


DATA STRUCTURES & ALGORITHMS (BCSE2361)

Question 1

Not yet answered

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 Flag question

1. The number of edges from the root to the node is called _____ of the tree?


Select one:

- ☐ a. Height .
- ☐ b. Weight.
- ☒ c. Depth.

[Clear my choice](#)**Question 2**

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10. Which of the following is incorrect with respect to binary trees?


Select one:

- ☒ a. Let T be a binary tree with N nodes. Then the number of levels is at least $\text{floor}(\log(N + 1))$.
- ☐ b. Let T be a binary tree with N nodes. Then the number of levels is at least $\text{ceil}(\log(N + 1))$.
- ☐ c. Let T be a binary tree with λ levels. Then T has no more than $2\lambda - 1$ nodes.

[Clear my choice](#)**Question 3**

Not yet answered

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2. The number of edges from the node to the deepest leaf is called _____ of the tree?


Select one:

- ☐ a. Depth
- ☒ b. Height

[Clear my choice](#)**Question 4**

Not yet answered

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3. What is a full binary tree?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Each node has exactly two children

Quiz navigation

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10								

[Finish attempt ...](#)Time left **0:04:56**

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Question 4

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3. What is a full binary tree?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Each node has exactly two children
- ☒ b. Each node has exactly zero or two children.
- ☐ c. All the leaves are at the same level

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 5

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4. What is a complete binary tree?

Select one:

- ☐ a. A binary tree, which is completely filled, with the possible exception of the bottom level, which is filled from right to left.
- ☐ b. Each node has exactly zero or two children.
- ☒ c. A binary tree, which is completely filled, with the possible exception of the bottom level, which is filled from left to right.

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 6

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5. What is the average case time complexity for finding the height of the binary tree?

Select one:

- ☐ a. $h = O(n)$.
- ☐ b. $h = O(n \log n)$.
- ☐ c. $h = O(\log \log n)$.
- ☒ d. $h = O(\log n)$.

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 7

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6. Which of the following is not an advantage of trees?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Hierarchical structure



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Question 7

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6. Which of the following is not an advantage of trees?

Select one:

- ☐ a. Hierarchical structure
- ☐ b. Router algorithms
- ☐ c. Faster search
- ☒ d. Undo/Redo operations in a notepad

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 8

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7. In a full binary tree if number of internal nodes is I , then number of leaves L are?

Select one:

- ☐ a. $L = I - 1$
- ☐ b. $L = 2I - 1$
- ☒ c. $L = I + 1$
- ☐ d. $L = 2I$

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 9

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8. In a full binary tree if number of internal nodes is I , then number of nodes N are?

Select one:

- ☐ a. $N = 2I$
- ☒ b. $N = 2I + 1$
- ☐ c. $N = I + 1$
- ☐ d. $N = I - 1$

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 10

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answered9. In a full binary tree if there are L leaves, then total number of nodes N are ?

Select one:



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Flag question

- ☐ b. $L = 2^I - 1$
- ☒ c. $L = I + 1$
- ☐ d. $L = 2^I$

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 9

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8. In a full binary tree if number of internal nodes is I , then number of nodes N are?

Select one:

- ☐ a. $N = 2^I$
- ☒ b. $N = 2^I + 1$
- ☐ c. $N = I + 1$
- ☐ d. $N = I - 1$

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 10

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9. In a full binary tree if there are L leaves, then total number of nodes N are ?

Select one:

- ☒ a. $N = 2^L - 1$
- ☐ b. $N = 2^L$
- ☐ c. $N = L - 1$
- ☐ d. $N = L + 1$

[Clear my choice](#)

Finish attempt ...