

1. What will be the output of the following code snippet? `def func(a, b): return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a) print(func(30, 75))`
- a) 10
 - b) 20
 - c) 15
 - d) 0

Ans: c) 15

2. `numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22) sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0 even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)
print(type(even_numbers))`
- a) Int
 - b) Filter
 - c) List
 - d) Tuple

Ans: b) Filter

3. As what datatype are the `*args` stored, when passed into
- a) Tuple
 - b) List
 - c) Dictionary
 - d) none

Ans: a) Tuple

4. `set1 = {14, 3, 55} set2 = {82, 49, 62} set3={99,22,17} print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))`
- a) 105
 - b) 270
 - c) 0
 - d) Error

Ans: d) Error

5. What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?
- a) raise

- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

Ans: a) Raise

6. Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?
- a) time b) date c) datetime d) time

Ans: c) Datetime

7. What will be the output of the following code snippet?
- ```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```
- a) 248 b) 169 c) 208 d) 233

**Ans: c) 208**

8. Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?
- a) strptime b) strftime c) both a) and b) d) None

**Ans: a) strptime**

9. The python tuple is \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.
- a) mutable b) immutable c) unchangeable d) none

**Ans: b) immutable & c) unchangeable**

10. The \_\_\_\_ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.
- A. range() B. set() C. dictionary {} D. None of the mentioned above

**Ans: a) range()**

11. Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

- A. Del function B. Show function C. Lambda function D. None of the mentioned above

**Ans: c) Lambda Function**

12. The module Pickle is used to \_\_\_\_.

- A. Serializing Python object structure B. De-serializing Python object structure C. Both A and B D. None of the mentioned above

**Ans: c) Both A and B**

13. Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- A. set() method B. dump() method C. load() method D. None of the mentioned above

**Ans: b) dump()method**

14. Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

- A. load() B. set() method C. dump() method D. None of the mentioned above

**Ans: b) set()method**

15. A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.

- A. Alphabets B. Numbers C. Special symbols D. All of the mentioned above

**Ans: d) All of the mentioned above**

16. Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.)

```
captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant":
"Sisko", }
```

Enterprise Picard, Voyager Janeway Defiant Sisko

- a) for ship, captain in captains.items(): print(ship, captain)
- b) for ship in captains: print(ship, captains[ship])
- c) for ship in captains: print(ship, captains)
- d) both a and b

**Ans: d) Both a and b**

17. Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?

- a) captains = {dict}
- b) type(captains)
- c) captains.dict()
- d) captains = {}

**Ans: d) captains = {}**

18. Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data! Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko". Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?

- a) captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"} captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}  
captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}
- b) captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard" captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"  
captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"
- c) captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant":  
"Sisko", }
- d) None of the above

**Ans: c) captains = {  
"Enterprise": "Picard",  
"Voyager": "Janeway",  
"Defiant": "Sisko",  
}**

19. You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have: `captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", "Discovery": "unknown", }` Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

- a) `for item in captains.items(): print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")`
- b) `for ship, captain in captains.items(): print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")`
- c) `for captain, ship in captains.items(): print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")`
- d) All are correct

**Ans: b) for ship, captain in captains.items(): print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")**

20. You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary: `captains = { "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", "Defiant": "Sisko", "Discovery": "unknown", }` What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) `del captains` b) `captains.remove()` c) `del captains["Discovery"]` d) `captains["Discovery"].pop()`

**Ans: c) del captains["Discovery"]**