Marwadi University	Marwari University Faculty of Technology	
	Department of Information and Communication Technology	
Subject: Digital Signal and Image Processing(01CT0513)	Aim: Design FIR filter with windowing method.	
Experiment No: 05	Date:	Enrollment No: 92200133030

**<u>Aim:</u>** Design FIR filter with windowing method.

## Theory:-

- The windowing method is a commonly used technique for designing FIR filters. It involves designing an ideal frequency response and then applying a window function to obtain a practical FIR filter.
- The steps involved in designing an FIR filter using the windowing method are as follows:
- Specify the desired filter specifications, such as the cutoff frequency, filter length, and window type.
- Design an ideal frequency response that meets the desired specifications.
- Apply a window function to the ideal frequency response to obtain the filter coefficients.
- Normalize the filter coefficients to ensure stability.
- There are various window functions available, such as the rectangular, Bartlett, Hann, Hamming, and Blackman windows, among others. The choice of window function depends on the desired trade-off between the main lobe width and sidelobe suppression.

#### Programm:-

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from scipy.signal import firwin, freqz
# Filter parameters
cutoff_frequency = 0.2 # Normalized cutoff frequency (0.0 to 0.5)
filter length = 31 # Number of filter taps (odd for symmetry)
# Design the FIR filter using Hanning window method
filter coefficients = firwin(filter length, cutoff=cutoff frequency, window="hann")
# Plot the impulse response of the filter
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
# Impulse response
plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
plt.stem(filter coefficients, use line collection=True)
plt.title("Impulse Response")
plt.xlabel("Sample")
plt.ylabel("Amplitude")
# Frequency response
plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
frequencies, response = freqz(filter_coefficients)
plt.plot(frequencies, 20 * np.log10(np.abs(response)))
plt.title("Frequency Response")
plt.xlabel("Frequency (Hz)")
plt.ylabel("Magnitude (dB)")
plt.grid(True)
```

# Marwari University Faculty of Technology

## **Department of Information and Communication Technology**

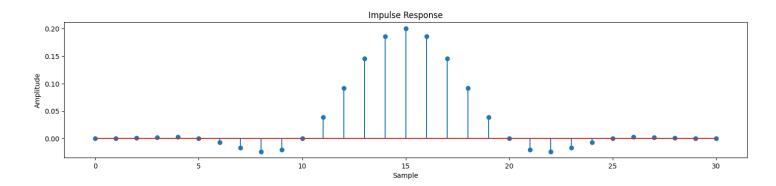
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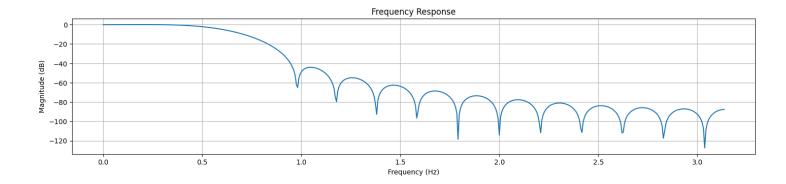
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# Final Layout and display
plt.tight\_layout()
plt.show()

## Output:-





### **Filter Coefficients:-**

5.621724098249910630e-03, -2.248408570661841743e-02, 3.372191305732654548e-02, -2.247846538775357186e-02, 5.618913938795535787e-03

- 4.000960637301628431e+00,1.000320227656443350e+00