਹੈ |/ दिल्ली भारत की राजधानी है |
- 68. माडी नभाउ हिंਚ ਦਸ ਕੁੜੀਆਂ ਹਨ ।/ हमारी कक्षा में दस लड़कियाँ हैं।
- 69. ਭਾਰਤ ਤਿਓਹਾਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਧਰਤੀ ਹੈ ।/ भारत त्योहारों की भूमि है ।
- 70. भैं ਅੱਜ ठीव ਮਹਿਸੂਸ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਰ ਰਹੀ ਹਾਂ |/ मैं आज अच्छा महसूस नहीं कर रही हूँ |

71-80. Proverbs

- 71. ਹਾਥੀ ਦੇ ਦੰਦ ਖਾਣ ਦੇ ਹੋਰ ਅਤੇ ਦਿਖਾਉਣ ਦੇ ਹੋਰ ।/ हाथी के दांत खाने के और दिखाने के और ।
- 72. ने वावनसे ਹਨ,ਉਹ ਬਰਸਦੇ ਨਹੀਂ ।/ जो गरजते हैं, वो बरसते नहीं ।
- 73. ਘਰ ਦਾ ਜੋਗੀ ਜੋਗੜਾ, ਬਾਹਰ ਦਾ ਜੋਗੀ ਸਿੱਧ |/ घर का जोगी जोगड़ा बाहर का जोगी सिद्ध |
- 74. येघी ਦਾ ਕੁੱਤਾ, ਨਾ ਘਰ ਦਾ ਨਾ ਘਾਟ ਦਾ |/ धोबी का कुत्ता, न घर का न घाट का |
- 75. निਹੋ निਹਾ घीनेंेें ਉਹੋ निਹਾ ਹੀ ਕੱਟੋਗੇ |/ जैसा बोओगे ,वैसा काटोगे |
- 76. ਥੋਥਾ ਚਨਾ ਬਾਜੇ ਘਣਾ |/ थोथा चना, बाजे घना |

- 77. नैमा ਦेम़ हैमा छेम |/ जैसा देश ,वैसा भेष |
- 78. रात थवें म़ुवु ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ ।/ परोपकार घर से ही शुरू होता है ।
- 79. ਆਪਣਾ ਆਪਣਾ, ਪਰਾਇਆ ਪਰਾਇਆ |/ अपना-अपना, पराया-पराया |
- 80. चेंेें चेंें भेंमेंें बें बेंं |/ चोर-चोर मौसेरे भाई |

81-90. Idiomatic sentences

- 81. भेवे ਪਿਤਾ ਜੀ भेवे ਘਰ ਦੇ ਕਰਤਾ ਧਰਤਾ ਹਨ ।/ मेरे पिता जी मेरे घर के कर्ता-धर्ता हैं।
- 82. भेਰी घेटी भेਰीਆं ऑधां ਦਾ ਤਾਰਾ ਹੈ |/ मेरी बेटी मेरी आँखों का तारा है |
- 83. ਇਹ ਘਰ ਦੋਹਾਂ ਭਰਾਵਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਝਗੜੇ ਦੀ ਜੜ੍ਹ ਹੈ |/ यह घर दोनों भाइयों के झगड़े का कारण है |
- 84. ਉਸਦਾ ਭਾਸ਼ਣ ਪਿੰਡ ਦੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਮਝ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਹਰ ਸੀ ।/ उसका भाषण गाँव वालों की समझ से बाहर था।
- 85. ਆਪਣੇ ਕੰਮ ਨਾਲ ਮਤਲਬ ਰੱਖੋ |/ अपने काम से काम रखो |
- 86. निंਦਗी ढुँਲां ਦੀ ਸੇਜ਼ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੈ ।/ ज़िंदगी फूलों की सेज़ नहीं है ।
- 87. ਇੱਧਰ ਉੱਧਰ ਦੀਆਂ ਗੱਲਾਂ ਨਾ ਕਰੋ, ਕੰਮ ਦੀ ਗੱਲ ਕਰੋ |/ इधर-उधर की मत हांको, काम की बात करो |
- 88. ਭਾਰਤ ਦਿਨ ਦੁੱਗਣੀ ਰਾਤ ਚੌਗੂਣੀ ਤਰੱਕੀ ਕਰ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ।/ भारत दिन दुगनी रात चौगुनी उन्नति कर रहा है।
- 89. ਉਸਨੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਸੌਤੇਲੀ ਮਾਂ ਦੀ ਮੌਤ ਤੇ ਝੂਠੇ ਹੰਝੂ ਵਹਾਏ।/ उसने अपनी सौतेली माता जी की मृत्यु पर झूठे आँसू बहाए।
- 90. ਉਸਨੂੰ ਘੱਟ ਸੁਣਦਾ ਹੈ |/ उसको कम सुनाई देता है |

91-95. Interrogative

- 91. ਤਸੀਂ ਕੀ ਚਾਹੰਦੇ ਹੋ ?/ आप क्या चाहते हो ?
- 92. ਪੌਂਦਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪਾਣੀ ਕੌਣ ਦੇ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ?/ पौधों को पानी कौन दे रहा है ?
- 93. ਉਹ ਸਵੇਰ ਤੋਂ ਕਿੱਥੇ ਹੈ ?/ वह सुबह से कहाँ है ?
- 94. ਵੋਟਾਂ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਪਾਈਆਂ ਜਾਂਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ ?/ वोट कैसे डाले जाते हैं ?
- 95. उुमीं ਐਨੀ ਲੇਟ ਕਿਉਂ ਹੋ ?/ आपने आने में इतना विलंब क्यों किया ?

96-100.Exclamatory sentences

- 96. विंतें में गटे िंस्त गत ?/ कितने सुंदर दिन हैं!
- 97. घॅंं विंतां वृप्तिभाव cਹै। / बच्चा कितना होशियार है!
- 98. ਅਫਸੋਸ ਭਾਰਤ ਮੈਚ ਹਾਰ ਗਿਆ |/ खेद है कि भारत मैच हार गया |
- 99. प्नी भार नी प्रुंड महेत | / श्रीमान जी, शुभ सवेर |

100. ਉਹ ਕਿੰਨਾਂ ਮਾਸੂਮ ਲਗਦਾ ਹੈ |/ वह कितना मासूम लगता है |

LESSON 1: THE HAPPY PRINCE

| 1. The drops were coming from the of the Happy Prince | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 2. The son of the seamstress was crying because he wanted to | go to Egypt. (True/ false) |
| 3. The poor seamstress was given the by the swallow | |
| i) gold ii) sapphire iii) ruby iv) oranges | |
| 4. Who ordered to pull down the statue of the Happy Prince? | |
| i) Mayor ii) swallow iii) seamstress iv) playwright | |
| 5. The statue of Happy Prince was decorated with diamonds. (T | rue/ false) |
| 6. Who was sent to bring the two most precious things from the | e city? |
| i) Mayor ii) God iii) angel iv) match-girl | |
| 7. The man in the garret was writing a | |
| LESSON 2: WHERE IS SCIENCE | TAKING US? |
| | |
| 8. Modern drugs have decreased the average span of life of hui | man beings. (True /false) |
| 9. Machines give us more and more hours of | |
| i) hard work ii) leisure iii) life | iv) health |
| 10. Name two non-material things mentioned in the lesson. | |
| 11. According to the writer, Science is doing 'less than nothing to | for material things'.(True/ false) |
| 12. Which age group is overcrowded today? | |
| i) childhood ii) middle age group iii) upper age grou | iv) none of these |
| 13. Science has helped man to live | |
| i) forever ii) no more iii) longer | iv) a short life |
| LESSON 3: SECRET OF HAI | PPINESS |
| 14. Which illustration was used by the professor of Psychology? | |
| 15. Who declared to give sermon against fear? | |
| i) Professor of Psychology ii) Gilberton Chesterton iii) A | uthor iv) Kagawa |
| 16 values are needed in the world today. | |
| 17. The author found an elephant when he flung open the door | · (True / false) |

| 18. We should have faith that is always with us. |
|---|
| i) God ii) somebody iii) everyman iv) nobody |
| 19 in God gives us real peace of mind. |
| i) fear ii) hatred iii) faith iv) anger |
| LESSON 4: A GIFT FOR CHRISTMAS |
| 20. The signs of richness were everywhere in their house. (True/ false) |
| 21. What did Della buy for Jim as a Christmas gift? |
| i) jeans ii) set of combs iii) watch iv) watch-chain |
| 22. The proud possession of Jim was |
| i) salary ii) Della iii) gold watch iv) flat |
| 23. Who did not have enough money to buy a Christmas present? |
| i) Jim ii) Della iii) both of them iv) none of them |
| 24. Della sold her hair for dollars. |
| 25. What did Jim buy for Della as a Christmas gift? |
| i) jeans ii) set of combs iii) watch iv) watch-chain |
| |
| |
| LESSON 5: SOME GLIMPSES OF ANCIENT INDIAN THOUGHT AND PRACTICES |
| 26. Some scholars laughted at Ashtavakra's |
| i) joke ii) friend iii) luck iv) deformed body |
| 27. In ancient India, the woman was always considered a goddess.(True/ false) |
| 28. Gods went to Lord Vishnu in desperation.(True/ false) |
| 29. Who was losing in the battle between gods and demons? |
| 30. What did Lord Vishnu advise the gods to make? |
| i) an arrow ii) a sword iii) bones iv) none of these |
| 31. Shivaji bowed his head before the |
| i) man ii) woman iii) teacher iv) king |
| LESSON 6: THE HOME-COMING |

32. What was the name of Phatik's brother?

| 33. Phatik's uncle lived in |
|---|
| i) Mumbai ii) Dehradun iii) Calcutta iv) Chandigarh |
| 34. Phatik's aunt welcomed Phatik at her home. (True/ false) |
| 35. Phatik's did not like his ways. |
| i) mother ii) sister iii) student iv) neighbours |
| 36. Phatik wanted to move a from its place. |
| 37. Phatik's last words were 'mother, have come.' |
| i) friends ii) aunt and uncle iii) brother iv) holidays |
| LESSON 7: THE MAKING OF THE EARTH |
| 38. Moon is the satellite of |
| i) universe ii) oceans iii) Mars iv) Earth |
| 39. From where do the planets get light? |
| 40. The planets twinkle at night. (True/ false) |
| 41. All the hollows of the earth were filled with when it rained heavily. |
| i) dust ii) snow iii) water iv) light |
| 42. How many years did the Earth take to cool down? |
| i) thousand ii) millions iii) hundred iv) none of these |
| 43. Planets have natural satellites. (True/ false) |
| LESSON 8: THE RULE OF THE ROAD |
| 44. What is liberty? |
| i) personal affair ii) social contract iii) both of these iv) none of these |
| 45. What was the author reading during the journey? |
| 46. We should interfere in the liberty of others. (True/ false) |
| 47. The stout old lady was walking in the middle of |
| i) road ii) pavement iii) railway track iv) none of these |
| 48. The policeman at Picadilly Circus is the symbol of |
| i) liberty ii) tyranny iii) anarchy iv) none of these |
| 49. A reasonable consideration for the of others is the foundation of social conduc |
| i) duties ii) friends iii) rights iv) relatives |

POEM 1: CHARACTER OF A HAPPY MAN

| 50. A happy man envies |
|--|
| i) none ii) his friends iii) everyone iv) the rich |
| 51. A happy man obeys the rules of |
| i) traffic ii) king iii) goodness iv) government |
| 52. A happy man is afraid of death. (True/ false) |
| POEM 2: DEATH THE LEVELLER |
| 53. Ultimate fate of all human beings is |
| i) old age ii) life iii) youth iv) death |
| 54. What lives after death? |
| i) name ii) good deeds iii) fame iv) glory |
| 55. The glories of blood and state are just shadows. (True/ false) |
| |
| POEM 3: A BALLAD OF SIR PERTAB SINGH |
| 56. Sir Pertab Singh lived in House. |
| i) Red-rose ii) Black-rose iii) Rose-red iv) Rose-blood |
| 57. Sir Pertab Singh's friend was soldier. |
| i) an Indian ii) a Chinese iii) an English iv) a Pakistani |
| 58. According to the priests, Pertab Singh lost his caste forever. (True/ false) |
| POEM 4: RAZIA, the TIGRESS |
| 59. Razia, the tigress has cubs. |
| i) two ii) three iii) four iv) five |
| 60. Sheru was an expert on |
| i) hunting ii) winds iii) racing iv) aiming at birds |
| 61. Razia was not afraid of poachers. (True/ false) |
| POEM 5: WHERE THE MIND IS WITHOUT FEAR |
| 62. Everyone should have the right to education. (True/ false) |
| 63. The poet prays for a land where the is without fear. |
| i) mind ii) body iii) knowledge iv) truth |

- 64. To whom does the poet pray in this poem?
 - i) people ii) king iii) God iv) none of them

SUPPLEMENTARY READER

| LESSON 1: BED NO. 29 |
|---|
| 65. Naeem was in the hospital when the author regained his eyesight. (True/ false) |
| 66. Who did the author meet in the hospital ward? |
| i) Naeem ii) Bobby Gillian iii) Subbiah iv) Della |
| 67. The author regained his eyesight after the |
| i) first operation ii) second operation iii) third operation iv) fourth operation |
| 68. The author was a before he lost his eyesight. |
| 69. The author knew that Naeem was also blind. (True/ false) |
| 70. Naeem urged the author to re-start |
| i) dancing ii) singing iii) studying iv) painting |
| LESSON 2: HALF A RUPEE WORTH |
| 71. Subbiah was a rice merchant. (True/ false) |
| 72. Subbiah had children. |
| i) two ii) three iii) four iv) five |
| 73. Where did Subbiah's wife take the man? |
| 74. Subbiah died in a road accident. (True/ false) |
| 75. Subbiah's profit during the war. |
| i) increased ii) decreased iii) go down iv) did not change |
| 76. Subbiah was buried under the bags and died. (True/ false) |
| LESSON 3: ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS |
| 77. Robert lost the money on races. (True/ false) |
| 78. To whom did Bobby Gillian give his one thousand dollars? |
| i) Butler ii) Miss Hayden iii) lawyers iv) Miss Lotta Lauriere |
| 79. Robert Gillian offered a to Miss Lotta Lauriere. |
| 80. Robert Gillian received one million dollars from his uncle's will. (True/false) |
| 81. The blind man was selling on the walkside. |

| | i) books ii) pencils iii) pens iv) notebooks |
|-----|--|
| 82. | Who was Miss Lotta Lauriere? |
| | LESSON 4: THE DYING DETECTIVE |
| 83. | What was Watson by profession? |
| 84. | Holmes got the illness from some |
| | i) Chinese sailors ii) Indian sailors iii) English sailors iv) Russian sailors |
| 85. | Smith sent Holmes an infected sharp spring in |
| | i) a silver box ii) an ivory box iii) a golden box iv) a red box |
| 86. | Victor Smith killed Culverton Smith. (True/ false) |
| 87. | Holmes did not want Watson to touch his things. (True/ false) |
| 88. | Who was charged with the murder of his nephew? |
| | i) Mrs Hudson ii) Morton iii) Smith iv) Watson |
| | |
| | LESSON 5: HOW MUCH LAND DOES A MAN NEED? |
| 89. | The two women discussing about village and town life were |
| | i) friends ii) sisters iii) neighbours iv) enemies |
| 90. | The Bashkirs had plenty of |
| | i) cattle ii) money iii) land iv) gold |
| 91. | How much land did Pakhom manage to buy from estate owner? |
| 92. | Pakhom was a very man. |
| | i) helpful ii) greedy iii) kind iv) selfish |
| 93. | Pakhom was dead in the end. (True/ false) |
| 94. | Pakhom borrowed some money from his brother-in-law. (True/ false) |
| | LESSON 6: RETURN TO AIR |
| 95. | The boy was called |
| | a) flabby c) filthy b) sausage d) honest |
| 96. | The instructor threw a tin in the pond. (True/ false) |
| 97. | Sausage put his stamp collection in the tin. (True/ false) |
| 98. | Sausage brought a from under the water. |

99. Duck-diving means diving into water in the manner of a _____.

i) fish ii) duck iii) crocodile iv) turtle

100. Where did Sausage reach while diving?

PRESCRIBED BOOKS

- English Main Course Book for Class-X (For Intensive Study) published by Punjab School Education Board.
- English Literature Book (Supplementary Reader) For Class-X (for Extensive Study), published by Punjab School Education Board.
- A Practice Book of English Grammar and Composition for Class X, published by Punjab School Education Board