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Kernel: SageMath 10.2
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ROLL NO: 29

EXPERIMENT NO: 04

AIM: TO FIND LINEAR COMBINATION, SPAN, AND BASIS OF A VECTOR SPACE

QUESTION: 1:- Find The Linear Span of The Set of Vectors

QUE 1B

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In [2]: V=QQ^4
    V1=vector(QQ,[1,3,6,-1])
    V2=vector(QQ,[8,3,2,1])
    V3=vector(QQ,[9,4,5,-8])
    W=V.span([V1,V2,V3])
    W
```

QUESTION:-2 - Check If The Following Set Of Vectors in Q^4 are Linearly Dependent

```
In [3]: V=QQ^4
    V1=vector(QQ,[1,-1,2,4])
    V2=vector(QQ,[-3,3,2,1])
    V3=vector(QQ,[-1,-2,6,9])
    L=[V1,V2,V3]
    V.linear_dependence(L)==[]
```

Out[3]: True

QUE 2B

```
In [4]: 
V=QQ^4
V1=vector(QQ,[1,-1,2,4])
V2=vector(QQ,[-3,3,2,1])
V3=vector(QQ,[0,0,0,0])
L=[V1,V2,V3]
V.linear_dependence(L)==[]
```

Out[4]: False

QUESTION 3

```
In [5]: 
M = Matrix([[1,3,1,3],[0,1,1,0],[-3,0,6,-1],[3,4,-2,1],[2,0,-4,-3]])
M_echelon = M.echelon_form()
basis = M_echelon.rows()
rank = M.rank()
print("Basis of the row space:", basis)
print("Dimension of the row space (Rank):", rank)
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Dimension of the row space (Rank): 3
       QUE 3B
In [6]:
        M = Matrix([[2,4,6,8],[0,1,1,0],[3,0,-6,1],[4,-2,3,-1],[2,0,-4,3]])
        M echelon = M.echelon form()
        basis = M echelon.rows()
         rank = M.rank()
        print("Basis of the row space:", basis)
        print("Dimension of the row space (Rank):", rank)
Out[6]: Basis of the row space: [(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1), (0, 0, 0, 0)]
        Dimension of the row space (Rank): 4
       QUESTION 4
In [7]:
         from sage.modules.free module element import vector
         from sage.matrix.constructor import Matrix
In [9]:
        v1 = vector([1, 2, 3])
        v2 = vector([4, 5, 6])
        v3 = vector([7, 8, 9])
        target vector = vector([10, 11, 12])
        A = Matrix([v1, v2, v3]).transpose()
        A = A.augment(target_vector, subdivide=True)
         rref = A.rref()
         if all(entry == 0 for entry in rref[-1][:-1]):
            print("The target vector is a linear combination of the given vectors.")
            print("The target vector is not a linear combination of the given vectors.")
```

Out[5]: Basis of the row space: [(1, 0, -2, 0), (0, 1, 1, 0), (0, 0, 0, 1), (0, 0, 0, 0), (0, 0, 0)]

Out[9]: The target vector is a linear combination of the given vectors.

QUE 4B

```
In [11]:
    v1 = vector([2, 3, 1])
    v2 = vector([7, 6, 3])
    v3 = vector([4, 9, 3])
    target_vector = vector([12, 13, 14])
    A = Matrix([v1, v2, v3]).transpose()
    A = A.augment(target_vector, subdivide=True)
    rref = A.rref()
    if all(entry == 0 for entry in rref[-1][:-1]):
        print("The target vector is a linear combination of the given vectors.")
    else:
        print("The target vector is not a linear combination of the given vectors.")
```

Out[11]: The target vector is not a linear combination of the given vectors.

 ${\color{blue} \textbf{CONCLUSION:-Problems on linear combination, span and basis are successfully executed} \;. \\$