Case Study

14. Continuous Integration with Simple Code Analysis

- Concepts Used: Jenkins, AWS Cloud9, and SonarQube.
- **Problem Statement**: "Set up a Jenkins pipeline using AWS Cloud9 to perform a simple code analysis on a JavaScript file using SonarQube."
- Tasks:
 - Create a Jenkins job using AWS Cloud9.
 - Configure the job to integrate with SonarQube for basic code analysis.
 - Run the Jenkins job with a JavaScript file and review the analysis report.

1. Introduction

Case Study Overview: This case study focuses on setting up a Continuous Integration (CI) pipeline using Jenkins and SonarQube on an AWS EC2 instance. This setup ensures automated testing and code quality analysis during software development. Due to limitations in Cloud9 availability, we used an EC2 instance to host Jenkins and SonarQube.

Key Feature and Application: The main feature of this case study is **automating the build process** with Jenkins, combined with SonarQube for **code quality analysis**. This pipeline helps detect errors early and ensures that the code meets high standards before deployment.

Third-Year Project Integration (Optional): If applicable, explain how your third-year project relates to the case study.

The **E-Mart project** directly relates to the case study on **Continuous Integration with Simple Code Analysis** by demonstrating the practical application of **Jenkins**, **AWS Cloud9**, and **SonarQube** in a real-world e-commerce platform. In the case study, Jenkins is set up to automate code analysis using SonarQube to ensure high code quality, which mirrors the workflow in the E-Mart project for maintaining the integrity of a scalable e-commerce solution.

While the E-Mart project is a full-fledged e-commerce platform with features like **collaborative shopping** and **social impact initiatives**, integrating a **CI/CD pipeline** as outlined in the case study enhances the development process by automatically detecting code quality issues, improving reliability, and ensuring efficient deployments. This integration of automated code analysis supports the E-Mart project in ensuring that the code remains robust, secure, and well-optimized as the platform scales and incorporates new features.

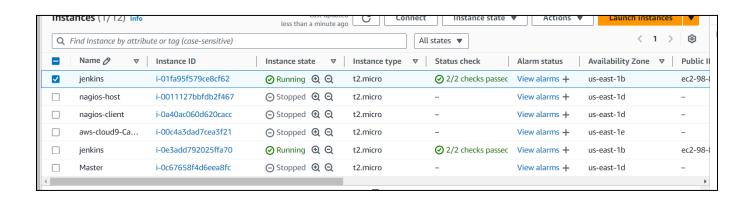
2. Step-by-Step Explanation

Step 1: Initial Setup and Configuration

- Launch AWS EC2 Instance for both jenkins and sonarqube :
 - 1. Create an AWS account if you haven't.
 - 2. Launch a t2.medium EC2 instance with Ubuntu 20.04.
 - 3. SSH into the instance using a terminal with the command

Allow the following inbound rules:

- HTTP (port 80): For accessing Jenkins.
- SSH (port 22): For secure shell access.
- Custom TCP (port 8080): For accessing Jenkins.



Step 2:Updating the system and installing essential tools

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~$ # Update system
sudo apt update
sudo apt upgrade -y

# Install essential tools
sudo apt install wget unzip curl git software-properties-common -y

# Configure swap space for better performance
sudo fallocate -1 4G /swapfile
sudo chmod 600 /swapfile
sudo mkswap /swapfile
sudo swapon /swapfile
echo '/swapfile none swap sw 0 0' | sudo tee -a /etc/fstab

# Increase system limits
sudo sh -c 'echo "* soft nofile 65536" >> /etc/security/limits.conf'
sudo sh -c 'echo "* hard nofile 65536" >> /etc/security/limits.conf'
sudo sysctl -w vm.max_map_count=262144
```

```
Processing triggers for initramts-tools (0.140ubuntul3.4)
update-initramfs: Generating /boot/initrd.img-6.8.0-1015-aws
Processing triggers for linux-image-6.8.0-1017-aws (6.8.0-1017.18~22.04.1) ...
/etc/kernel/postinst.d/initramfs-tools:
update-initramfs: Generating /boot/initrd.img-6.8.0-1017-aws
/etc/kernel/postinst.d/zz-update-grub:
Sourcing file `/etc/default/grub'
Sourcing file `/etc/default/grub.d/40-force-partuuid.cfg'
Sourcing file `/etc/default/grub.d/50-cloudimg-settings.cfg'
Sourcing file `/etc/default/grub.d/init-select.cfg'
Generating grub configuration file ...
GRUB_FORCE_PARTUUID is set, will attempt initrdless boot
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-6.8.0-1017-aws
Found initrd image: /boot/microcode.cpio /boot/initrd.img-6.8.0-1017-aws
Found linux image: /boot/vmlinuz-6.8.0-1015-aws
Found initrd image: /boot/microcode.cpio /boot/initrd.img-6.8.0-1015-aws
Warning: os-prober will not be executed to detect other bootable partitions.
Systems on them will not be added to the GRUB boot configuration.
Check GRUB DISABLE OS PROBER documentation entry.
done
Scanning processes...
Scanning linux images...
```

```
Suggested packages:
The following NEW packages will be installed:
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 1 not upgraded.
eed to get 175 kB of archives.
After this operation, 386 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates/main amd64 unzip amd64 6.0-26ubuntu3.2 [175 kB]
Fetched 175 kB in 0s (7142 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package unzip.
(Reading database ... 96376 files and directories currently installed.)
reparing to unpack .../unzip_6.0-26ubuntu3.2_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking unzip (6.0-26ubuntu3.2) ...
Setting up unzip (6.0-26ubuntu3.2)
Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...
canning processes...
Scanning linux images...
No services need to be restarted.
No containers need to be restarted.
 o user sessions are running outdated binaries
```

Step 3: Install Jenkins on EC2 (Ubuntu)

- ssh -i path/to/your-key.pem ubuntu@<your-EC2-IP>
- sudo apt update

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install jenkins -y
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Ign:4 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ InRelease
Get:5 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release [2044 B]
Get:6 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release.gpg [833 B]
Get:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease [129 kB]
Get:8 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Packages [27.9 kB]
Fetched 160 kB in 0s (359 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
```

sudo apt install fontconfig openidk-17-jre

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~$ sudo apt install openjdk-11-jdk -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
openjdk-11-jdk is already the newest version (11.0.24+8-1ubuntu3~22.04).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 1 not upgraded.
```

java -version

Add the Jenkins repository

 sudo wget -O /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc \ https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian/jenkins.io-2023.key

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~$ curl -fsSL https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io.key | sudo tee \
    /usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc > /dev/null
echo deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc] \
    https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ | sudo tee \
    /etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null
```

- echo "deb [signed-by=/usr/share/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc]" \
 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian binary/ | sudo tee \ /etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list >
 /dev/null
- sudo apt-get update
- sudo apt-get install jenkins

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~$ sudo apt update
sudo apt install jenkins -y
Hit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease
Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-updates InRelease
Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backports InRelease
Ign:4 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ InRelease
Get:5 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release [2044 B]
Get:6 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Release.gpg [833 B]
Get:7 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease [129 kB]
Get:8 https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ Packages [27.9 kB]
Fetched 160 kB in 0s (359 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
```

- sudo systemctl start jenkins
- sudo systemctl enable jenkins

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~$ sudo systemctl enable jenkins
sudo systemctl start jenkins
Synchronizing state of jenkins.service with SysV service script with /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable jenkins
```

• sudo systemctl status jenkins

```
sudo systemctl enable sonarqube
sudo systemctl start sonarqube
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo systemctl status sonarqube
sonarqube.service - SonarQube service
Loaded: loaded (/etc/system/sonarqube.service; enabled; vendor preset: enabled)
Active: active (running) since Wed 2024-10-23 10:47:57 UTC; 4min 2s ago
Process: 25965 ExecStart=/opt/sonarqube/bin/linux-x86-64/sonar.sh start (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
Main PID: 25988 (java)
Tasks: 159 (limit: 4676)
Memory: 1.86
CFU: 1min 7.512s
CGroup: /system.slice/sonarqube.service
|-25988 java -Xms8m -Xms32m --add-exports=java.base/jdk.internal.ref=ALL-UNNAMED --add-opens=java.base/java.lang=ALL-UNNAMED --add-26013 /usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-amd64/bin/java -Xx:+UseGIGC -Djava.io.tmpdir=/opt/sonarqube/temp -XX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqub>
|-26104 /usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-amd64/bin/java -Djava.awt.headless=true -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Djava.io.tmpdir=/opt/sonarqub>
|-26107 /usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-amd64/bin/java -Djava.awt.headles
```

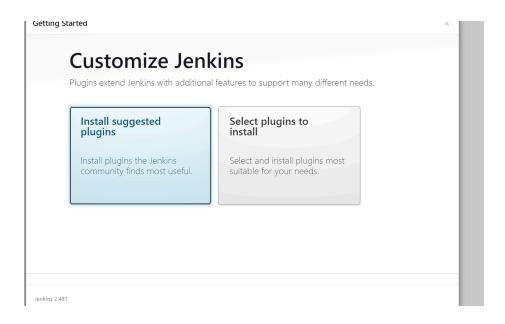
Open a browser and navigate to <a href="http://<your-EC2-IP>:8080">http://<your-EC2-IP>:8080.

Jenkins status Active



sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword to get Administrator
Password

ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~\$ sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword 007329d32a17480f82bc00dc4ae6678d



Step 3: To setup sonarqube in ec2

Install PostgreSQL

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~$ sudo apt install postgresql postgresql-contrib -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
libcommon-sense-perl libjson-perl libjson-xs-perl liblum14 libpq5 libtypes-serialiser-perl postgresql-14 postgresql-client-14
postgresql-client-common postgresql-common ssl-cert sysstat
Suggested packages:
postgresql-doc postgresql-doc-14 isag
The following NEW packages will be installed:
libcommon-sense-perl libjson-perl libjson-xs-perl liblum14 libpq5 libtypes-serialiser-perl postgresql postgresql-14 postgresql-client-14
postgresql-client-common postgresql-common postgresql-contrib ssl-cert sysstat
0 upgraded, 14 newly installed, 0 to remove and 1 not upgraded.
Need to get 42.4 MB of archives.
After this operation, 161 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammay/main amd64 libcommon-sense-perl amd64 3.75-2build1 [21.1 kB]
Get:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammay/main amd64 libtypes-serialiser-perl all 1.01-1 [11.6 kB]
Get:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammay/main amd64 libtypes-serialiser-perl all 1.01-1 [11.6 kB]
Get:5 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammay-main amd64 libtypes-serialiser-perl add64 1.14.0.0-1ubuntu1.1 [24.0 MB]
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammay-updates/main amd64 liblym14 amd64 1.14.0.0-1ubuntu0.22.04.1 [149 kB]
Get:6 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammay-updates/main amd64 liblym14 amd64 1.14.0.0-1ubuntu0.22.04.1 [149 kB]
```

Create SonarQube database and user

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~$ sudo -u postgres psql <<EOF
CREATE DATABASE sonarqube;
CREATE USER sonarqube WITH ENCRYPTED PASSWORD 'sonarqube_password';
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE sonarqube TO sonarqube;
EOF
CREATE DATABASE
CREATE ROLE
GRANT
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:~$ psq1 -U sonarqube -d sonarqube -h localhost
Password for user sonarqube:
psq1 (14.13 (Ubuntu 14.13-0ubuntu0.22.04.1))
SSL connection (protocol: TLSv1.3, cipher: TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384, bits: 256, compression: off)
Type "help" for help.
```

```
sonarqube=> \conninfo
You are connected to database "sonarqube" as user "sonarqube" on host
"localhost" (address "127.0.0.1") at port "5432".
SSL connection (protocol: TLSv1.3, cipher: TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384, bi
ts: 256, compression: off)
```

```
sonarqube=> \1
                          List of databases
          | Owner | Encoding | Collate | Ctype | Access privi
  Name
leges
            | C.UTF-8 | C.UTF-8 |
postgres | postgres | UTF8
sonarqube | postgres | UTF8
                             | C.UTF-8 | C.UTF-8 | =Tc/postgres
                             1
                                      1
                   Г
                                               | postgres=CTc/p
ostgres +
                                               | sonarqube=CTc/
postgres
                             | C.UTF-8 | C.UTF-8 | =c/postgres
template0 | postgres | UTF8
                                               | postgres=CTc/p
ostgres
template1 | postgres | UTF8
                             | C.UTF-8 | C.UTF-8 | =c/postgres
          1
                   ı
                                      1
                                               | postgres=CTc/p
```

Install SonarQube

```
sudo chown -R sonarqube:sonarqube /opt/sonarqube
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo nano /opt/sonarqube/conf/sonar.properties
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo nano /opt/sonarqube/conf/sonar.properties
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo nano /etc/systemd/system/sonarqube.service
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl enable sonarqube
sudo systemctl start sonarqube
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/sonarqube.service → /etc/systemd/system/sonarqube.service.
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo nano /opt/sonarqube/conf/sonar.properties
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo nano /etc/systemd/system/sonarqube.service
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo mkdir -p /opt/sonarqube/logs
sudo chown -R sonar:sonar /opt/sonarqube/logs
sudo chmod 755 /opt/sonarqube/logs
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl enable sonarqube
sudo systemctl start sonarqube
```

Configure SonarQube

```
GNU nano 6.2 /etc/systemd/system/sonarqube.service
[Unit]
Description=SonarQube service
After=syslog.target network.target

[Service]
Type=forking
ExecStart=/opt/sonarqube/bin/linux-x86-64/sonar.sh start
ExecStop=/opt/sonarqube/bin/linux-x86-64/sonar.sh stop
User=sonarqube
Group=sonarqube
Restart=always

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

Check for sonarqube status, here we see the sonarqube status as running

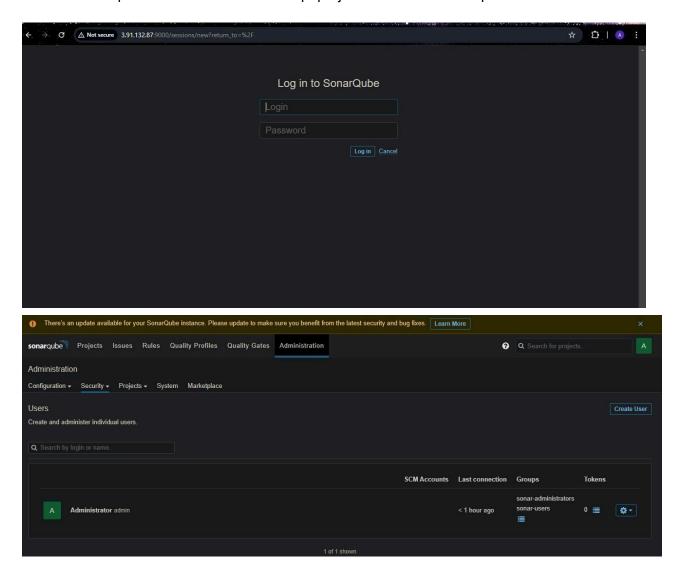
```
sudo systemctl enable sonarqube
sudo systemctl start sonarqube
ubuntu@ip-172-31-90-110:/opt$ sudo systemctl status sonarqube
sonarqube.service - Sonarqube service (running) since Wed 2024-10-23 10:47:57 UTC; 4min 2s ago
Process: 25965 Execdstart=/opt/sonarqube/bin/linux-x86-64/sonar.sh start (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
Main PID: 25988 (java)

Tasks: 159 (limit: 4676)
Memory: 1.86

CPU: lmin 7.512s

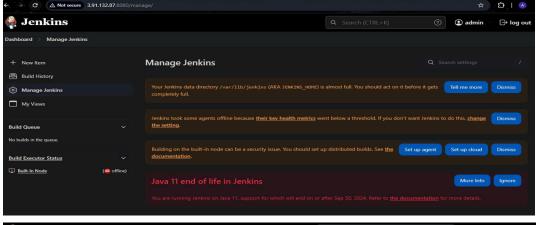
CGroup: /system.slice/sonarqube.service
|-25988 java -Xms8m -Xmx32m --add-exports=java.base/jdk.internal.ref=ALL-UNNAMED --add-opens=java.base/java.lang=ALL-UNNAMED --ad>
|-26013 /usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-amd64/bin/java -Djava.io.tmpdir=/opt/sonarqube/temp -XX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/sonarqube/temp-/xX:ErrorFile=/opt/son
```

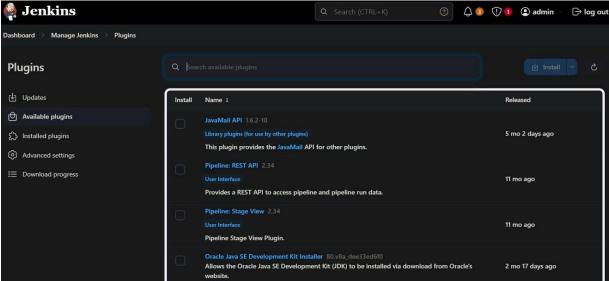
Now go to the sonarqube website and login with credentials as admin and admin for both username and password. Create a JavaScript project called as Javascript-Test



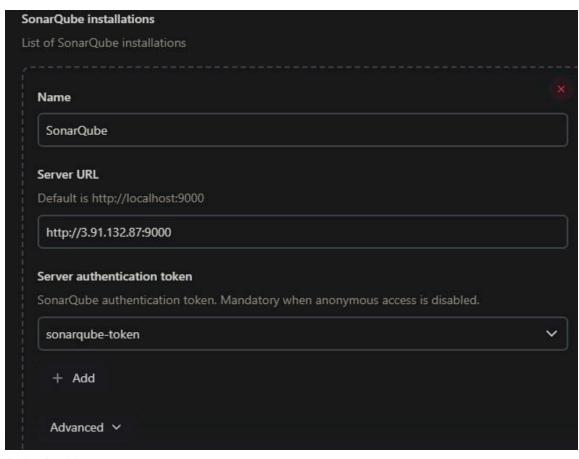
Step 4: Integrate Jenkins with SonarQube

- 1. Install SonarQube Scanner Plugin in Jenkins:
 - o Go to Manage Jenkins → Manage Plugins.





- Search for SonarQube Scanner and install it.
- 2. Configure SonarQube Server in Jenkins:
 - Go to Manage Jenkins → Configure System.
 - Find the SonarQube servers section and click Add SonarQube.
 - Enter:
 - Name: SonarQube
 - **Server URL**: http://<your-local-IP>:9000 (use your local machine's IP, not localhost).
 - Server authentication token: Generate a token in SonarQube by going to My Account → Security → Generate Tokens.

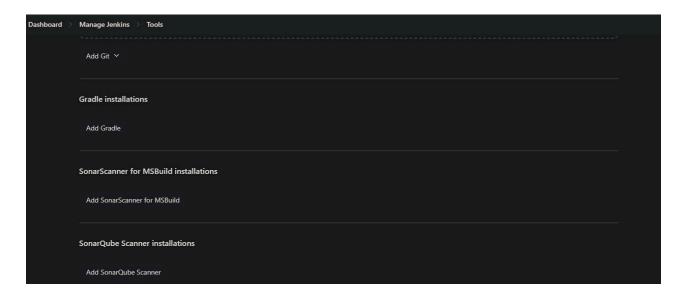


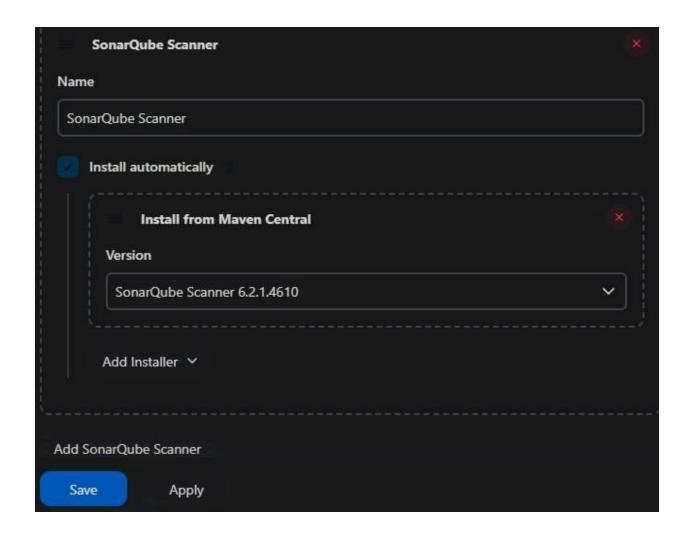
3. Add Credentials in Jenkins:

- o Go to Manage Jenkins → Manage Credentials → Add a new credential.
- Add your SonarQube token as a Secret Text credential.

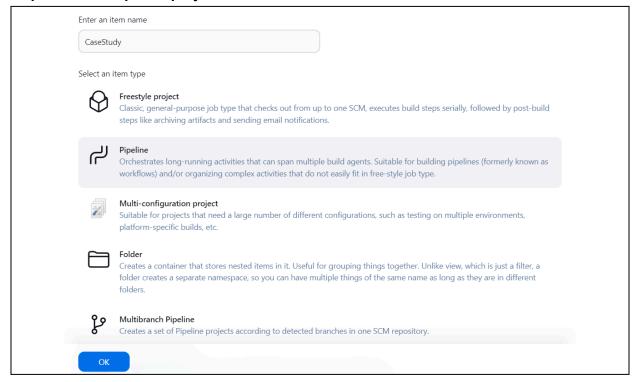


4. Set sonarqube Scanner Manage Jenkins → Tools





Step 5: Create Pipeline project



Pipeline code:

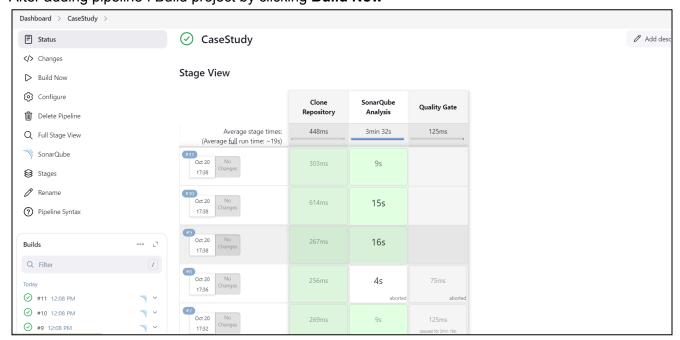
```
steps {
          withSonarQubeEnv('SonarQube') {
            sh """
/var/lib/jenkins/tools/hudson.plugins.sonar.SonarRunnerInstallation/SonarScanner/bin/sonar-sca
nner \
               -Dsonar.projectKey=test-project \
               -Dsonar.projectName='Test Project' \
               -Dsonar.sources=/home/ubuntu/test-project \
               -Dsonar.host.url=http://3.91.132.87:9000 \
               -Dsonar.login=squ 5666dac44e95402542731ba9143cee79b4cb64a5 \
               -Dsonar.sourceEncoding=UTF-8 \
               -Dsonar.javascript.node.path=/usr/bin/node \
               -Dsonar.javascript.node.maxspace=2048
         }
       }
    }
  }
}
JS Code-
// Global variables - multiple bad practices
var globalVar = "I am global";
var anotherGlobal = "Also global";
var unused global = "Never used"; // Unused variable
// Function with multiple issues: unused params, variables, and complex nesting
function badFunction(unusedParam1, unusedParam2) {
  var unusedVar = "never used";
  var x = 1;
  x = x; // Self assignment
  if (true) {
     console.log("Always true");
     while (true) { // Infinite loop
       if (x > 0) break;
  } else {
     console.log("Unreachable code");
  return; // Unnecessary return
}
```

```
// Duplicate code blocks with slight variations
function duplicate1() {
  console.log("Start");
  for(var i = 0; i < 10; i++) { // Using var instead of let
     console.log(i);
     console.log(i * 2);
     console.log(i * 3);
     if(i == 5) continue; // Unnecessary continue
  }
  console.log("End");
}
function duplicate2() {
  console.log("Begin");
  for(var i = 0; i < 10; i++) { // Using var instead of let
     console.log(i);
     console.log(i * 2);
     console.log(i * 3);
     if(i == 6) continue; // Unnecessary continue
  }
  console.log("Finish");
}
// Multiple security issues
function securityRisk(input) {
  eval(input); // Never use eval
  new Function(input)(); // Another dangerous eval-like construct
  document.write(input); // XSS vulnerability
}
// Extremely complex function with high cognitive complexity
function complexFunction(a, b, c) {
  let result = 0;
  if (a > 0) {
     if (b > 0) {
        if (c > 0) {
          while (a > 0) {
             for (let i = 0; i < b; i++) {
                if (c > i) {
                   result += a + b + c;
                } else {
                   result += a + b;
             }
```

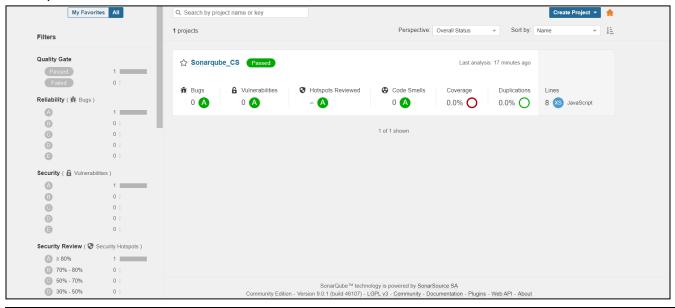
```
a--;
          }
       } else {
          result = a + b;
     } else {
       if (c > 0) {
          result = a + c;
       } else {
          result = a;
       }
     }
  }
  return result;
}
// Multiple variable shadowing issues
function shadowingIssue() {
  let x = 5;
  let y = 10;
     let x = 10; // Shadows outer x
       let x = 15; // Shadows again
       let y = 20; // Shadows outer y
       console.log(x, y);
     }
  }
  return x;
// Multiple empty catch blocks and undefined variables
try {
  undefinedFunction(); // Calling undefined function
  nonExistentVariable.property; // Accessing undefined variable
} catch(e) {
  // Empty catch block
}
try {
  riskyOperation(); // Another undefined function
} catch(e) {
  // Another empty catch block
}
```

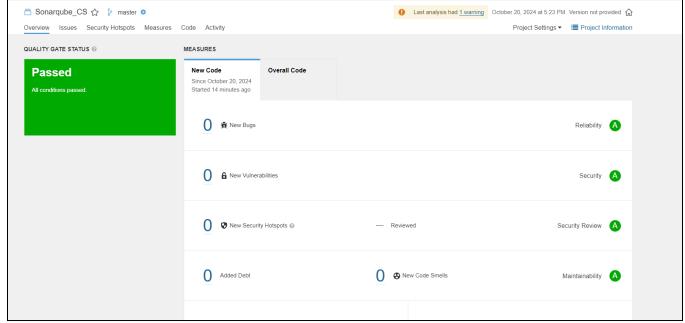
```
// Magic numbers throughout function
function calculateTotal(quantity) {
  const basePrice = 24.99; // Magic number
  const taxRate = 1.08; // Magic number
  const discount = 0.15; // Magic number
  return quantity * taxRate * basePrice * (1 - discount) + 4.99; // More magic numbers
}
// Function with too many parameters
function tooManyParams(a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j) {
  return a + b + c + d + e + f + g + h + i + j;
}
// Multiple calls to problematic functions
badFunction("unused1", "unused2");
duplicate1();
duplicate2();
securityRisk("alert('xss')");
complexFunction(1, 2, 3);
shadowingIssue();
calculateTotal(5);
tooManyParams(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10);
```

After adding pipeline: Build project by clicking Build Now



Sonarqube:





Conclusion:

In conclusion, this case study demonstrates the effective use of **Continuous Integration (CI)** by integrating **Jenkins**, **AWS Cloud9**, and **SonarQube** to maintain code quality in a JavaScript project. By automating code analysis, the setup ensures that potential issues like bugs, code smells, and security vulnerabilities are detected early in the development cycle, enhancing the overall reliability and maintainability of the codebase.

Through the use of **SonarQube**, developers receive continuous feedback on their code, promoting best practices and preventing the introduction of low-quality code into production. The cloud-based environment provided by **AWS Cloud9** offers flexibility and scalability, allowing for easy collaboration and rapid development, while Jenkins automates the entire process, reducing manual effort and increasing productivity.